Installation and Maintenance Guide

BCM50 2.0
Business Communications Manager

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NORTEL

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Task List

Contents

Regulatory information

For regulatory information about the BCM50 system:

- "North American regulatory information"
- "International regulatory information" on page 22

North American regulatory information

This Class A device complies with Part 68 and Part 15 of the FCC Rules and ICES-003 Class A Canadian EMI requirements. Operation is subject to the following two conditions (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment. Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines, and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

> **Caution:** Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

Do not attempt to repair this equipment. If you experience trouble, write for warranty and repair information:

USA	Canada
Nortel 640 Massman Drive Nashville, TN, USA 37210	Nortel Repair Service Centre 30 30 Norelco Drive Weston Ontario, Canada M9L 2X6

For warranty and repair service outside the USA or Canada, please contact your distributor.

Canadian Notice

The Industry Canada designation identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements as prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements document(s). The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Notice

FCC registration number: This telephone equipment complies with Part 68, Rules and Regulations, of the FCC for connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network.

Your connection to the Public Switched Telephone Network must comply with these FCC rules:

* Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the preceding conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations. See installation instructions for details.
* Use only an FCC Part 68-compliant Universal Service Order Code (USOC) network interface jack, as specified in the installation instructions, to connect to the Public Switched Telephone Network.
* If the equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of the product may be required. But if advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify you as soon as possible. You will also be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC, if you believe it is necessary.

Ringer Equivalence Number (REN)

The REN provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the RENs of all the devices does not exceed 5.

EMI/EMC (FCC Part 15)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

* Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
* Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
* Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
* Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Important safety instructions

The following safety instructions cover the installation and use of the Product. Read carefully and retain for future reference.

Installation

> **Warning:** To avoid electrical shock hazard to personnel or equipment damage observe the following precautions when installing telephone equipment:
> - Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm.
> - Never install telephone jacks in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
> - Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
>
> Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines. The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the product.

Use

When using your telephone equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce risk of fire, electric shock and injury to persons, including the following:

1 Read and understand all instructions.

2 Follow the instructions marked on the product.

3 Unplug this product (or host equipment) from the wall outlet before cleaning. Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners. Use a damp cloth for cleaning.

4 Do not use this product near water, for example, near a bath tub, wash bowl, kitchen sink, or laundry tub, in a wet basement, or near a swimming pool.

5 Do not place this product on an unstable cart, stand or table. The product may fall, causing serious damage to the product.

6 This product should never be placed near or over a radiator or heat register. This product should not be placed in a built-in installation unless proper ventilation is provided.

7 Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord. Do not locate this product where the cord will be abused by persons walking on it.

8 Do not overload wall outlets and extension cords as this can result in the risk of fire or electric shock.

9 Never spill liquid of any kind on the product.

10 To reduce the risk of electric shock do not disassemble this product, but send it to a qualified service person when some service or repair work is required.

11 Unplug this product (or host equipment) from the wall outlet and refer servicing to qualified service personnel under the following conditions:

a When the power supply cord or plug is damaged or frayed.

b If the product has been exposed to rain, water or liquid has been spilled on the product, disconnect and allow the product to dry out to see if it still operates; but do not open up the product.

c If the product housing has been damaged.

d If the product exhibits a distinct change in performance.

Caution: To eliminate the possibility of accidental damage to cords, plugs, jacks, and the telephone, do not use sharp instruments during the assembly procedures.

Warning: Do not insert the plug at the free end of the handset cord directly into a wall or baseboard jack. Such misuse can result in unsafe sound levels or possible damage to the handset.

12 Save these instructions.

Use of a music source

In accordance with U.S. Copyright Law, a license may be required from the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, or similar organization if Radio or TV broadcasts are transmitted through the Music On Hold or Background Music features of this telecommunication system.

Nortel hereby disclaims any liability arising out of the failure to obtain such a license.

Safety

Business Communications Manager 50 (BCM50) equipment meets all applicable requirements of both the CSA C22.2 No.60950 and UL 60950 Edition 3.

Danger: Risk of shock.
Read and follow installation instructions carefully.
Ensure the BCM50 is not powered and that all telephone/data cables are removed prior to opening the BCM50 unit in the field.
If installation of additional hardware and /or servicing is required, disconnect all telephone cable connections prior to unplugging the BCM50 modules.
Ensure the BCM50 is connected to a wall outlet with a third-wire protective earth connection prior to connecting any telecommunications cables to the BCM50 main unit or expansion units.

> ⛔ **Caution:** Only qualified persons should service the system.
> The installation and service of this hardware is to be performed only by service personnel having appropriate training and experience necessary to be aware of hazards to which they are exposed in performing a task and of measures to minimize the danger to themselves or other persons.
> Electrical shock hazards from the telecommunication network and AC mains are possible with this equipment. To minimize risk to service personnel and users, the BCM50 system must be connected to an outlet with a third-wire ground.
> Service personnel must be alert to the possibility of high leakage currents becoming available on metal system surfaces during power line fault events near network lines. These leakage currents normally safely flow to Protective Earth ground through the power cord. Therefore, it is mandatory that connection to an earthed outlet is performed first and removed last when cabling to the unit. Specifically, operations requiring the unit to be powered down must have the network connections (central office lines) removed first.

Enhanced 911 configuration

> ⚠ **Warning:**
> Local, state and federal requirements for Emergency 911 services support by Customer Premises Equipment vary. Consult your telecommunication service provider regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Radio-frequency interference

> ⚠ **Warning:** Equipment generates RF energy.
> This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio-frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the installation manual, it may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with ICES.003, CLASS A Canadian EMI Requirements. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference, in which case the user, at his or her own expense, will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

Telecommunication registration

BCM50 equipment meets all applicable requirements of both Industry Canada CS-03 and US Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Part 68 and has been registered under files Industry Canada 332D-5980A and FCC US: AB6KF15B20705 (key system), US: AB6MF15B20706 (hybrid system), and US: AB6PF15B23740 (PBX system). Connection of the BCM50 telephone system to the nationwide telecommunications network is made through a standard network interface jack that you can order from your local telecommunications company. This type of customer-provided equipment cannot be used on party lines or coin lines.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the preceding conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

Repairs to certified equipment should be made by an authorized maintenance facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment. Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

> **Caution:** Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician.

International regulatory information

| The CE Marking on this equipment indicates compliance with the following: This device conforms to Directive 1999/5/EC on Radio Equipment and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment as adopted by the European Parliament And Of The Council. |

This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Hereby, Nortel declares that BCM50 units, with Model No. NT9T61XX, NT9T62XX, NT9T64XX, and NT9T65XX, are in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

Information is subject to change without notice. Nortel reserves the right to make changes in design or components as progress in engineering and manufacturing may warrant. This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the European Safety requirements EN 60950 and EMC requirements EN 55022 (Class A) and EN 55024. These EMC limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial and light industrial environment.

> **Warning:**
>
> This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures. The preceding warning is inserted for regulatory reasons. If any customer believes that they have an interference problem, either because their Nortel product seems to cause interference or suffers from interference, they should contact their distributor immediately. The distributor will assist with a remedy for any problems and, if necessary, will have full support from Nortel.

Safety

⚠ **Warning:**

Only qualified service personnel may install this equipment. The instructions in this manual are intended for use by qualified service personnel only.

⚠ **Warning: Risk of shock.**

Ensure the BCM50 is unplugged from the power socket and that any telephone or network cables are unplugged before opening the BCM50.

Read and follow installation instructions carefully

⚠ **Warning: Only qualified persons should service the system.**

The installation and service of this hardware is to be performed only by service personnel having appropriate training and experience necessary to be aware of hazards to which they are exposed in performing a task and of measures to minimize the danger to themselves or other persons.

Electrical shock hazards from the telecommunication network and AC mains are possible with this equipment. To minimize risk to service personnel and users, the BCM50 system must be connected to an outlet with a third-wire Earth.

Service personnel must be alert to the possibility of high leakage currents becoming available on metal system surfaces during power line fault events near network lines. These leakage currents normally safely flow to Protective Earth through the power cord. Therefore, it is mandatory that connection to an earthed outlet is performed first and removed last when cabling to the unit. Specifically, operations requiring the unit to be powered down must have the network connections (exchange lines) removed first.

Additional safety information

The following interfaces (TNV) can be connected to the Public Switched Telephone Network in accordance with Nortel and the local carriers installation requirements:

- BCM50, CSC GATi Ports integrated (Loop Start)
- BCM50, CSC ADSL Port option
- Expansion Unit, Digital Trunk Module (T1/E1/ISDN)
- Expansion Unit, Global Analog Trunk Module 4 and 8 Port (Loop Start)
- Expansion Unit, CTM4/8 (Loop Start)
- Expansion Unit, 4x16 (Loop Start)
- Expansion Unit, G4x16, G8x16 (Loop Start)

- Expansion Unit, BRIM (ST configuration)
- Expansion Unit, ADID (Direct Inward Dial)

The following interfaces are designated as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) and cannot be connected to unprotected plant wiring.

- BCM50, CSC Page Port
- BCM50, CSC Auxiliary Ringer Port
- BCM50, CSC Music On-Hold Port.
- BCM50, CSC Relay Port
- BCM50, CSC USB Port
- BCM50, CSC Ethernet Port including optional Ethernet Hub Ports

ITU standardization compliance

The following list provides voice/data applications and telephony support for BCM50 2.0:

- G.711 and G.729AB codecs
- V.27ter, V.29, and V.17 data modem modulation supported (T.38 fax control gateway)
- G3 fax
- T512.1 (Type 1 Receiver DTMF)
- G.168
- H.323
- Q.931

Chapter 1
Getting started

About this guide

The *Installation and Maintenance Guide* describes how to install, configure, and maintain the Business Communications Manager 50 (BCM50) 2.0 systems.

The concepts, operations, and tasks described in this guide relate to the hardware of the BCM50 system. This guide provides task-based information about installing the hardware components and performing basic configuration tasks.

Use Nortel Business Element Manager, Startup Profile, and Telset Administration to configure various BCM50 parameters.

In brief, the information in this guide explains:

- installing hardware components
- starting and initializing the system
- replacing components
- testing the system

Audience

The *Installation and Maintenance Guide* is directed to installers who install, configure, and maintain BCM50 2.0 systems.

To use this guide, you must:

- be an authorized BCM50 2.0 installer or administrator within your organization
- know basic Nortel BCM50 terminology
- be knowledgeable about telephony and IP networking technology

Acronyms

The following is a list of acronyms used in this guide.

Table 1 Acronyms (Sheet 1 of 3)

Acronym	Description
ACU	Audio conference unit
AIS	Alarm indication system
APC	American Power Conversion

Table 1 Acronyms (Sheet 2 of 3)

Acronym	Description
ASM	Analog station module (analog station media bay module)
ATA	Analog terminal adapter
BCM	Business Communications Manager
BRI	Basic rate interface
BRI CNIC	Basic rate interface compact network interface card
BRIM	Basic rate interface module (basic rate interface media bay module)
CAP	Central answering position
CFA	Carrier failure alarm
CLID	Calling line identification
CNIC	Compact network interface card
CO	Central office
CSU	Channel service unit
CTM	Caller ID trunk module (caller ID trunk media bay module)
DDIM	Digital drop and insert MUX
DECT	Digital enhanced cordless telecommunications
DHCP	Dynamic host configuration protocol
DIMM	Dual in-line memory module
DMC	Digital mobility controller
DSM	Digital station module (digital station media bay module)
DSP	Digital signal processor
DSU	Data service unit
DTE	Data terminal equipment
DTM	Digital trunk module (digital trunk media bay module)
FEM	Fiber expansion module
FRU	Field replaceable unit
GASM	Global analog station module (global analog station media bay module)
GATM	Global analog trunk module (global analog trunk media bay module)
KEM	Key expansion module
KIM	Key indicator module
KRS	Keycode retrieval system (Nortel keycode retrieval system)
LAN	Local area network
LIU	Line isolation unit
MBM	Media bay module
MSC	Media services card
MWI	Message waiting indication
NIC	Network interface card
ONS	on-premise station

Table 1 Acronyms (Sheet 3 of 3)

Acronym	Description
OSI	Open switch interval
PCI	Peripheral component interface
PEC	Processor expansion card
PSTN	Public switched telephone network
PSU	Power supply unit
QoS	Quality of service
RAI	Remote alarm indication
RAID	Redundant array of independent disks
REN	Ringer equivalence number
RFO	Redundant feature option
RMS	Root mean square
RPS	Redundant power supply
SAPS	Station auxiliary power supply
SELV	Safety extra low voltage
SSD	System status display
UPS	Uninterruptable power supply
USB	Universal serial bus
VMWI	Visual message waiting indicator
VoIP	Voice over Internet protocol
WAN	Wide area network

Symbols and text conventions

These symbols highlight critical information for the BCM50 2.0 system.

Caution: Alerts you to conditions where you can damage the equipment.

Danger: Alerts you to conditions where you can get an electrical shock.

Warning: Alerts you to conditions where you can cause the system to fail or work improperly.

➡ **Note:** Alerts you to important information.

➡ **Tip:** Alerts you to additional information that can help you perform a task.

🔒 **Security Note:** Indicates a point of system security where you can change a default, or where the administrator must decide on the level of security required for the system.

⚠ **Warning:** Alerts you to ground yourself with an antistatic grounding strap before performing the maintenance procedure.

⚠ **Warning:** Alerts you to remove the BCM50 main unit and expansion unit power cords from the AC outlet before performing any maintenance procedure.

These conventions and symbols represent the Business Series Terminal display and dialpad.

Convention	Example	Used for
Word in a special font (shown in the top line of the display)	Pswd:	Command line prompts on display telephones.
Underlined word in capital letters (shown in the bottom line of a two-line display telephone)	PLAY	Display options on two-line display telephones. Press the button directly below the option on the display to proceed.
Dialpad buttons	#	Buttons you press on the dialpad to select a particular option.

These text conventions are used in this guide to indicate the information described:

Convention	Description
bold Courier text	Indicates command names, options, and text that you must enter. Example: Use the **info** command. Example: Enter **show ip** {**alerts**|**routes**}.
italic text	Indicates book titles.

Convention	Description
`plain Courier text`	Indicates command syntax and system output (for example, prompts and system messages). Example: `Set Trap Monitor Filters`
FEATURE **HOLD** **RELEASE**	Indicates that you press the button with the corresponding icon on the telephone you are using.

Related publications

This section provides a list of additional documents referred to in this guide. Two publication types are available: Technical Documents on page 29 and User Guides on page 30.

Technical Documents

System Installation

BCM50 1.0 to BCM50 2.0 Upgrade Guide (NN40020-401)

Installation Checklist and Quick Start Guide (NN40020-308)

Keycode Installation Guide (NN40010-301)

R2MFC Media Bay Module Installation and Configuration Guide (NN40010-300)

System Programming

Administration Guide (NN40020-600)

Device Configuration Guide (NN40020-300)

Networking Configuration Guide (NN40020-603)

Telset Administration Guide (NN40020-604)

Telephones and Peripherals

Telephony Device Installation Guide (NN40020-309)

Digital Mobility

DECT Deployment and Demonstration Tool

Digital Mobility System Installation and Configuration Guide (NN40010-302)

T7406 Cordless Handset Installation Guide (NN40110-300)

IP Telephony

WLAN IP Telephony Installation and Configuration Guide (NN40050-301)

Call Pilot

CallPilot Manager Set Up and Operation Guide (NN40090-300)

CallPilot Telephone Administration Guide (NN40090-500)

User Guides

There are no references to specific user guides.

How to get help

This section explains how to get help for Nortel products and services.

Getting Help from the Nortel Web site

The best way to get technical support for Nortel products is from the Nortel Technical Support Web site:

www.nortel.com/support

This site provides quick access to software, documentation, bulletins, and tools to address issues with Nortel products. More specifically, the site enables you to:

• download software, documentation, and product bulletins
• search the Technical Support Web site and the Nortel Knowledge Base for answers to technical issues
• sign up for automatic notification of new software and documentation for Nortel equipment
• open and manage technical support cases

Getting Help over the phone from a Nortel Solutions Center

If you don't find the information you require on the Nortel Technical Support Web site, and have a Nortel support contract, you can also get help over the phone from a Nortel Solutions Center.

In North America, call 1-800-4NORTEL (1-800-466-7835).

Outside North America, go to the following Web site to obtain the phone number for your region:

www.nortel.com/callus

Getting Help from a specialist by using an Express Routing Code

To access some Nortel Technical Solutions Centers, you can use an Express Routing Code (ERC) to quickly route your call to a specialist in your Nortel product or service. To locate the ERC for your product or service, go to:

www.nortel.com/erc

Getting Help through a Nortel distributor or reseller

If you purchased a service contract for your Nortel product from a distributor or authorized reseller, contact the technical support staff for that distributor or reseller.

Chapter 2
Introducing the BCM50 hardware

The Business Communications Manager 50 Release 2.0 (BCM50 2.0) provides private network and telephony management capability to small- and medium-sized businesses.

The BCM50 system:

- integrates voice and data capabilities, IP Telephony gateway functions, and data-routing features into a single telephony system
- provides telephony applications for use in a business environment

For information about the BCM50 hardware components:

- Main units on page 33
- BCM50 Expansion unit and media bay modules on page 38
- BCM50 hardware on page 48
- BCM50 components on page 50
- Field-replaceable units on page 55
- Telephones and adapters on page 56

Main units

The primary hardware component in the BCM50 2.0 system is the main unit. The six BCM50 main units are divided into two series: standard and basic rate interface (BRI). The BRI (or b) series main units include BRI ports that replace the four analog lines (on the RJ-21 telephony connector) on the standard series.

> **Note:** The generic term "main unit," used throughout this document, refers to any of the six main units (BCM50, BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50b, BCM50ba, and BCM50be) available for a BCM50 system.
> To indicate features specific to a particular variation of main unit, that variation of main unit is clearly identified (for example, BCM50ba).

- **Standard series**
  - **BCM50 main unit (with Telephony only)**
    The BCM50 main unit provides call processing and simple data networking functions. It provides connections for 12 digital telephones, 4 (PSTN) lines, 4 analog station ports, and 4 connections for auxiliary equipment (auxiliary ringer, page relay, page output, and music source). The BCM50 main unit has no router, but it has 4 LAN ports: one is the OAM port for technicians, and the other three are for basic LAN connectivity. See the figure BCM50 main unit ports and connectors on page 35.

— **BCM50a main unit (with ADSL router)**
The BCM50a main unit provides all the same core functionality as the BCM50 main unit, and it has an integrated ADSL router for advanced data applications. For detailed configuration information, see the *BCM50a Integrated Router Configuration Guide*. See the figure BCM50a main unit ports and connectors on page 35.

— **BCM50e main unit (with Ethernet router)**
The BCM50e main unit provides all the same core functionality as the BCM50 main unit, and it has an integrated Ethernet router for advanced data applications. For detailed configuration information, see the *BCM50e Integrated Router Configuration Guide*. See the figure BCM50e main unit ports and connectors on page 35.

• **BRI series (b series)—available only in EMEA and APAC regions**

— **BCM50b main unit**
The BCM50b main unit provides similar functionality to the BCM50 main unit. The difference is that the BCM50b main unit has two integrated BRI ports replacing the four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector. See the figure BCM50b main unit ports and connectors on page 36.

— **BCM50ba main unit (with ADSL router)**
The BCM50ba main unit provides similar functionality to the BCM50a main unit. The difference is that the BCM50ba main unit has two integrated BRI ports replacing the four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector. For detailed configuration information, see the *BCM50a Integrated Router Configuration Guide*. See the figure BCM50ba main unit ports and connectors on page 36.

— **BCM50be main unit (with Ethernet router)**
The BCM50be main unit provides similar functionality to the BCM50e main unit. The difference is that the BCM50be main unit has two integrated BRI ports replacing the four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector. For detailed configuration information, see the *BCM50e Integrated Router Configuration Guide*. See the figure BCM50be main unit ports and connectors on page 36.

For descriptions of the main unit ports and connectors, see the table Main unit ports/connectors and descriptions on page 37.

A main unit contains the following field-replaceable units:

• 1 programmed hard disk
• 1 cooling fan
• 1 router card (BCM50a and BCM50e only)

Figure 1   BCM50 main unit ports and connectors
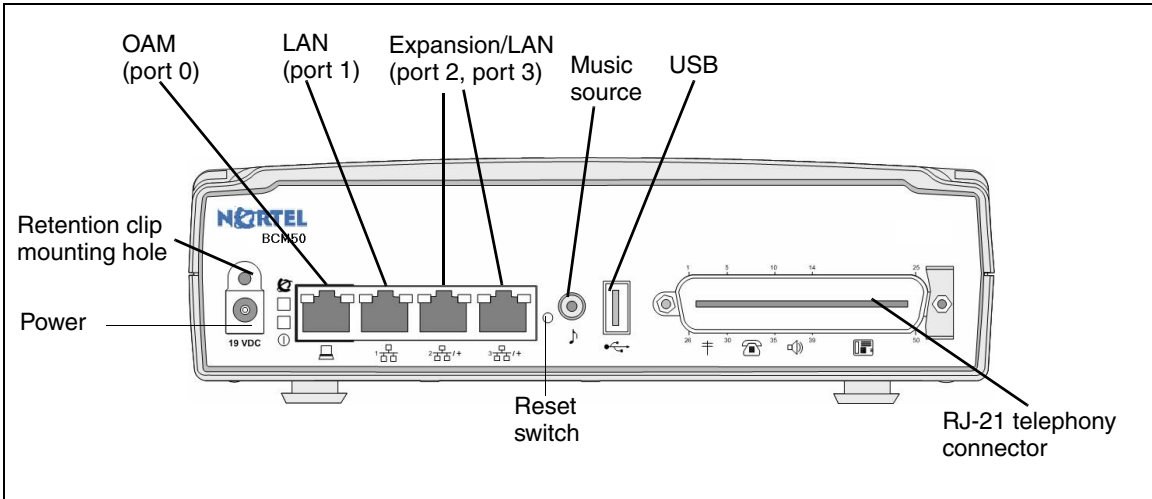
Figure 2   BCM50a main unit ports and connectors
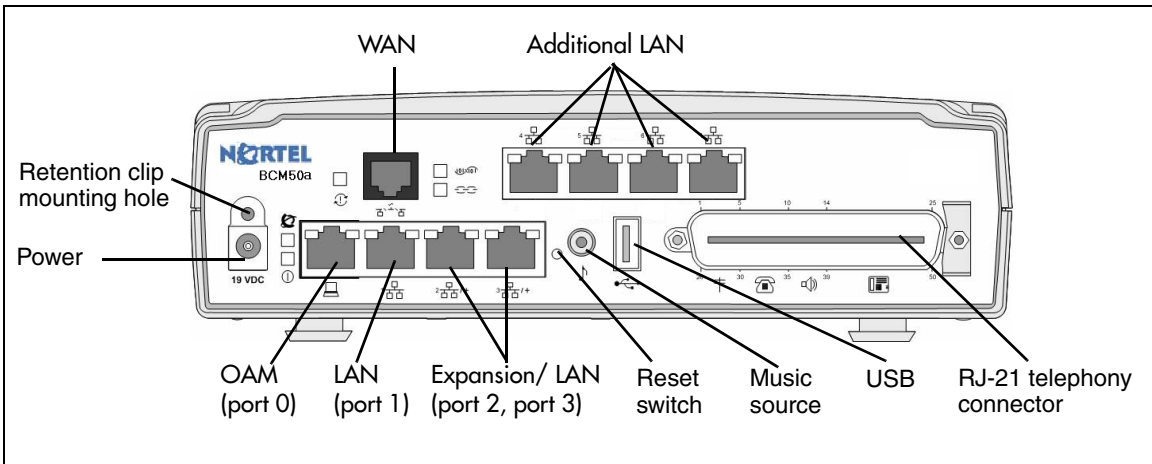
Figure 3   BCM50e main unit ports and connectors
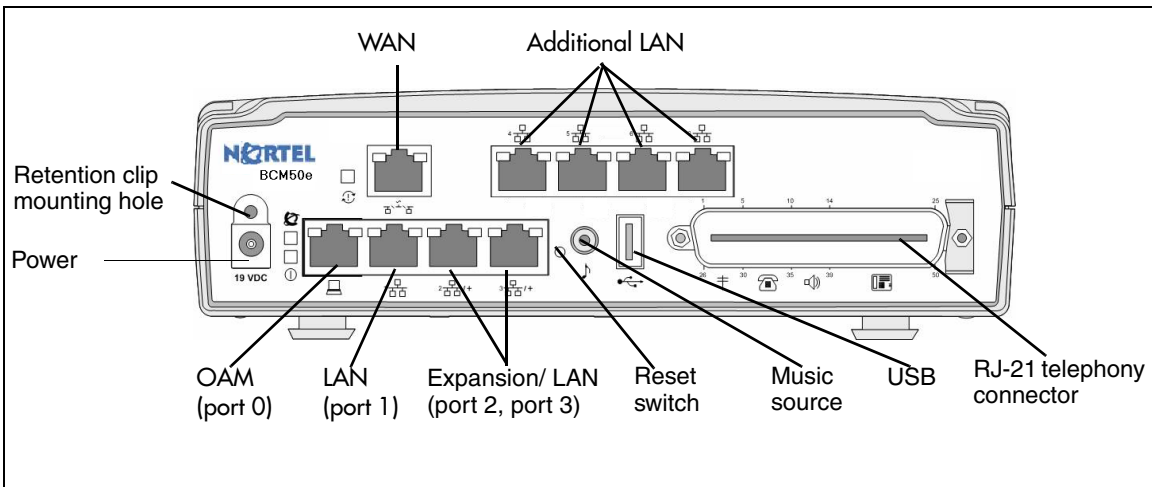
Figure 4 BCM50b main unit ports and connectors
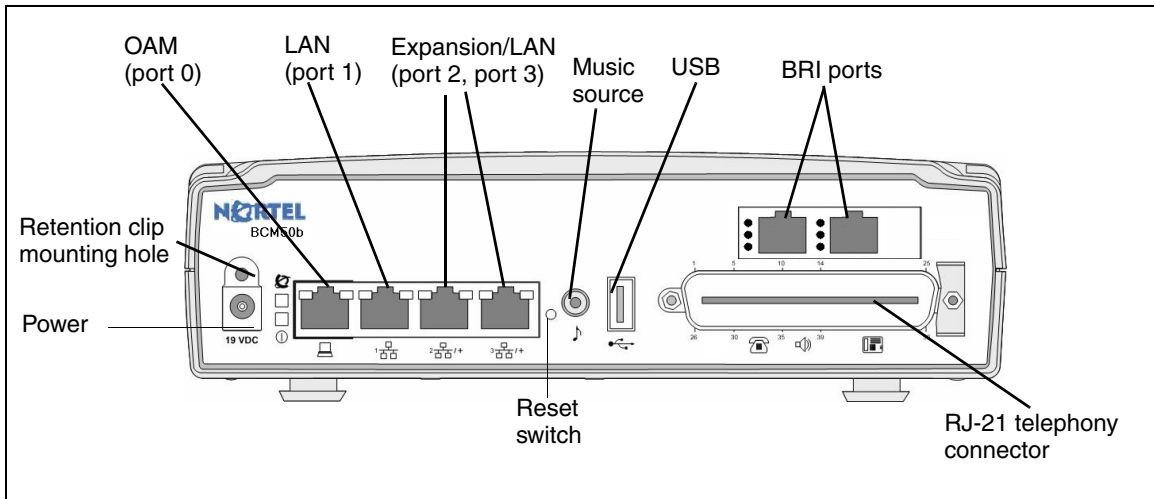
Figure 5 BCM50ba main unit ports and connectors
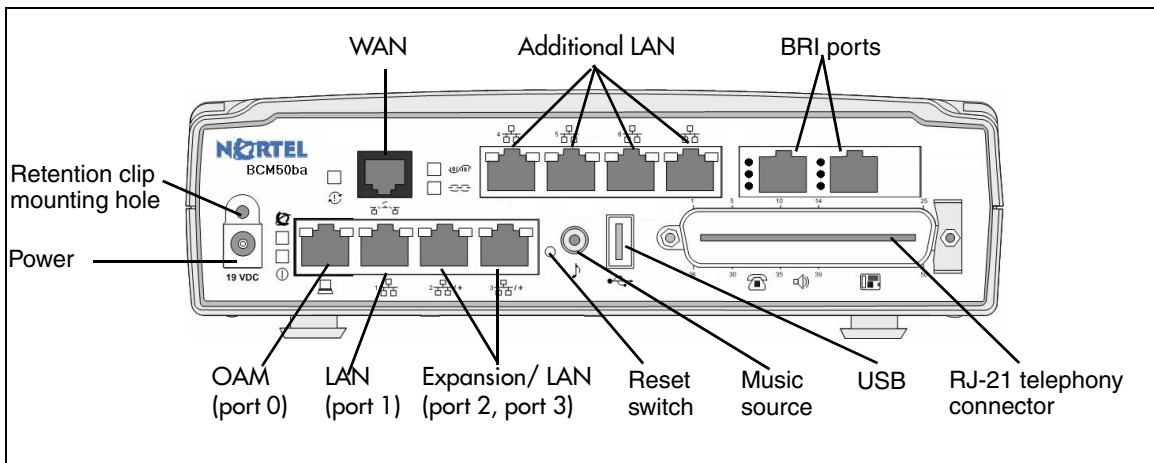
Figure 6 BCM50be main unit ports and connectors
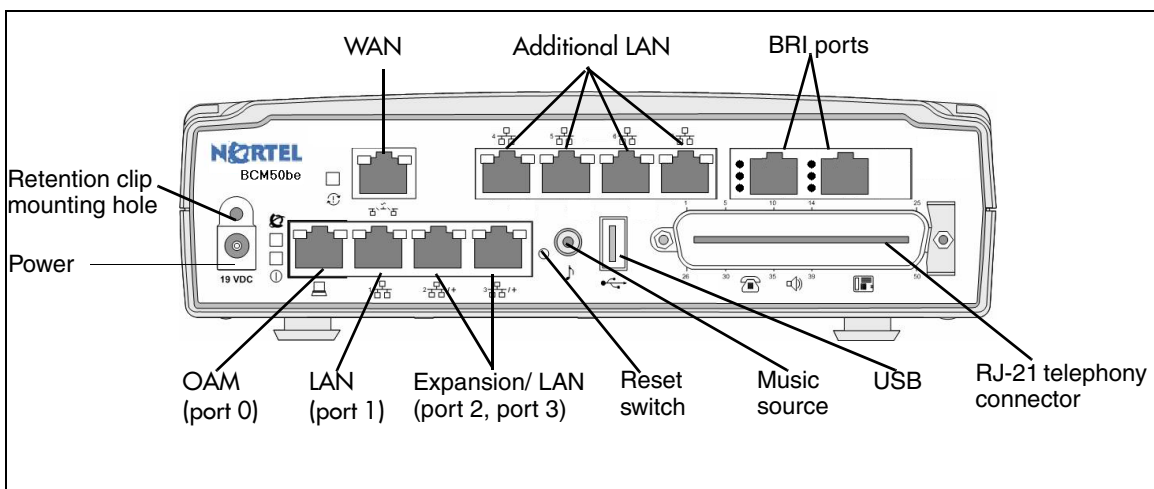
Table 1 Main unit ports/connectors and descriptions

Port/connector	Description
Power connector	A barrel connector jack used to connect the power supply to the main unit.
Retention clip mounting hole	A small hole into which you insert the retention clip. The retention clip secures the power connector to the unit.
OAM port (port 0)	An RJ-45 jack used to connect a computer running administration software, such as Element Manager, to the main unit.
LAN port (port 1)	An RJ-45 jack used to connect the customer LAN to the main unit.
Expansion/LAN ports (ports 2 and 3)	Two RJ-45 jacks used to connect the expansion units to the main unit. The expansion ports can also provide connections to the Ethernet switch internal to the main unit. If the BCM50 system has no expansion units connected to these ports, you can use the expansion/LAN ports to connect additional devices to the LAN. **Note**: Activate the feature for the expansion ports by selecting this feature when you generate your keycode. If you purchase only one expansion port feature, the expansion port on the left (port 2) is active.
WAN port (BCM50a and BCM50e only).	**For BCM50a:** An RJ-11 jack used to connect the BCM50a main unit to the ADSL line provided by your Internet service provider (ISP). **For BCM50e**: An RJ-45 jack used to connect the BCM50e to the Ethernet port of a WAN edge device (for example, an external ADSL modem or cable modem). **Note**: This port is not available on the BCM50 main unit.
Additional LAN ports (BCM50a and BCM50e only).	Four RJ-45 jacks that provide connections to the Ethernet switch in the BCM50a and BCM50e main units. You can use these ports to connect additional devices to the LAN. **Note 1**: These ports are not available on the BCM50 main unit. **Note 2**: The BCM50 Release 1 hardware has three additional LAN (RJ-45) ports.
BRI ports (BCM50b series only).	Two RJ-45 jacks that provide connections for BRI trunks from the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). On the BCM50b series main units, the four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector are not available. **Note**: The BRI ports feature is activated by selecting this feature when you generate your keycode. If you do not purchase this feature, the BRI ports are unavailable.
Reset switch	A button to activate the reset feature. Use a long thin tool to press the button. **Warning**: The reset feature erases programming information; use the feature with care.
Music source port	A phono jack used to connect a music source to the main unit. If you use this port, the music source connections on the RJ-21 telephony connector are disabled.
USB port	A USB 1.1-compatible port used to connect a USB storage device or the data interface for an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) to the main unit. The main unit uses the data interface for the UPS to monitor and control the UPS functions. To connect both a USB storage device and a UPS data interface, an industry-standard USB hub (USB 1.1-compatible) is required. **Note**: You must format the USB storage device for the FAT32 file system. If necessary, reformat the USB storage device by plugging it into a USB port on your computer, right-clicking the USB device icon, and selecting FAT32 reformatting. This destroys any data on the USB.
RJ-21 telephony connector	An RJ-21 port used to connect telephony devices to the main unit. The four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector are available only with the Standard series main units. The BRI series main units include onboard BRI ports instead of the analog lines.

> ⚠ **Warning:** External equipment connected to the auxiliary ringer, page relay, page output, and music-on-hold interfaces must use safety extra low voltage (SELV). All four interfaces are SELV, and the external equipment connected to these interfaces must be SELV. If these interfaces are not SELV, you must use external line isolation units (LIU).

BCM50 Expansion unit and media bay modules

In addition to a main unit, the BCM50 2.0 system can have up to two BCM50 expansion units. An expansion unit connects to the main unit and provides additional functionality. For expansion unit port locations and descriptions, see the figure BCM50 expansion unit connections on page 38 and the table BCM50 expansion unit ports, connectors, and descriptions on page 38.

The BCM50 expansion unit accommodates one media bay module (MBM) that connects additional telephony equipment to the BCM50 2.0 system. The MBMs connect with external devices to implement various types of voice trunks and stations. For a list of trunk and station MBMs that can be used with your BCM50 2.0 system, see the table Trunk MBMs on page 41 and the table Station MBMs on page 43. For a complete list of MBMs with links to additional information, see also the table Media bay modules on page 55.

Ensure that the MBM dip switches are set correctly (see Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94).

Figure 7   BCM50 expansion unit connections
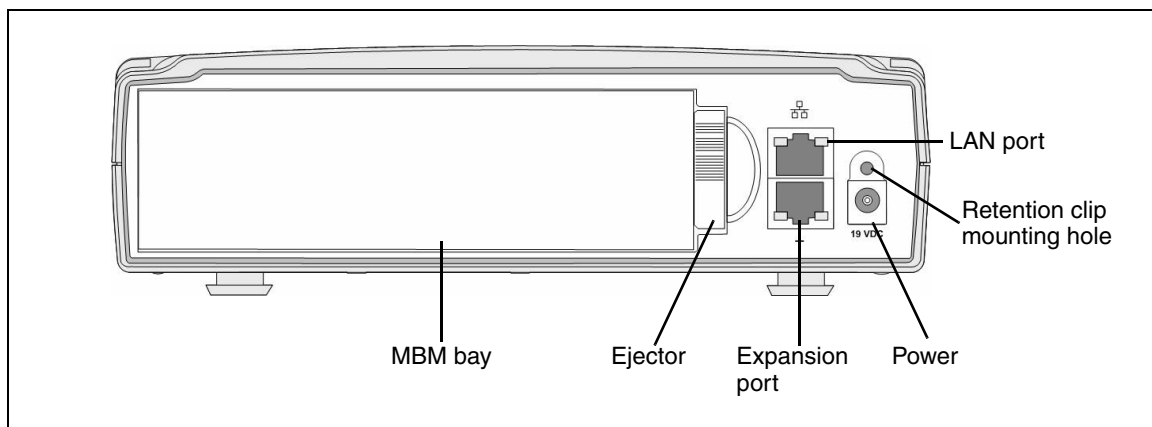
Table 2   BCM50 expansion unit ports, connectors, and descriptions (Sheet 1 of 2)

Port/connector	Description
LAN port (port 1)	An RJ-45 jack used to connect the customer LAN to the main unit. The LAN port on the expansion unit connects to the internal Ethernet switch on the main unit. You can use the expansion unit LAN port to connect an additional device to the LAN.
Power connector	A barrel connector jack used to connect the power supply to the expansion unit.

Table 2 BCM50 expansion unit ports, connectors, and descriptions (Sheet 2 of 2)

Port/connector	Description
Retention clip mounting hole	A small hole into which you insert the retention clip. The retention clip secures the power connector to the expansion unit.
Expansion port	An RJ-45 jack used to connect the expansion unit to the main unit.
Ejector	The ejector is used to remove the media bay module from the expansion unit.
MBM bay	A slot into which you install an MBM.

To connect an MBM to the BCM50 2.0 system, you must install the MBM in the expansion unit, and then connect the expansion unit to the main unit. See Installing an expansion unit on page 93 for more information about installing an expansion unit.

> ⚠️ **Warning:** Make sure you disconnect the power supply to the expansion unit before inserting or removing an MBM.

The supplied Ethernet cable (shielded) connects the expansion port on the expansion unit to one of the two expansion ports on the main unit. See the figure Expansion unit and expansion connectors on page 39. Expansion unit 1 maps to buses 5/6 (port2), while expansion unit 2 maps to buses 7/8 (port 3).

Figure 8 Expansion unit and expansion connectors
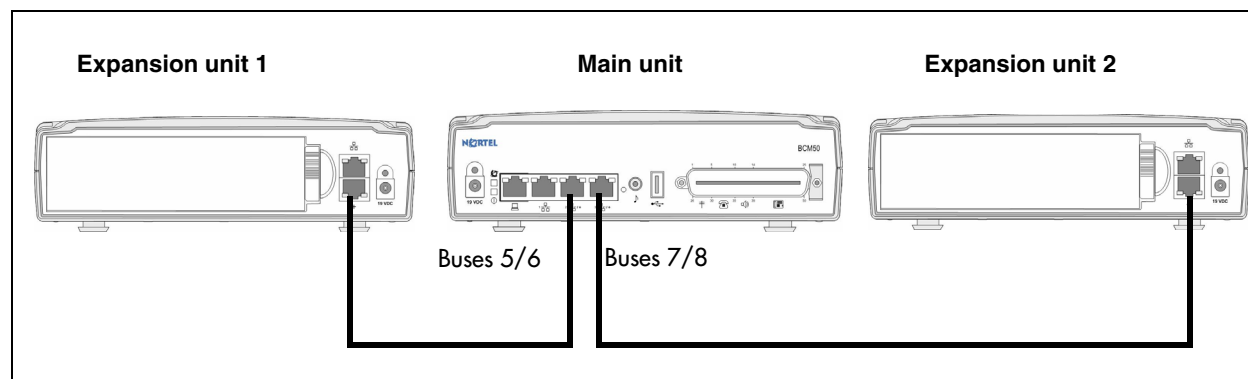
The LAN port on the expansion unit is connected to the internal Ethernet switch on the main unit. You can use the expansion unit LAN port to connect an additional device to the LAN.

> ➡️ **Note:** When you plug an expansion unit into the correct port on the main unit, the LEDs on the expansion unit port light, while the LEDs on the main unit port turn off.

> ➡ **Note:** When generating your keycode, you must select the feature for the expansion ports you require. If your keycode contains the feature for one expansion port only, the expansion port on the left (port 2) is active.

Media bay modules

The media bay modules (MBM) connect with external devices to implement various types of voice trunks and extensions. You can install one MBM in an expansion unit and you can connect up to two expansion units to the BCM50 2.0 system.

> ➡ **Note:** To determine which media bay modules and which types of trunk lines are available in your location, see Interface availability on page 239.

The back of the MBM has a single connector that provides signaling channels, media channels, and power to the MBM. This connector plugs into the MBM backplane in the expansion unit. Some MBMs also have a cooling fan that operates using the MBM power source. The figure Media bay module connectors (rear view) on page 40 shows the rear views of the two types of MBMs.

Figure 9 Media bay module connectors (rear view)
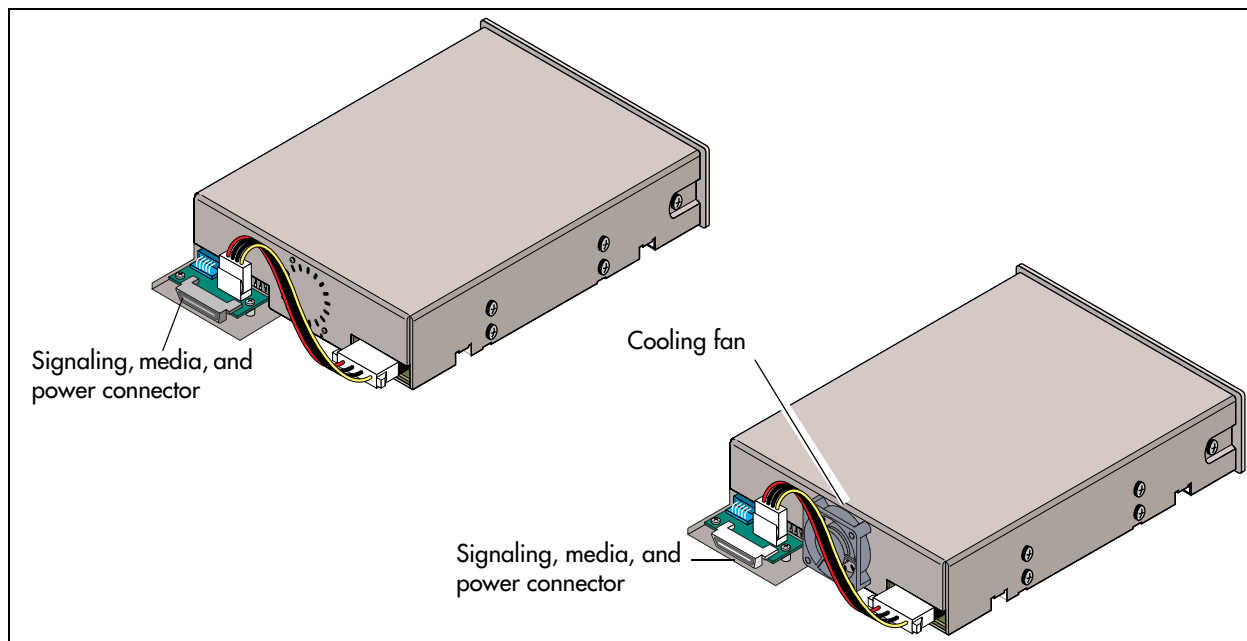
Trunk media bay modules

Trunk media bay modules connect telecommunications lines to the BCM50 2.0 system.

The table Trunk MBMs on page 41 lists the types of trunk media bay modules that are available for the BCM50 2.0 system.

Table 3   Trunk MBMs

Module type	Function	Special notes
DTM (see Digital trunk media bay module on page 41)	Connects digital public switched telephone lines to the BCM50 2.0 system.	Can connect to one of four types of lines: TI, North American PRI, ETSI ISDN (E1), and European PRI (E1).
BRIM (see Basic rate interface media bay module on page 42)	Connects a maximum of four ISDN BRI S/T interfaces.	—
GATM4/GATM8 (see Global Analog Trunk Module on page 42)	Connects either four (GATM4) or eight (GATM8) analog public switched telephone lines to the BCM50 2.0 system.	—
ADID4/ADID8 (see Analog direct inward dialing media bay module on page 43)	Connects either four (ADID4) or eight (ADID8) analog DID interfaces.	—
Note: See Market profile attributes on page 239 for supported regions.		

Digital trunk media bay module

The digital trunk media bay module (DTM) connects to standard digital PSTN T1/fT1, E1/fE1, or PRI ISDN line using either a digital or PRI line. The DTM also supports DASS2, DPN22, Q.SIG, and MCDN over ISDN:

- On North American BCM50 systems, the DTM connects a T1 or PRI circuit to the BCM50; T1 circuits provide 24 digital channels to the PSTN and PRI circuits provide 23 digital channels to the PSTN.
- On International BCM50 systems, the DTM connects to a ETSI ISDN (E1) or PRI (EI) circuit to a BCM50, providing a maximum of 30 digital channels to the PSTN.

The front bezel of the DTM has an RJ-48C connector that connects the DTM to the service provider connection point. The faceplate also has a set of monitor jacks you can use to monitor the span.

Six additional LEDs are on the front of the DTM. For information about these additional LEDs, see DTM LEDs on page 67.

The figure DTM faceplate on page 42 shows the DTM module interfaces.

Figure 10 DTM faceplate
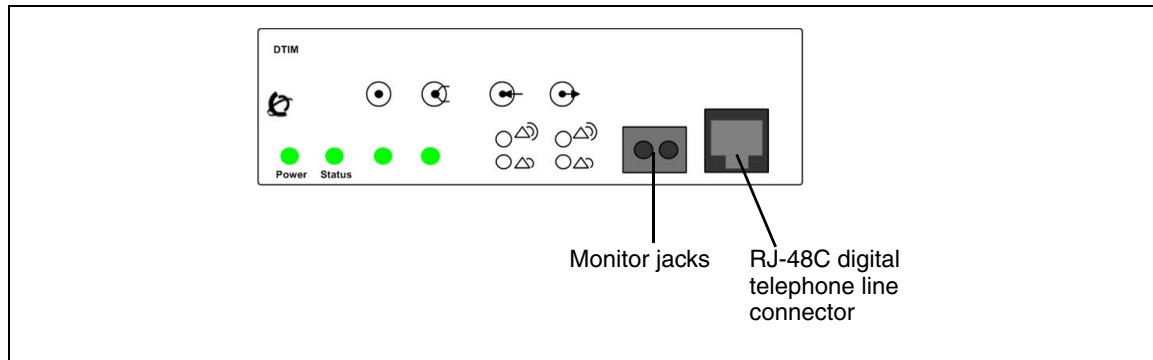
Basic rate interface media bay module

The basic rate interface media bay module (BRIM) connects a maximum of four BRI ISDN loops to the BCM50 system. The BRIM recognizes only the T-interface used in European networks. To use the BRIM with the U-interface, typical in North American networks, you require an external NT1 box to convert the U-interface to a T-interface.

Each BRI ISDN loop you connect adds two telephone lines to the BCM50 system. Therefore, each BRIM adds a maximum of eight lines to the BCM50 system through the four RJ-48C jacks on the faceplate. The LEDs beside each RJ-48C jack are on when the ISDN line is active. The figure BRIM faceplate on page 42 shows the BRIM faceplate LEDs and connections.

Figure 11 BRIM faceplate
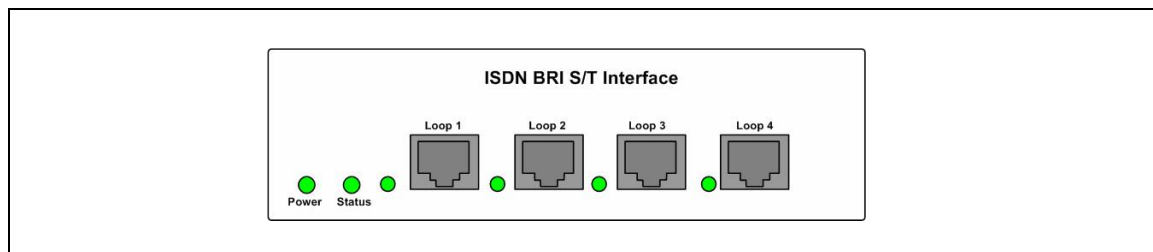
Global Analog Trunk Module

The Global Analog Trunk Module (GATM) provides an interface for four or eight analog public switched telephone network lines. This module supports both pulse and tone dialing, as well as Caller ID and Disconnect Supervision in selected markets throughout the world.

The GATM uses an RJ-21 connector as the trunk interface. The figure GATM faceplate on page 43 shows the GATM faceplate LEDs and RJ-21 connector. The module is available either in four-port (GATM4) or eight-port (GATM8) configurations.

Figure 12 GATM faceplate
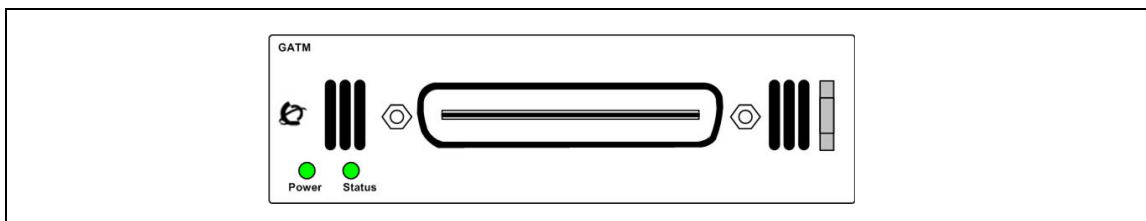
Analog direct inward dialing media bay module

The analog direct inward dialing (ADID) MBM provides an interface for four or eight analog public switched telephone network (PSTN) lines. The ADID MBM supports both pulse and tone dialing as well as disconnect supervision, and direct inward dialing call progress signaling as described in standard TIA-464C.

The ADID MBM uses an RJ-21 connector for trunk connections. The figure ADID faceplate on page 43 shows the ADID faceplate LEDs and connectors. The ADID is available either in four-port (ADID4) or eight-port (ADID8) configurations.

Figure 13 ADID faceplate
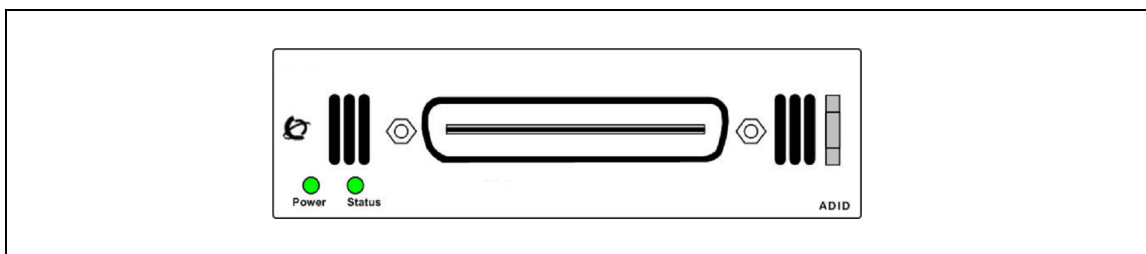
Station media bay modules

Station MBMs connect telephones and analog telecommunication devices to the BCM50 system.

The table Station MBMs on page 43 lists the available station media bay modules.

Table 4 Station MBMs (Sheet 1 of 2)

Module type	What it does	Special Notes
DSM16+/ DSM32+ (see Digital station media bay module on page 44)	Connects a maximum of 16 (DSM16+) or 32 (DSM32+) digital telephones to the BCM50 system.	—
4x16 Combination of a CTM4 and a DSM16 (see 4x16 media bay module on page 44)	Connects a maximum of four analog public switched telephone lines to the BCM50 system. Also connects a maximum of 16 digital telephones to the BCM50 system.	—

Table 4   Station MBMs (Sheet 2 of 2)

Module type	What it does	Special Notes
G4x16/G8x16 Combination of a GATM4/GATM8 and a DSM16 (see G4x16 and G8x16 media bay module on page 45)	Connects a maximum of four (G4x16) or eight (G8x16) analog public switched telephone lines to the BCM50 system. Also connects a maximum of 16 digital telephones to the BCM50 system.	—
ASM8 (see Analog station media bay modules on page 45)	Connects a maximum of eight analog devices to the BCM50 system.	—
GASM (see Analog station media bay modules on page 45)	Connects a maximum of eight analog devices to the BCM50 system. This module provides the following additional services: caller ID, pass through, message waiting indication, and disconnect supervision at the telephone. This module downloads new firmware.	—
Note: See Market profile attributes on page 239 for supported regions.		

Digital station media bay module

The digital station media bay modules (DSM) support digital telephones on the BCM50 system. This section describes the DSM16+ and DSM32+ media bay modules. See the figure DSM faceplate LEDs and connectors on page 44.

The digital station media bay modules have the following characteristics:

- DSM16+—supports 16 digital telephones through one RJ-21 connector.
- DSM 32+—supports 32 digital telephones through two RJ-21 connectors.

Figure 14   DSM faceplate LEDs and connectors
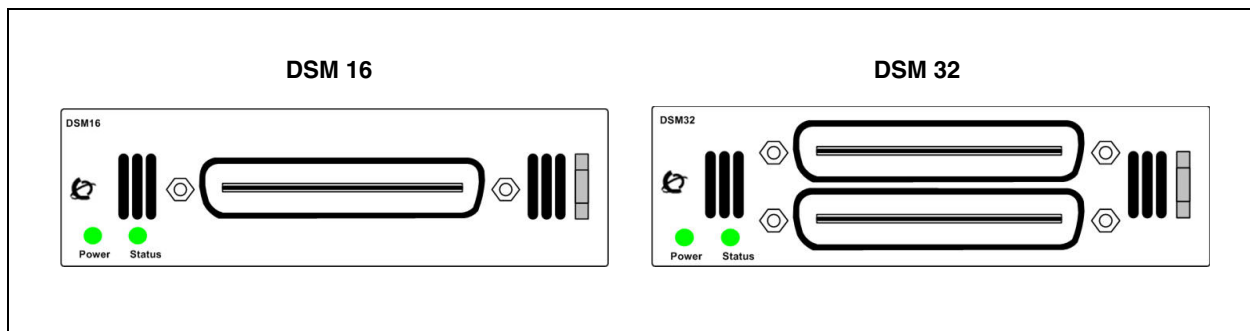
4x16 media bay module

The 4x16 MBM provides both analog trunk connections and digital telephone connections. This MBM provides connections for four analog trunk lines and 16 digital telephones. Each of the four analog trunk lines support Caller ID and disconnect supervision. You can use an analog telephony device, such as a modem, fax, or telephone to share the trunk through the Aux port beside Line 1.

The figure 4x16 faceplate LEDS and connectors on page 45 shows the 4x16 MBM. The 4x16 MBM has one RJ-21 connector and five RJ-11 connectors on the faceplate.

Figure 15   4x16 faceplate LEDS and connectors
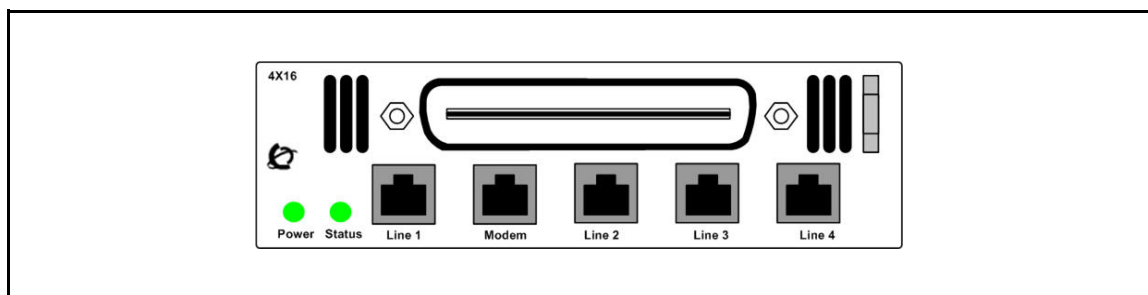
G4x16 and G8x16 media bay module

The G4x16 MBM is a combination of GATM4 and DSM16 MBMs, while the G8x16 is a combination of GATM8 and DSM16 MBMs.

The figure 4x16 faceplate LEDS and connectors on page 45 shows the G4x16/G8x16 MBM faceplate with two RJ-21 (amphenol) connectors. The upper RJ-21 (amphenol) connector connects 16 digital telephones to the system, while the lower RJ-21 (amphenol) connector connects 4 or 8 analog PSTN lines with pulse and tone dialing, caller ID, and disconnect supervision in selected markets.

Figure 16   G4x16/G8x16 faceplate LEDS and connectors
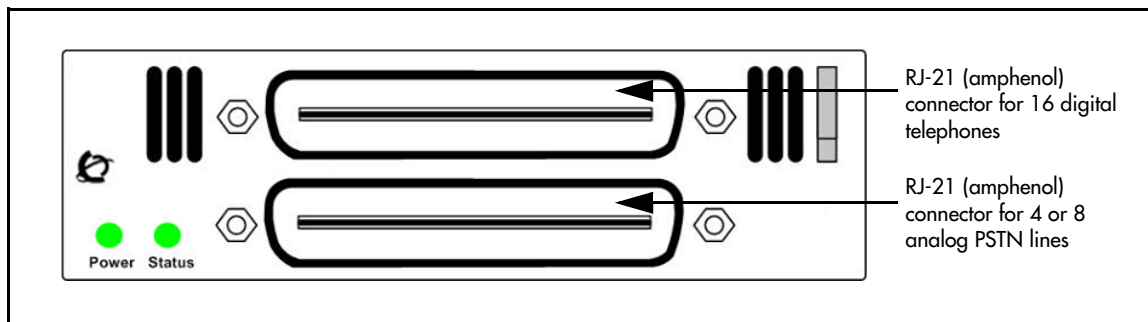
Analog station media bay modules

The analog station media bay modules (ASM8, ASM8+, and GASM) can connect to a maximum of eight analog telecommunication devices. These devices are standard analog telephones, cordless telephones, fax machines, answering machines, or modems. The maximum speed for a modem connection is 28.8 Kb/s.

In addition to ASM8 features, the ASM8+ and GASM offer the following features:

* Visual Message Waiting Indicator (VMWI): LED indicates to the end user that a message is waiting.
* Caller ID: provides the name, phone number, and other information about the caller to the end user at the start of the call.

- Firmware downloading capability: The core can upgrade the ASM8+ and GASM firmware at customer sites.
- Enhanced ringing capability: ASM8+ and GASM provide a ringing voltage of 2 REN/65 V rms per port.
- The GASM8 is designated as an ONS (on-premise station) port.
- Disconnect supervision (Open Switch Interval (OSI) as per EIA/TIA 464): indicates to the attached device, in an established communication, that the connected device releases the call.

> **Disconnect supervision note**: When disconnect happens from the Central Office (CO), the ASM8+ provides an open switch interval (OSI) to the off-hook station of 850 milliseconds (ms) (TIA/EIA 464 section 5.4.10.2.4, minimum is 600 ms) as a disconnect signal. If the station remains on-hook after the disconnect signal, the ASM8+ disconnects the station equipment from the network without returning a tone (TIA/EIA 464 section 5.4.10.2.5[1]). After the station equipment goes on-hook, the ASM8+ station interface is restored to on-hook (idle).
>
> You must ensure the device, application, or interface card connected to an ASM8+ station interface conforms to these on-hook and off-hook conditions.

The ASM8, ASM8+, and GASM each has one RJ-21 connector on the faceplate. The figure GASM faceplate LEDs and connectors on page 46 shows the GASM.

Figure 17   GASM faceplate LEDs and connectors
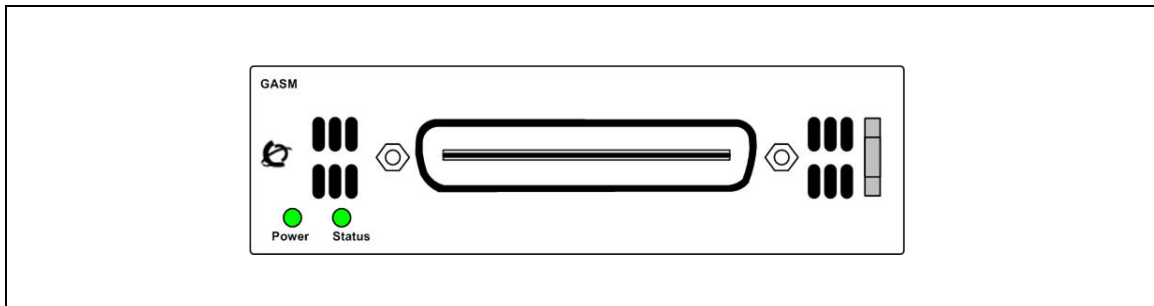
The ringer equivalency number (REN) (per port) for ASM8 is 1; the REN for ASM8+ and GASM is 2.

> **Note:** The termination of the analog interface can consist of any combination of devices, subject only to the requirement that the sum of the RENs of all the devices does not exceed the REN of the interface to which the device is connected.

The table ATA2, ASM8, ASM8+, GASM, and GASI analog device specifications on page 47 shows the specifications for ATA2, ASM8, GASM, and GASI.

Table 5 ATA2, ASM8, ASM8+, GASM, and GASI analog device specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

Specification	ATA2	ASM8	ASM8+	GASM	GASI
Ringing frequency (North America)	20 Hz ± 1 Hz	20 Hz ± 1 Hz	20 Hz ±1 Hz	20 Hz ±1 Hz	20 Hz ±1 Hz
Ringing frequency (Europe)	25 Hz ± 1 Hz	25 Hz ± 1 Hz	25 Hz ± 1 Hz	25 Hz ± 1 Hz	25 Hz ± 1 Hz
Ringing voltage (North America)	80 V rms ± 10%	55 V rms ± 10%	65 V rms ± 10%	65 V rms ± 10%	65 V rms ± 10%
Ringing voltage (Europe)	75 V rms ± 10%	N/A	65 V rms ± 10%	65 V rms ± 10%	65 V rms ± 10%
Loop current	20 mA minimum	20 mA minimum	20 mA minimum	20 mA minimum	20 mA minimum
Battery feed voltage	−48 V dc ± 10%	−48 V dc ± 10%	−29 V dc ± 10%	−48 V dc ± 10%	−48 V dc ± 10%
FIC code	OL13ABC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ringer equivalency number	3	1	2	2	2
ATA2 to BCM50 loop resistance (cable only)	135 ohms (800 m of 0.5-mm wire or 2600 ft of 24-AWG wire)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Analog loop resistance on terminal side for voice applications (cable only)	1300 ohms (7200 m of 0.5-mm wire or 26000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	250 ohms (1538 m of 0.5-mm wire or 5000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)
Analog loop resistance on terminal side for data applications (cable only)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	250 ohms (1538 m of 0.5-mm wire or 5000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)	200 ohms (1231 m of 0.5-mm wire or 4000 ft of 24-AWG wire)
Input impedance at tip and ring	600 ohms	600 ohms	600 ohms	600 ohms	600 ohms
Return loss	> 20 dB for 200 to 3400 Hz (when terminated with 600 ohms)	> 20 dB for 200 to 3400 Hz (when terminated with 600 ohms)	> 20 dB for 200 to 3400 Hz (when terminated with 600 ohms)	> 20 dB for 200 to 3400 Hz (when terminated with 600 ohms)	> 20 dB for 200 to 3400 Hz (when terminated with 600 ohms)
Insertion loss on an internal call	ATA2 to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 0.5 dB	ATA2 to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 0.5 dB	ATA2 to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 0.5 dB	ATA2 to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 0.5 dB	ATA2 to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 0.5 dB
Insertion loss on an external call	ATA2 to BCM50 loss 2.2 dB ± 1.0 dB; BCM50 to ATA2 loss 0.5 dB ± 1.0 dB	ASM to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 1.0 dB; BCM50 to ASM loss 0.5 dB ± 1.0 dB	ASM to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 1.0 dB; BCM50 to ASM loss 0.5 dB ± 1.0 dB	ASM to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 1.0 dB; BCM50 to ASM loss 0.5 dB ± 1.0 dB	ASM to BCM50 loss 3.0 dB ± 1.0 dB; BCM50 to ASM loss 0.5 dB ± 1.0 dB

Table 5   ATA2, ASM8, ASM8+, GASM, and GASI analog device specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

Specification	ATA2	ASM8	ASM8+	GASM	GASI
MWI type (see **Note**)	Stutter tone	Stutter tone	Stutter tone/ Voltage MWI (CO: 120 V)	Stutter tone/ Reverse polarity/ Voltage MWI (CO: 120 V)	Stutter Tone/ Reverse polarity/ Voltage MWI (PBX: 90 V)
Disconnect supervision types	N/A	N/A	OSI EIA/TIA 464 section 4.5.10.2.4/ 4.5.10.2.5.1	OSI EIA/TIA 464 section 4.5.10.2.4/ 4.5.10.2.5.1	N/A
Note: The MWI type depends on the country profile, and the MWI voltage shown is a maximum value.					

BCM50 hardware

The following BCM50 hardware items simplify the setup and connection of the system:

- Rack-mount shelf on page 48
- Wall-mount bracket on page 49
- Power supply mounting bracket on page 50
- Patch panel on page 49
- Wiring field card on page 50

Rack-mount shelf

To rack-mount a BCM50 unit (main unit or expansion unit), you need a rack-mount shelf. The rack-mount shelf mounts in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. The BCM50 unit then clips into the tabs on the rack-mount shelf. These tabs prevent the unit from sliding or falling off the shelf.

If the BCM50 system includes additional units, you can clip another unit to a second set of tabs on the rack-mount shelf. You can clip additional units to tabs on the top of the other units. See the figure rack-mount shelf installed in equipment rack on page 48.

Figure 18   rack-mount shelf installed in equipment rack
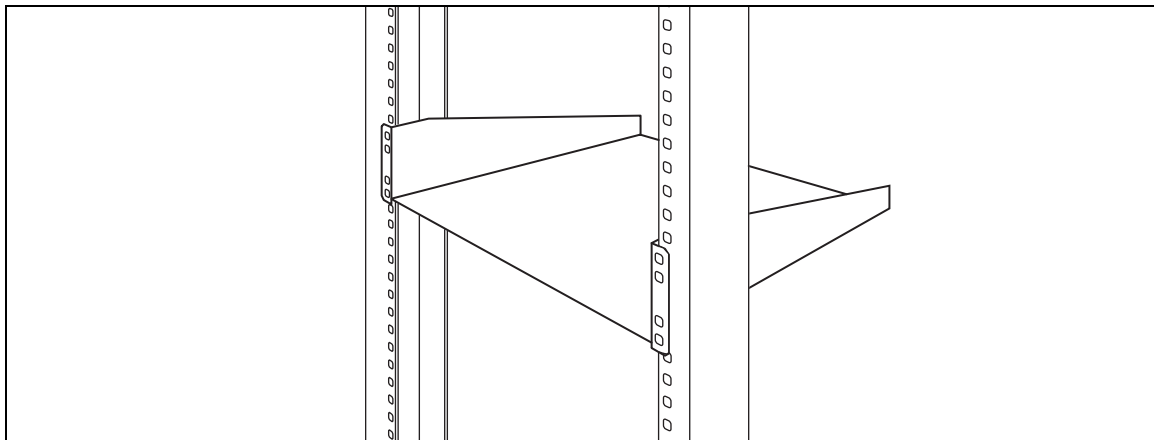
Patch panel

The BCM50 patch panel simplifies the connections of lines and extensions to the main unit. The BCM50 patch panel installs into the rack-mount shelf in a standard equipment rack and connects to the RJ-21 telephony connector with a user-supplied RJ-21 cable. See the figure Patch panel connectors on page 49.

> → **Note:** The four analog lines on the patch panel are only available with the standard main units. The four analog lines are not available with the BRI series (b-series) main units.

Figure 19   Patch panel connectors
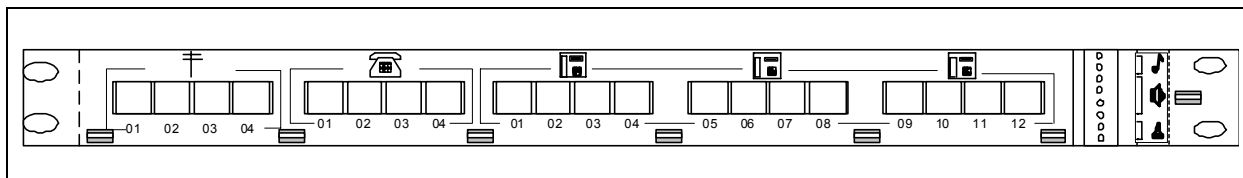
Wall-mount bracket

To wall-mount a BCM50 unit (main unit or expansion unit), you need a wall-mount bracket. The wall-mount bracket is attached to the wall, and the unit is connected to the wall-mount bracket. If the BCM50 system includes additional units, you need a wall-mount bracket for each unit.

Each wall-mount bracket includes a cable-management tray that you use to store and organize the cables connected to the BCM50 units. See the figure Wall-mount bracket on page 49.

Figure 20   Wall-mount bracket
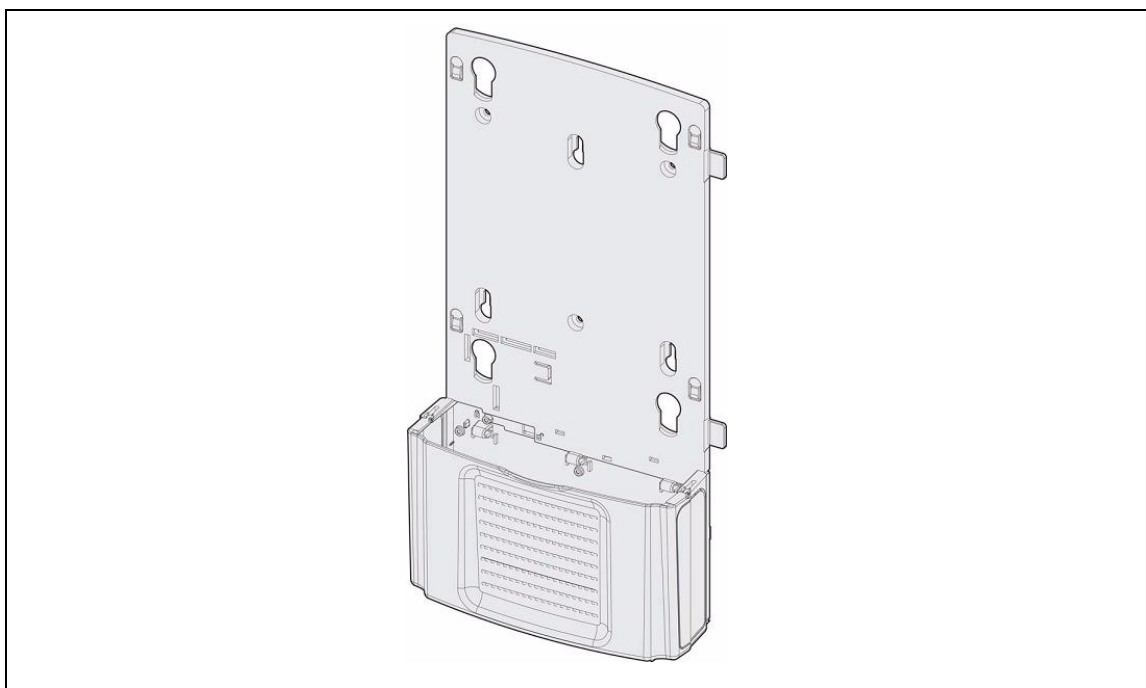
Power supply mounting bracket

The BCM50 single power supply mounting bracket enables you to install one power supply unit on the wall next to your BCM50 system. The power supply mounting bracket helps you keep the power cables neatly organized.

Wiring field card

The wiring field card (WFC) simplifies the connections of lines and extensions to the main unit. The WFC installs into the cable-management tray of the wall-mount bracket and connects to the RJ-21 telephony connector through a 50-pin header.

The WFC contains 12 eight-pin modular jacks for digital stations, 4 eight-pin modular jacks for analog trunks, and 4 eight-pin modular jacks for analog stations. The eight-pin modular jacks accept RJ-45 or RJ-11 modular plugs.

A terminal block is available to connect auxiliary equipment. A 50-pin header connects to the BCM50. See the figure Wiring field card on page 50.

> → **Note:** The four analog lines on the WFC are only available with the standard main units. The four analog lines are not available with the BRI series (b-series) main units.

Figure 21   Wiring field card
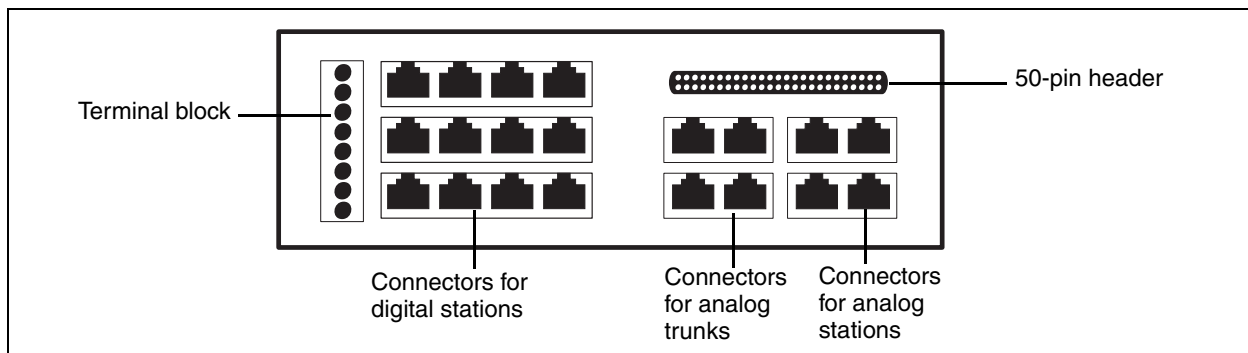

BCM50 components

For descriptions of the BCM50 components:

- Power supply on page 51
- Power supply adapter cord (international users) on page 51
- Uninterruptable power supply on page 51
- Hard disk on page 52
- Router card on page 55
- Cooling fan on page 53
- RJ-21 telephony connector on page 54

Power supply

The power supply is an external device that connects to the BCM50 units. See the figure BCM50 power supply on page 51. You must have one power supply for each unit in your BCM50 system.

Figure 22   BCM50 power supply

To BCM50 unit | Power supply cord | Power supply cable (NA shown) | To wall outlet
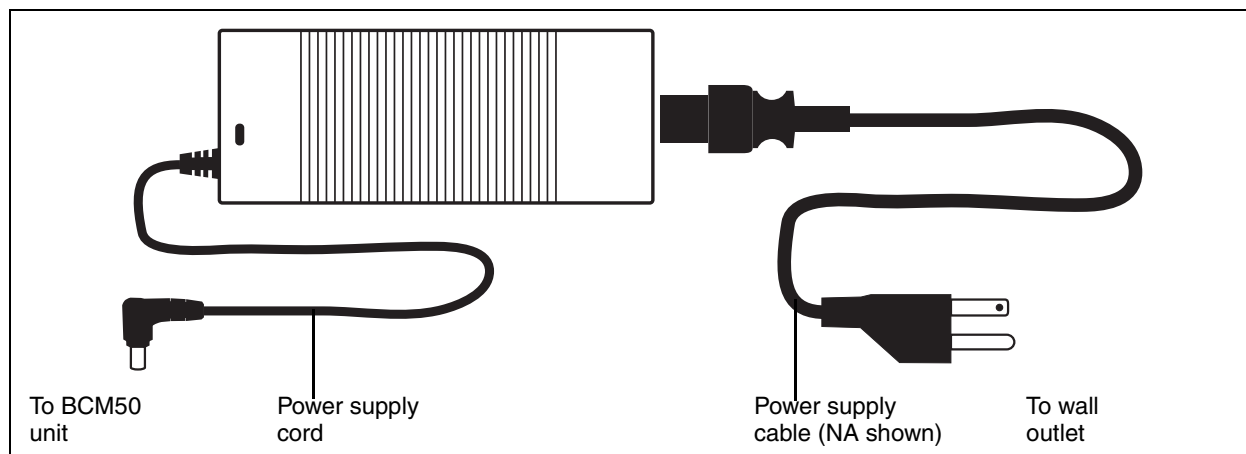
A BCM50 power supply is included with each main unit and expansion unit.

In addition, international (non-North American) users require a power supply adapter cord for each main unit and expansion unit.

Power supply adapter cord (international users)

The power supply adapter cord is for international (non-North American) BCM50 users. The cord connects to the power supply on one end and to the (C-14) BCM50 power bar on the other end.

You require one power supply adapter cord for each power supply you want to connect to the power bar.

Uninterruptable power supply

An uninterruptable power supply (UPS) is an optional device that maintains continuous operation during a power interruption or failure. The UPS provides power source monitoring and battery backup activation so that critical BCM50 functionality is maintained.

During a power failure, the UPS provides sufficient time to either correct the problem or activate a contingency plan to sustain services. The UPS performs a graceful shutdown of the BCM50 two minutes before the UPS battery power is drained.

The BCM50 supports American Power Conversion (APC) UPS devices that use a USB control interface. The APC UPSs include the APC UPS-Smart family (for example, UPS-Smart 750 and UPS-Smart 1000) and UPS-Back family (for example, UPS-Back 500 ES and UPS-Back 350 ES). You can use the UPS control software to configure various operational settings.

> ➡ **Note:** For the UPS to function correctly, you must connect it before you power up the BCM50 system. If you connect a UPS to a running system, the UPS does not function.

The USB port on the UPS uses a different communication speed than the USB port on the BCM50 system. Due to this difference, you must use an industry-standard USB hub (USB 1.1-compatible) to connect the UPS data connection to the BCM50 system. The USB hub not only provides additional USB ports, it converts the data communication speed so the UPS and BCM50 system can communicate properly.

On BCM50 systems with more than one unit, you must connect the power supplies for all the units must to a single UPS.

The interaction between the UPS and the BCM50 occurs in three stages:

1 **Configuration**—This stage sends configuration information to the UPS device and requires minimal user interaction.

2 **Monitoring**—This stage is a steady-state, periodic monitoring cycle where the BCM50 reads the status of the UPS. This stage requires minimal user interaction.

3 **Failure condition**—This stage initiates an action when a threshold value is surpassed.

The BCM50 system requires user interaction in the case of a planned system shutdown. You must manually power down the UPS and the BCM50 main unit when performing a system shutdown.

The UPS feature is supported in all markets (110~120V and 220~240V power standards).

Hard disk

Each main unit contains a single hard disk and a hard disk bracket to install it in the main unit. See the figure Hard disk and bracket on page 53.

For installation and replacement instructions, see Replacing an internal component on page 189.

**Figure 23**   Hard disk and bracket
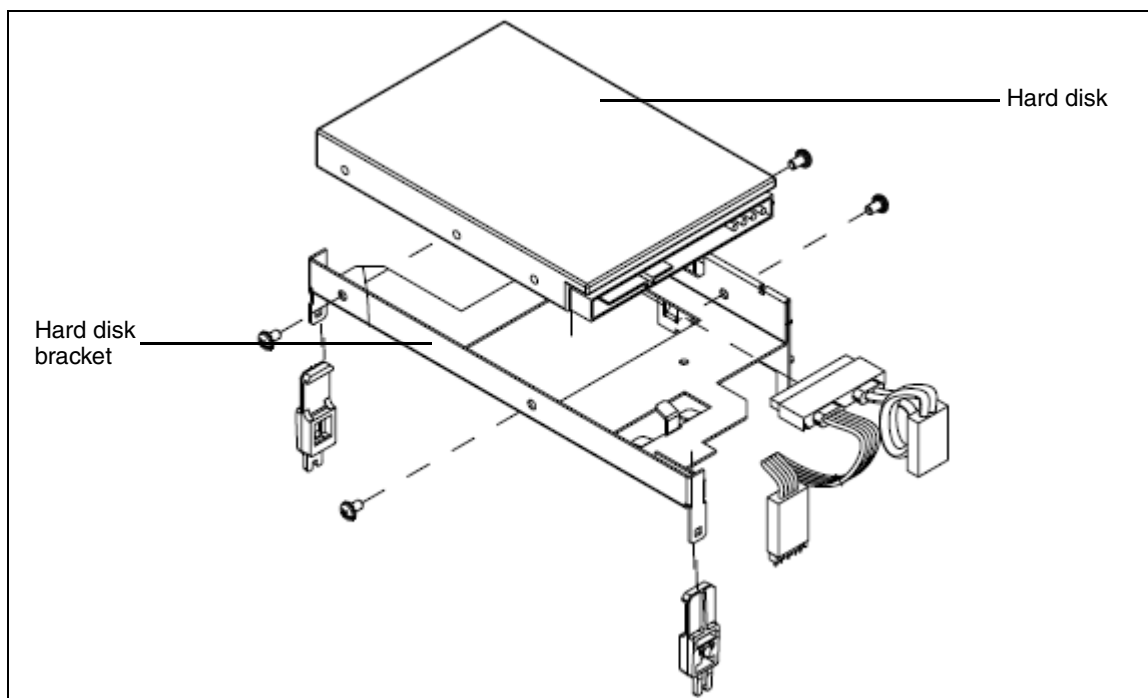
Cooling fan

The main units have one cooling fan. The expansion unit has two cooling fans. See the figure Cooling fan on page 53.

Figure 24   Cooling fan
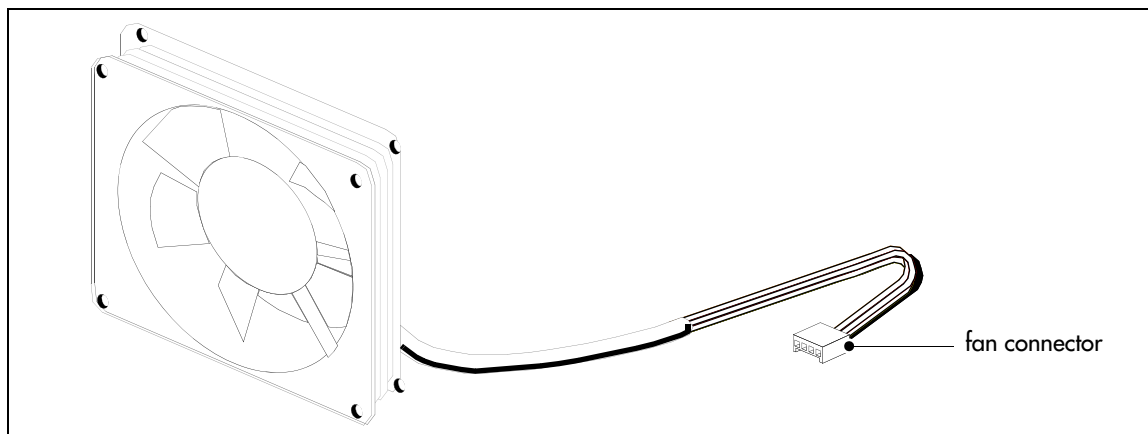
The cooling fan mounts in the back of the BCM50 enclosure.

For information about how to install or replace the cooling fan, see Replacing an internal component on page 189.

RJ-21 telephony connector

Use the RJ-21 telephony connector to connect a 25-pair (RJ-21) cable to the main unit. Then use these 25 pairs of wires to connect to the following telephony devices (see RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart on page 203):

- **Four analog lines (standard main units only)**
  Use these connections for analog trunks from the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). The four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector are not available on the BRI series (b-series) main units.

- **Four analog telephones**
  Use these connections for analog telephony devices such as single-line telephones, fax machines, and modems.

- **Auxiliary ringer**
  Use this connection for an auxiliary ringer (customer supplied). The BCM50 system uses the auxiliary ringer to control the cadence of an auxiliary ringer. You must use this output in a low-current, low-voltage application only. Do not use this output for switching the auxiliary ringer directly.

- **Page output**
  Use this connection to connect an internally generated voice-paging signal to an external paging amplifier (customer supplied).

- **Page relay**
  When you use the page output to connect an external paging amplifier, you also use the page relay. The page relay connects to a floating relay contact pair. The BCM50 system uses the page relay to control the external paging amplifier.

- **Music input**
  Use the Music input to connect an external music source that supplies a signal to held lines (music on hold) or telephone speakers (background music). The input source can be any available radio or music source approved for connection to the network. If you use this connection, do not use the Music input jack on the main unit faceplate.

- **Twelve digital telephones**
  Use these connections for digital telephones. For a list of digital telephones that are compatible with the BCM50 system, see Telephones and adapters on page 56.

> ⚠️ **Warning:** External equipment connected to the auxiliary ringer, page relay, page output, and music-on-hold interfaces must use safety extra low voltage (SELV).
> All four interfaces are SELV and the external equipment connected to these interfaces must be SELV. If these interfaces are not SELV, you must use external line isolation units (LIU).

> ➡️ **Note:** The analog trunk interfaces and analog telephony device interfaces on the RJ-21 telephony connector are compatible with the North American telephony interface standards only.
> If your BCM50 system is in a country that uses a different telephony standard, you must use media bay modules for your analog trunks and media bay modules or ATAs for your analog telephony devices.

Router card

The BCM50e main unit has a router card that uses an Ethernet interface to connect to a WAN edge device (for example, an external ADSL modem or a cable modem).

The BCM50a main unit has a router card that uses an ADSL interface to connect the BCM50 system to the Internet Service Provider (ISP).

For information about replacing the router card, see Replacing an internal component on page 189.

Field-replaceable units

The table Field-replaceable units on page 55 and the table Media bay modules on page 55 provide a list of field-replaceable units (FRU) and media bay modules (MBM) for the BCM50 system. Use these tables as references when you need to order, replace, or install hardware components. The tables provide references to the component descriptions and installation procedures.

➡ **Note:** The product engineering code (PEC) can change over time; consult the catalog for the latest information.

Table 6   Field-replaceable units

Component description	FRU Description	Replacement procedure
Router card with Ethernet connector	"Router card"	"Replacing an internal component"
Router card with ADSL interface	"Router card"	"Replacing an internal component"
Hard disk, programmed	"Hard disk"	"Replacing an internal component"
Power supply	"Power supply"	"Replacing a power supply"
Cooling fan	"Cooling fan"	"Replacing an internal component"

Table 7   Media bay modules (Sheet 1 of 2)

Component description	FRU Description	Installation procedure
4x16 MBM	"4x16 media bay module"	"To install an MBM"
Analog DID	"Analog direct inward dialing media bay module"	"To install an MBM"
ASM8 MBM	"Analog station media bay modules"	"To install an MBM"
BRIM MBM	"Basic rate interface media bay module"	"To install an MBM"
DSM16+ MBM	"Digital station media bay module"	"To install an MBM"
DSM32+ MBM	"Digital station media bay module"	"To install an MBM"
DTM MBM	"Digital trunk media bay module"	"To install an MBM"

Table 7 Media bay modules (Sheet 2 of 2)

Component description	FRU Description	Installation procedure
G4x16/G8x16 MBM	"G4x16 and G8x16 media bay module"	"To install an MBM"
GASM MBM	"Analog station media bay modules"	"To install an MBM"
GATM4/GATM8 MBM	"Global Analog Trunk Module"	"To install an MBM"

Telephones and adapters

The telephony components perform call processing and connect the telephones or peripheral telephony equipment, such as fax machines, to the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) lines. They also process telephony information received through an IP link.

Business telephones and adapters connect to the RJ-21 telephony connector on the main unit and to the MBMs installed in the expansion units. The BCM50 system supports Business Series Terminal sets, IP Telephony-based sets, and analog telephony devices.

The following telephones and devices can be used with the BCM50 system:

Digital Phone 7100—one-line display and one memory button without indicator.

Digital Phone 7000 (not shown) (International only)—four memory button, without display or indicators.

**Digital Phone 7208**—one-line display and eight memory buttons with indicators.

Digital Phone 7316—two-line display, three display buttons, 16 memory buttons with indicators, and eight memory buttons without indicators. Supports separate mute key and a headset key under the dial pad.

Digital Phone 7316E—two-line display, three display buttons, 16 memory buttons with indicators, and eight memory buttons without indicators. Handsfree, mute, and headset buttons are below the dial pad. The default button assignment for the 7316E is different from the 7316.
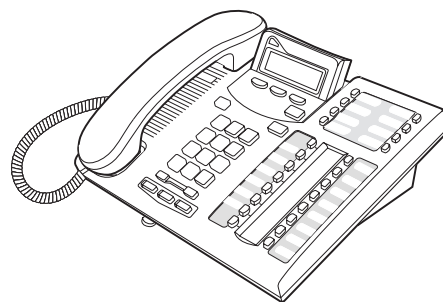
Digital Phone 7316E + Key Indicator Module (KIM)—all the features of the 7316E plus 24 extra memory buttons with indicators per KIM. Configure as an enhanced central answering position (CAP) that supports line and hunt group appearances (the eKIMs) or as an ordinary CAP that supports only memory button programming (the OKIMs). Supports a maximum of four eKIMs and up to nine OKIMS.
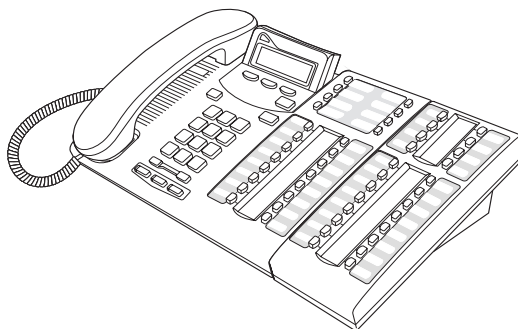
BST Doorphone—used as an intercom to control access to your building. Pressing the Call button on the BST Doorphone calls one or more telephones or sends a distinctive chime to telephones in an assigned page zone, or both.

Placing an internal call from any telephone on the system to the BST Doorphone sets up a two-way voice call. Additionally, you can install a Door Opening Controller to activate locks on doors or gates. Contact your system administrator for more information.

See the *BST Doorphone User Guide* for more information.

Digital Phone 7406 Cordless Telephone system—provides cordless mobility in a small office environment. Each base station supports three telephones. Function is based on the 7316 telephone. The base station connects to a digital station media bay module on the system.

Provides six memory buttons with indicators and a two-line display with three display buttons.

For installation instructions, see the *T7406 Cordless Telephone Installation Guide*.

IP Phone 1120 (not shown)—brings voice and data to the desktop by connecting directly to a Local Area Network (LAN) through an Ethernet connection.

The IP Phone 1120 has a graphical, high-resolution LCD display, backlit, with adjustable contrast. Four user-defined feature keys and four soft keys are available.

IP Phone 1140—brings voice and data to the desktop by connecting directly to a Local Area Network (LAN) through an Ethernet connection.

The IP Phone 1140 has a graphical, high-resolution LCD display, backlit, with adjustable contrast. Six user-defined feature keys and four soft keys are available.

IP Phone 2001 (not shown)—connects through an IP link to the BCM50 system. This phone has a single-line text display with a row of display keys on the second display line. The IP Phone 2001 can be used to call through any type of BCM50 line.

IP Phone 2002 (not shown)—connects through an IP link to the BCM50 system. This phone has a two-line text display with a row of display keys on the third display line, and four memory keys with indicators. You can use the IP Phone 2002 to call through any type of BCM50 line.

IP Phone 2004—connects through an IP link to the BCM50 system. This phone has a six-line text display with a row of display keys on the eighth display line, and six memory keys with indicators. You can use the IP Phone 2004 to call through any type of BCM50 line.

IP Phone 2007 (not shown)—connects to a LAN through an Ethernet connection. The IP Phone 2007 supports call processing features, and can work with an External Application Server to display Web-based and interactive applications on the large, color LCD touch screen.

IP Softphone 2050 (not shown)—provides Voice over IP (VoIP) services using a telephony server and your company local area network (LAN).

Nortel IP Audio Conference Phone 2033—provides audio conferencing. The keypad provides many of the set features of the basic Business Series telephones without display or memory buttons. The audio conference phone has three microphones.

Wireless LAN handsets 2210, 2211, and 2212—provides telephony access over the LAN or WAN through an 802.11-compatible access point. These handsets emulate the function of the IP Phone 2004. They have a three-line truncated display and display keys. There are no line keys, but the telephone uses a line key menu on which lines, intercom keys, and button features can be programmed.

See the *WLAN IP Telephony Installation and Configuration Guide* for details.

> **➡ Note:** Nortel provides limited support for legacy Norstar telephones.

Accessories

You can use the following accessories with the BCM50 system:

Station auxiliary power supply (SAPS)—provides power for the central answering position (CAP) when you connect the 7316E to five or more KIMs. You can also extend the loop length between a telephone or terminal and the BCM50 system from 1000 to 2600 feet. You must use a dedicated cable to connect the two locations.

Analog Terminal Adapter 2 (ATA2)—converts digital signals to analog signals to allow communication with analog devices such as fax machines, modems, and answering machines. The ATA2 supports a maximum transmission rate of 28.8 Kb/s. With a single-line telephone, the ATA2 supports a long-loop configuration.

Chapter 3
Viewing the BCM50 system LEDs

This section describes the BCM50 system LEDs.

For information about the BCM50 system LEDs:

System status LEDs

The two system status LEDs on the BCM50 main units (BCM50, BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50b, BCM50ba, and BCM50be) show the current state of the BCM50 system.

You can view the system status LEDs on the faceplate and on the top of the main unit. See the figure Location of system status LEDs on a main unit on page 61. The bottom LED is the power LED, and the top LED is the status LED. Under normal operating conditions, both LEDs are solid green.

Figure 25   Location of system status LEDs on a main unit

Status LED

Power LED
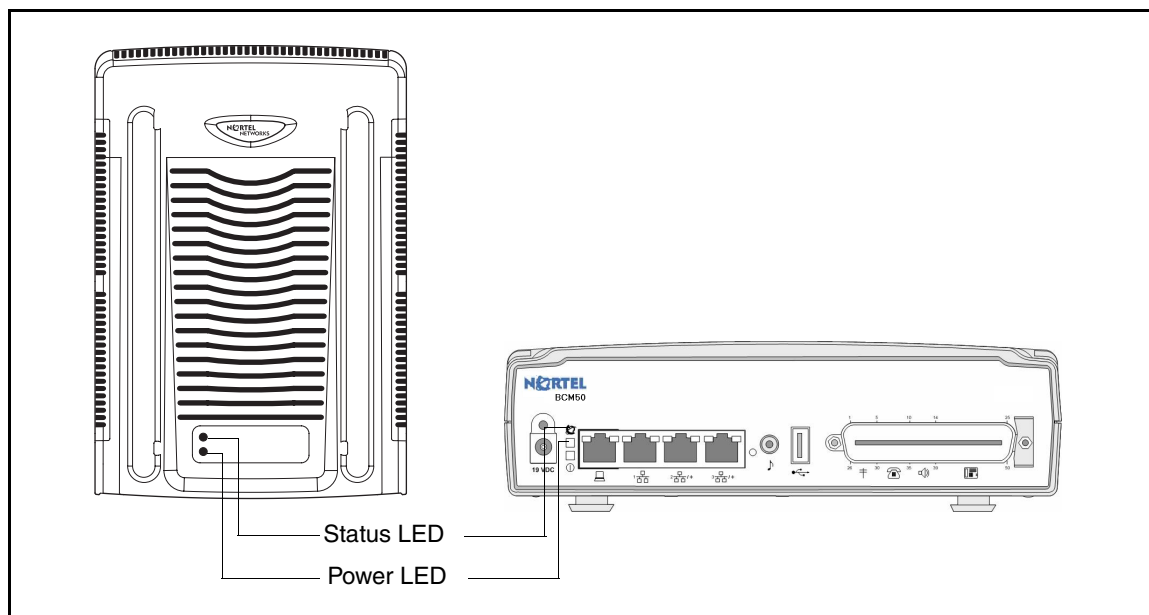
The table System status LEDs states and descriptions on page 62 describes the meaning of the system status LEDs after the system boots up and is in service.

Table 8 System status LEDs states and descriptions

⏻ Power	⟳ Status	Description
Solid green	Solid green	Normal operation.
Solid green	Solid red	A Major or Critical alarm is activated on the BCM50.
		You must clear the status LED using the Element Manager Alarm Panel. The LED does not clear itself.
		See the *Administration Guide* for more information.
Flashing green	Solid green	Contact technical support (see How to get help on page 30).
Off	Off	No power to BCM50.

During BCM50 system startup or reboot, the system status LEDs move through a sequence of state changes. If either the power LED or status LED is yellow, the system is initializing and is not ready for service. The table System status LEDs during startup or reboot on page 62 shows the key states indicating service availability.

Table 9 System status LEDs during startup or reboot

⏻ Power	⟳ Status	Description
Solid yellow	Any	System initializing; not ready for service.
Flashing or solid green	Flashing or solid yellow	System initializing; not ready for service.
Flashing green	Flashing green	BCM50 telephony services are available, including IP telephony and voice mail.
Solid green	Flashing green	Administrator can log into BCM50 with Element Manager.
Solid green	Solid green	All BCM50 services are functioning, and the system is ready for normal use.

LAN port LEDs

Each LAN port on the main unit and expansion unit has two LEDs. These LEDs indicate the status of the connection for that LAN port. The figure LAN port LED locations on page 63 shows the location of these LEDs on the main units and expansion unit.

> **→** **Note:** The expansion ports on the main unit also function as LAN ports. The expansion port LEDs indicate LAN activity only. The LEDs do not indicate expansion unit presence. The LEDs do not light.

Figure 26   LAN port LED locations
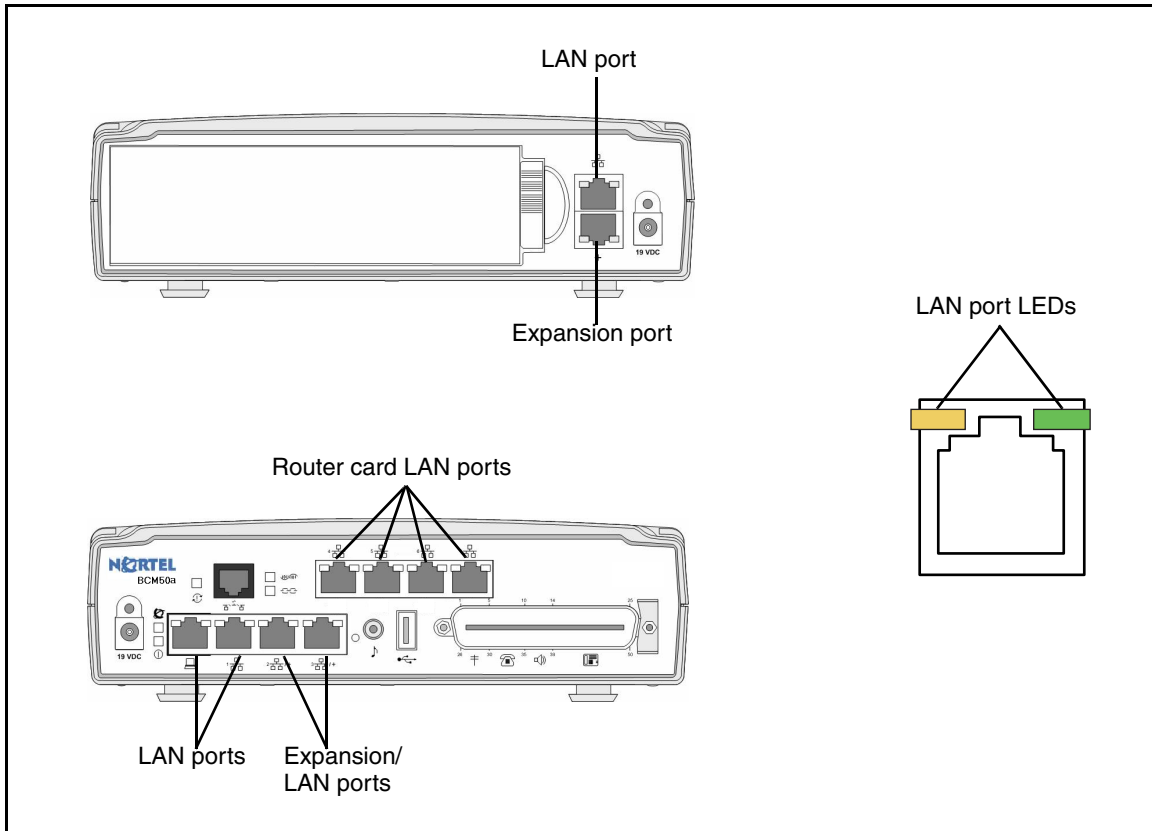
The table LAN port and expansion port LED indicators on page 63 describes the possible LED states for the LAN ports LEDs.

Table 10   LAN port and expansion port LED indicators

LED	Status	Description
Yellow	On	The LAN port is operating at 10 Mb/s.
Green	On	The LAN port is operating at 100 Mb/s.
Both LEDs	Off	No connection.
Any LED	Flashing	The LAN port is sending or receiving network data. The frequency of the flashes increases with increased traffic.

ADSL router LEDs (BCM50a and BCM50ba only)

The three ADSL router LEDs on the faceplate of the BCM50a and BCM50ba main units monitor router status, data, and DSL. The figure ADSL router LEDs on the BCM50a and BCM50ba main units (BCM50a shown) on page 64 shows the location of the three ADSL router LEDs.

Figure 27   ADSL router LEDs on the BCM50a and BCM50ba main units (BCM50a shown)
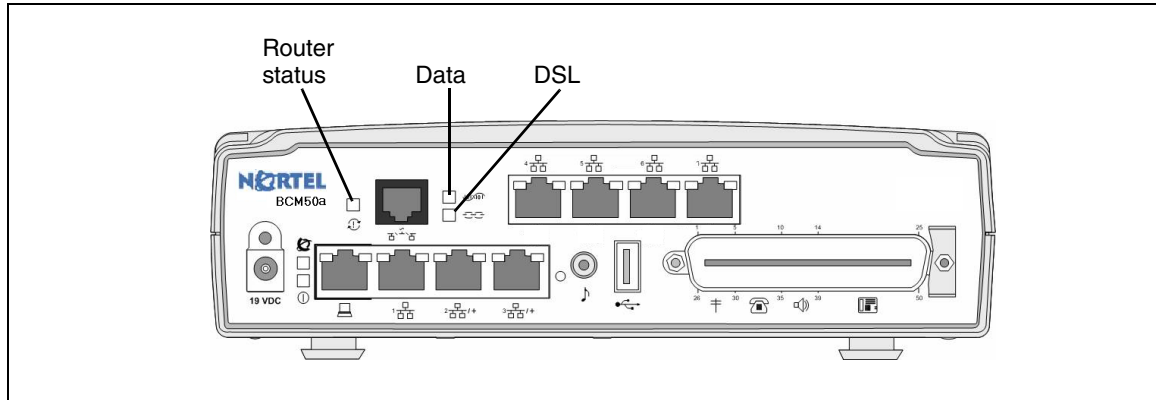
The table ADSL router LED descriptions on page 64 describes the possible ADSL router LED states.

Table 11   ADSL router LED descriptions

LED	Status	Description
Router status	On	The router card is functioning properly.
	Off	The router card is not ready or malfunctioned.
	Flashing	The router card is rebooting.
Data	Flashing	The router card is sending or receiving data through the WAN port.
	Off	The router card is not sending or receiving data through the WAN port.
DSL	On	The router card is linked successfully to a digital subscriber line access multiplexer (DSLAM).
	Off	The DSL link is not functioning.
	Flashing	The router card is initializing the DSL line.

Ethernet router LEDs (BCM50e and BCM50be only)

The three Ethernet router LEDs on the BCM50e and BCM50be main units monitor the router status and the WAN port. The figure shows the location of the three Ethernet router LEDs.

Figure 28   Ethernet router LEDs on the BCM50e and BCM50be main units (BCM50e shown)
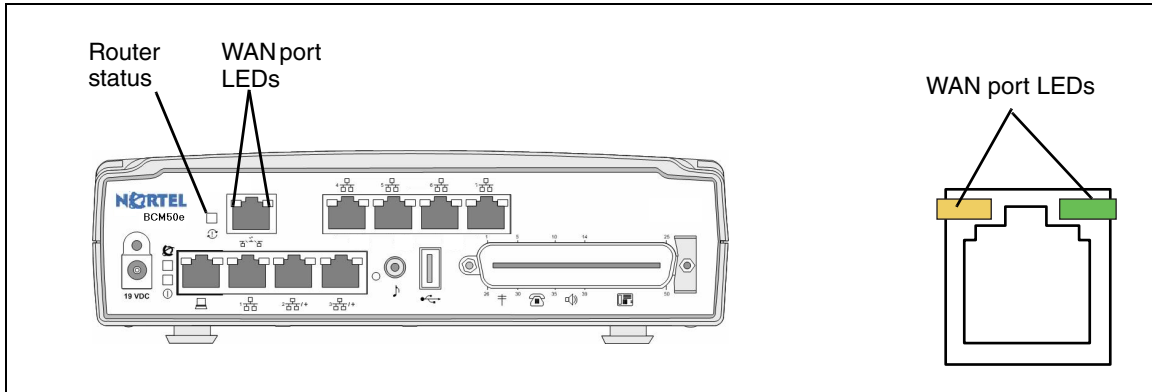
The table describes the possible Ethernet router LED states.

Table 12   LAN port LED indicators

LED	Status	Description
Router status	On	The router card is functioning properly.
	Off	The router card is not ready or malfunctioned.
	Flashing	The router card is rebooting.
WAN port yellow	On	The WAN port is operating at 10 Mb/s.
WAN port green	On	The WAN port is operating at 100 Mb/s.
Any WAN port LED	Flashing	The WAN port is sending or receiving network data. The frequency of the flashes increases with increased traffic.
Both WAN port LEDs	Off	No connection.

BRI port LEDs on main unit (BRI series only)

The three BRI port LEDs on the BCM50b, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units monitor the BRI port status. The figure Ethernet router LEDs on the BCM50e and BCM50be main units (BCM50e shown) on page 65 shows the location of the BRI ports and LEDs.

Figure 29   BRI port LEDs on the BCM50b, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units (BCM50b shown)
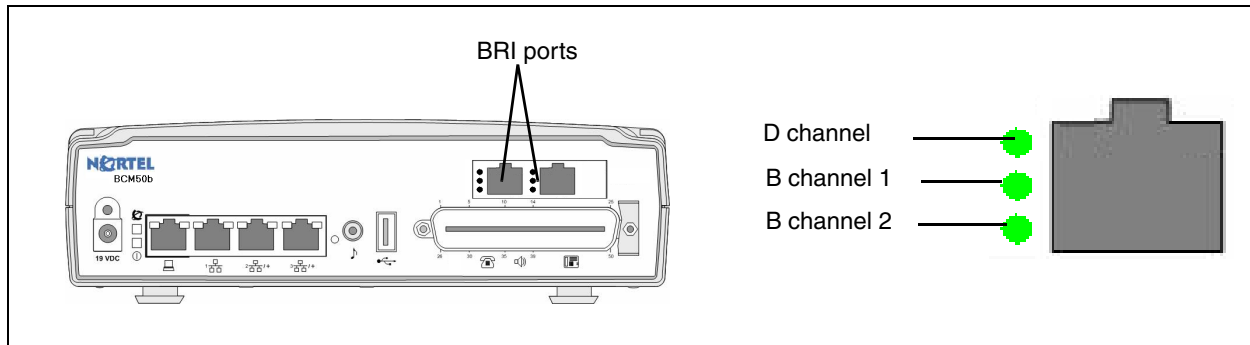
The table BRI port LED indicators on page 66 describes the possible BRI port LED states.

Table 13   BRI port LED indicators

LED (channel)	Status	Description
D	On (green)	D channel is functioning through this BRI port.
B1	On (green)	B channel 1 is functioning through this BRI port.
B2	On (green)	B channel 2 is functioning through this BRI port.

Media bay module LEDs (expansion units only)

The two media bay module (MBM) LEDs on an expansion unit show the power and status of the MBM. The figure MBM LEDs on page 66 shows the location of the ⊥ (Power) and ⚡ (Status) LEDs on an MBM. The power and status LEDs are in the same location on all MBMs.

Figure 30   MBM LEDs
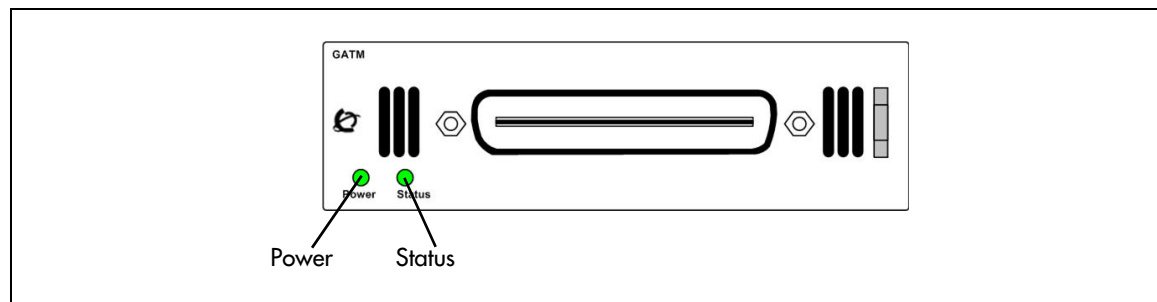
The table MBM LED descriptions on page 67 describes the possible MBM LED states.

Table 14   MBM LED descriptions

Power	Status	Description
Off	Off	The MBM has no power, or a failure occurred on the MBM power converter.
On	Off	BCM50 to expansion unit failure or system initialization.
On	Blinking	Hardware is working, but an operational problem exists such as: • no link to the main unit is detected • frame alignment is lost on messages from the main unit • bandwidth not allocated • MBM is in maintenance state • MBM is in download state (GASM, GATM4/GATM8)
Blinking	Blinking	The MBM has power, but a hardware problem exists such as: • partial failure of power converter • thermal overload • fan failure
On	On	The MBM is ready to operate.

DTM LEDs

The DTM has additional LEDs that are not on most other MBMs. The figure DTM LEDs on page 67 shows the location of the DTM LEDs.

Figure 31   DTM LEDs
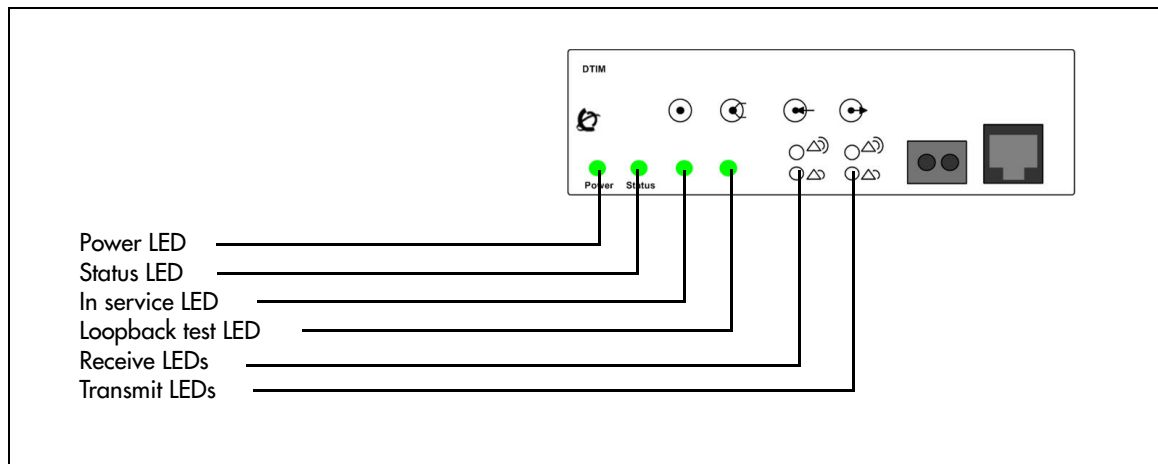
The table DTM LED functions on page 67 describes the functions of the DTM LEDs.

Table 15   DTM LED functions (Sheet 1 of 2)

LED	Status	Descriptions
Power	–	See "Media bay module LEDs (expansion units only)" for details.
Status	–	See "Media bay module LEDs (expansion units only)" for details.

Table 15 DTM LED functions (Sheet 2 of 2)

LED	Status	Descriptions
In service	Flashing	The T1, ETSI, or PRI trunks are out of service because a loopback test is running or the DTM is initializing.
Loopback test	On	A continuity loopback test is running.
Receive alarm	On	A problem with the received digital transmission. This half-duplex link does not work.
Receive error	On	A small error as a result of degraded digital transmission. Possible causes are an ohmic connection, water ingress, or too long a loop.
Transmit alarm	On	The DTM cannot transmit. The DTM sends an alarm indication signal (AIS) to the terminating switch. This half-duplex link does not work.
Transmit error	On	The DTM is sending a remote alarm indication (RAI) carrier failure alarm (CFA) to the terminating switch. If the transmit alarm is not on, this error indicates a far-end or cable problem.
All LEDS	Flashing	The DTM is initializing.

BRIM LEDs

The BRIM has one additional LED beside each RJ-48C jack. These LEDs are on when the ISDN line is active. The figure BRIM LEDs on page 68 shows the location of the LEDs on a BRIM.

Figure 32 BRIM LEDs
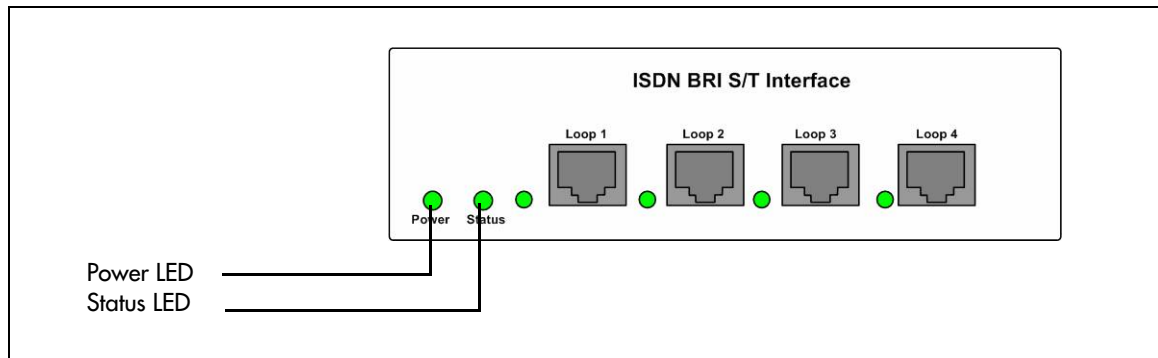
For more information on the power and status LED functions, see Media bay module LEDs (expansion units only) on page 66.

Chapter 4
Determining DHCP server configuration and IP address

Each main unit has a dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) server. This DHCP server supplies Nortel IP Phones and client computers with IP addresses and connection information.

If the main unit has no integrated router, then you can configure the DHCP server using Element Manager.

If the main unit has an integrated router, then the DHCP server on the main unit is disabled and the you can configure the DHCP server using the Router Configuration page.

For more information about configuring the DHCP server, see the procedure To configure DHCP server settings on page 140.

The BCM50 system can have a main unit with or without an integrated router:

- BCM50 and BCM50b main units (no integrated router) on page 69
- BCM50a, BCM50ba, BCM50e, and BCM50be main units (with integrated router) on page 70

BCM50 and BCM50b main units (no integrated router)

By default, the main unit is configured with a dynamic IP address, which means the IP configuration is received from a DHCP server.

The BCM50 and BCM50b main units can have two DHCP server configurations:

- If an external DHCP server is not present on page 69
- If an external DHCP server is present on page 70

If an external DHCP server is not present

If an external DHCP server is not present, then the main unit uses the following default IP configuration:

IP address:	192.168.1.2
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway:	192.168.1.1

The DHCP server on the main unit supplies IP configuration information for all IP devices (PCs and IP Phones). The DHCP server also supplies specific connection information to the IP Phones.

If an external DHCP server is present

> ⚠️ **Warning:** The DHCP server on the main unit is enabled by default. If your network already contains a DHCP server, then disable the DHCP server on the main unit. For more information about disabling the DHCP server, see the procedure To disable the DHCP server on the BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units on page 71.

If an external DHCP is present, then the BCM50 system uses the IP configuration supplied by the external DHCP server. In this case, the DHCP server on the main unit supplies only IP Phones with IP configuration information. The DHCP server on the main unit does not supply any other devices with IP settings. This means that the administrator need not set up the external DHCP server to supply configuration settings to the IP Phones.

The DHCP server on the main unit must configure a range of IP addresses to supply to the IP Phones. The DHCP server uses the top 20 percent of a subnet.

For example, if the external DHCP server supplies the IP address 177.218.21.45 (subnet mask is 255.255.255.0) to the BCM50, then the BCM50 DHCP server reserves the range 177.218.21.200 to 177.218.21.254.

You can verify and change this default range using Element Manager.

The administrator must ensure that this range agrees with the network configuration—the external DHCP server does not use the range.

BCM50a, BCM50ba, BCM50e, and BCM50be main units (with integrated router)

By default, you configure the BCM50a, BCM50ba, BCM50e, and BCM50be main units with a dynamic IP address, meaning that these units request an IP configuration from a DHCP server. Because the integrated router has a DHCP server, this DHCP server responds to the request.

By default, the router LAN IP address is 192.168.1.1, and the IP address assigned to the BCM50 system is the first IP address in the DHCP pool. If the DHCP pool starts at 192.168.1.190, then the BCM50 is 192.168.1.190 even though the router is 192.168.1.1. Therefore, the BCM50 system receives the IP address 192.168.1.2 (subnet mask is 255.255.255.0) from the DHCP server on the integrated router.

The DHCP server on the integrated router supplies the information (primary and secondary TPS server information, VLAN IDs) to the IP Phones enabling the phones to connect to the BCM50. If the IP address of the integrated router changes, then the IP address reserved for the BCM50 automatically changes. The DHCP server on the integrated router automatically updates the S1 and S2 IP address.

To disable the DHCP server on the BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units

1 From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Data Services** folder to expand it.

2 From the Data Services folder, select **DHCP Server**.

3 From the **General Settings** tab, click **Launch Router WebGUI tool** to launch the router configuration tool.

For information about using the WebGUI tool, see the *Integrated Router Configuration Guide* for your product.

Chapter 5
Installing the BCM50 system

To install a BCM50 system, you must install a BCM50 main unit, any expansion units required, and the telephony components.

The figure BCM50 installation overview on page 73 and the table BCM50 installation overview on page 74 provide an overview of the installation process.

Figure 33   BCM50 installation overview
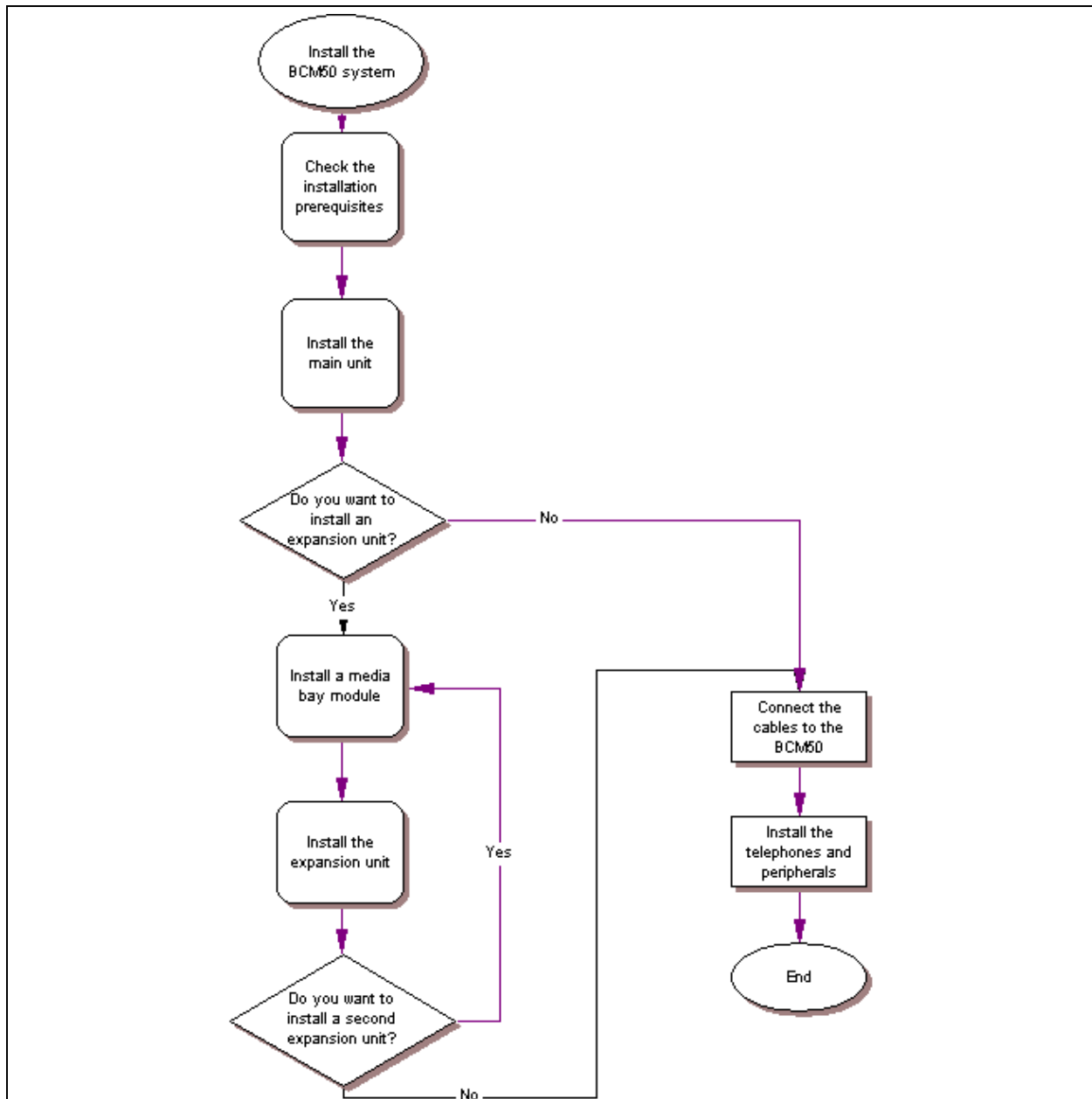
Table 16 BCM50 installation overview (Sheet 1 of 2)

Tasks	Description	Refer to
Prepare for installation	Verify these requirements: • environmental • electrical • site telephony wiring	Checking the installation prerequisites on page 77
Get required equipment and tools	Ensure you have these items: • basic hardware • optional equipment • other hardware and tools	System equipment, supplies, and tools on page 79
Inspect the components	Verify that the main unit box contains all the required components in good condition.	Unpacking the main unit on page 82
Install the main unit	Mount the main unit using these options: • in an equipment rack with a rack-mount shelf (optional patch panel) • on a wall with a wall-mount bracket (optional wiring field card) • on a desktop	Installing the main unit on page 81
Inspect the components	Verify that the expansion unit box contains all the required components in good condition.	Unpacking the expansion unit on page 94
Install a media bay module (MBM)	Follow these steps to install an MBM: • set the MBM dip switches to factory default • insert the MBM into the expansion unit	Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94
Install an expansion unit	Mount the expansion unit using the same option as the main unit: • in an equipment rack with a rack-mount shelf (optional patch panel) • on a wall with a wall-mount bracket (optional wiring field card) • on a desktop • on top of another unit (not for wall-mount option)	Installing the expansion unit on page 97
Connect the cables	Connect the cables between these items: • main unit to expansion unit (if required) • power supply to units (with and without a UPS) • lines and extensions to the RJ-21 telephony connector (optional patch panel or WFC) • lines and extensions to the MBMs • auxiliary equipment to the RJ-21 telephony connector (optional patch panel or WFC)	Connecting the cables to the BCM50 system on page 99

Table 16   BCM50 installation overview (Sheet 2 of 2)

Tasks	Description	Refer to
Install telephones and peripherals	You can install these telephones: • System telephones • Emergency telephone • IP Phones • T7406 cordless system	Installing telephones and peripherals on page 115
Install an ATA2	Perform these steps to install an ATA2: • connect the ATA2 • mount the ATA2 • test insertion loss measurement • configure the ATA2	Installing the analog terminal adapter on page 119

Chapter 6
Checking the installation prerequisites

Before you install a main unit or expansion unit, perform the following tasks:

- Determine the location for the BCM50 units, telephones, and other equipment based on space and electrical requirements.
- Order the required trunks from the central office.
- Ensure that you have all the equipment and supplies you need to install the system.

For information about BCM50 installation prerequisites:

Environmental requirements

Ensure you meet the installation environmental requirements. The installation area must be:

- a minimum of 4 m (13 ft.) from equipment such as photocopiers, electrical motors, and other equipment that produces electromagnetic, radio frequency, and electrostatic interference
- within 1.5 m (5 ft.) of a three-wire grounded electrical outlet
- clean, dry, well ventilated, and free of traffic and excess dust
- within the temperature range of 5°C and 50°C (40°F and 120°F)
- from 20% to 80% non condensing relative humidity
- structurally strong and with enough space to support the BCM50 units
- a minimum of 46 cm (18 in.) from the floor

> **Note:** The installation area must be of sufficient height from the floor to prevent water damage.

Electrical requirements

Ensure you meet the following electrical requirements:

- Power must be supplied from a non switched, unobstructed outlet within 1.5 m (5 ft.) of the BCM50 units.
- The supplied power must be a dedicated 110 V to 120 V AC nominal (or 220 V to 240 V AC nominal), 50 to 60 Hz, 15 A minimum service with a third-wire safety ground. The third-wire safety ground provides shock protection and prevents electromagnetic interference.

> **Danger:** Risk of electric shock
>
> The safety of this product requires connection to an outlet with a third-wire ground. Use only with the supplied BCM50 power supply and a three-wire power outlet.

> **Caution:** Check ground connections
>
> Ensure that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines, and internal metal water pipe system, if present, are connected. If these ground connections are not connected, contact the appropriate electrical inspection authority. Do not try to make the connections yourself.

You can connect the power supply to a power bar. The total length of the power cables from the power supply to the electrical outlet (including power bar) must not exceed 2 m (6.5 ft.). You must use a power bar approved by an appropriate National Test Body, with a third-wire ground. Nortel recommends that you do not use an extension cord between the power supply and the power bar or between the power bar and the electrical outlet.

Site telephony wiring requirements

The following sections describe the requirements for wiring digital telephony devices (digital loop) and analog telephony devices (analog loop) to the BCM50 system:

- Digital loop on page 78
- Analog loop on page 78

Digital loop

You must meet the following parameters for a digital loop:

- one, two, or three twisted-pair cables per telephone
- DC loop resistance of less than 64 Ω
- cable length (0.5 mm or 24-AWG) less than 300 m (975 ft.)
- use of a station auxiliary power supply (SAPS) for loops 300 m (975 ft.) to 1200 m (3900 ft.). In North America, the SAPS must be a CSA- or UL-approved Class 2 power source. In Europe, the SAPS must be a Class II power source and CE marked.
- no bridge taps

Analog loop

You must meet the following parameters for an analog loop:

- maximum DC loop resistance of 208 Ω
- maximum cable length (0.5 mm or 24-AWG) of 1220 m (4000 ft.)

System equipment, supplies, and tools

For the equipment required to install the BCM50 system:

- Basic hardware on page 79
- Optional equipment on page 79
- Other hardware and tools on page 79

Basic hardware

The BCM50 system comprises a combination of the following hardware:

- main unit: BCM50, BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50b, BCM50ba, or BCM50be
- expansion unit
- media bay module (MBM)
- telephones
- cabling for connections between hardware units

You can connect a maximum of two expansion units to a BCM50 system. Each expansion unit can contain one MBM.

> **→**   **Note:** You require keycodes for some hardware to function.

Optional equipment

You can add the following equipment to the BCM50 system to support specific requirements beyond the basic hardware:

- station auxiliary power supply (SAPS)
- key indicator module (KIM) for T7316E telephones
- analog terminal adapter 2 (ATA2) if you connect analog equipment to a digital extension line
- uninterruptable power supply (UPS)
- USB hub (required if the system uses a UPS)

Other hardware and tools

You need the following equipment to install a BCM50 unit:

- mounting hardware
  (either a rack-mount shelf, a wall-mount bracket per unit, or four rubber feet per unit)
- Phillips #2 screwdriver
- flat blade screwdriver
- pliers
- antistatic grounding strap

- punch-down tool
- surge protector (recommended)
- cables, 25-pair cable with right-feeding female RJ-21 connectors
- 3.5-mm mono audio jack (for external music source)

Chapter 7
Installing the main unit

This section describes how to install the main unit. You can install the main unit in an equipment rack, on a wall, or on a desktop.

The figure Overview of installing the main unit on page 81 shows the steps required to install the main unit.

Figure 34   Overview of installing the main unit
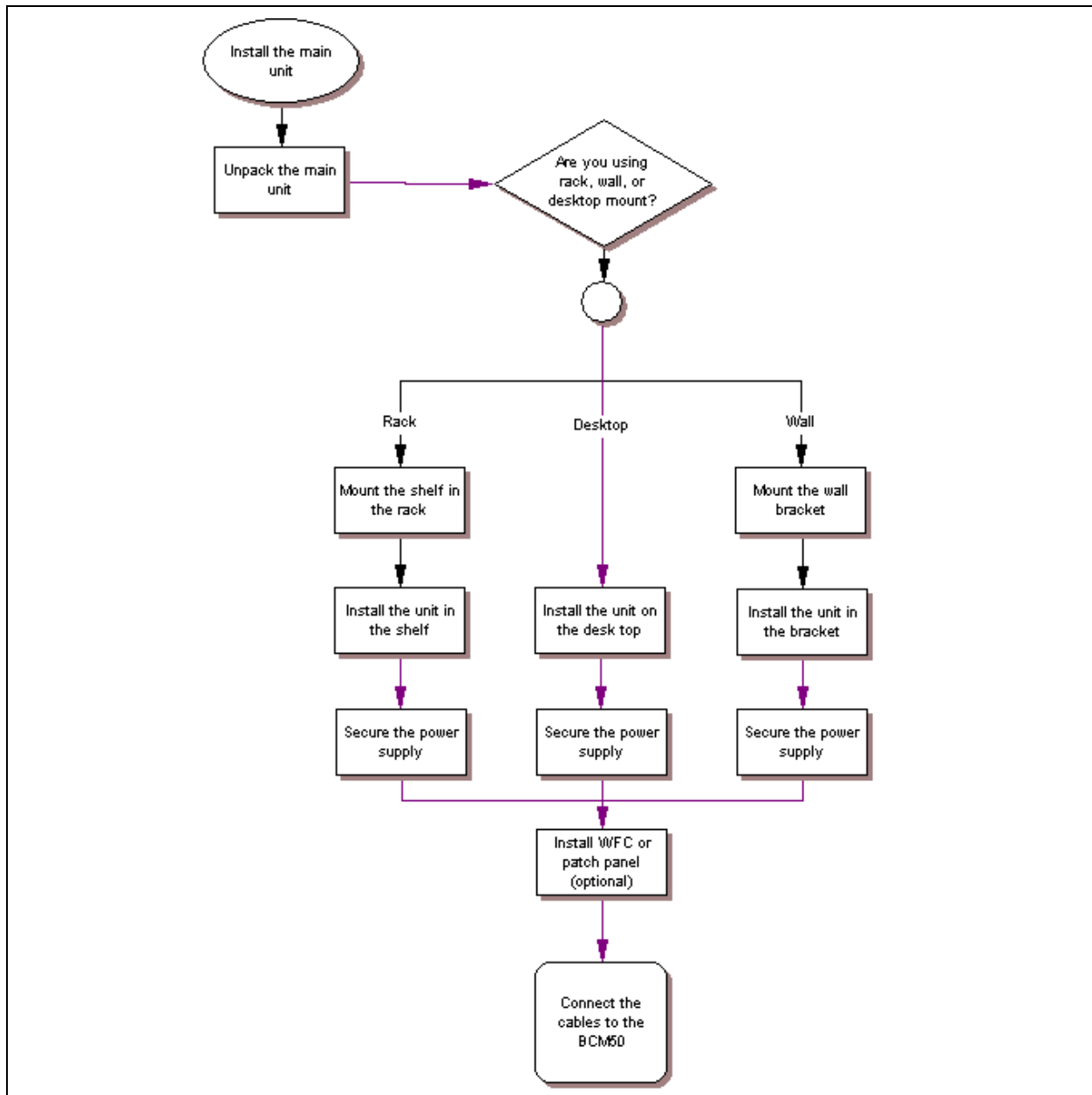
For information about installing the main unit:

Unpacking the main unit

Open the main unit box and check that you have all of the following components:

- one main unit (either a BCM50, a BCM50a, or a BCM50e)
- one power supply
- one power supply cable
- one power supply retention clip
- four rubber feet
- one screw to secure the RJ-21 telephony connector
- one cable tie
- a documentation CD
- the *Installation Checklist and Quick Start Guide*

Visually inspect the components for damage during shipping.

If you find damage, contact your Nortel sales representative.

Installing the BCM50 unit in an equipment rack

You can install a BCM50 main unit in a standard 19-inch equipment rack along with your other networking and telecommunications equipment.

To rack-mount a BCM50 unit, you need the optional rack-mount kit (NT9T6325). This kit provides the parts to mount up to four BCM50 units into a standard 19-inch equipment rack. The BCM50 unit mounts into the tabs on the rack-mount shelf. These tabs prevent the unit from sliding around or falling off the shelf. If the BCM50 system includes additional units, you can mount another unit onto a second set of tabs on the rack-mount shelf. You can mount any additional units to tabs on the top of the other units.

If you need to better secure a BCM50 unit, use the screws provided (four per unit) to screw the BCM50 to the rack. This is a "hardened" installation. For a hardened installation, install only two units per rack—do not stack the units.

You can also use the optional patch panel to simplify the connections to the BCM50 RJ-21 telephony connector.

> **Caution:** For acceptable environmental conditions before selecting a location for the BCM50 system, see Checking the installation prerequisites on page 77.

> ⬡ **Caution:** To keep the BCM50 system operating at the optimal internal temperature, keep the top, sides, and rear clear of obstructions and away from the exhaust of other equipment.
>
> Place no objects, except other BCM50 units, on top of the main unit.

Use the following procedures to install a BCM50 unit in a rack:

- To install the rack-mount shelf in an equipment rack on page 83
- To install the BCM50 unit on the rack-mount shelf on page 84
- To install the power supply on the rack-mount shelf on page 85

To install the rack-mount shelf in an equipment rack

1 Determine the location in the rack where you want to install the BCM50 unit.

2 Position the rack-mount shelf in the rack.

3 Align the holes in the rack-mount shelf with the holes in the equipment rack rails.

4 Fasten the rack-mount shelf to the rack using the four rack screws (supplied with the rack-mount kit). See the figure Fasten the rack-mount shelf to an equipment rack on page 83.

5 Proceed to Installing the BCM50 unit on the rack-mount shelf on page 83.

Figure 35   Fasten the rack-mount shelf to an equipment rack
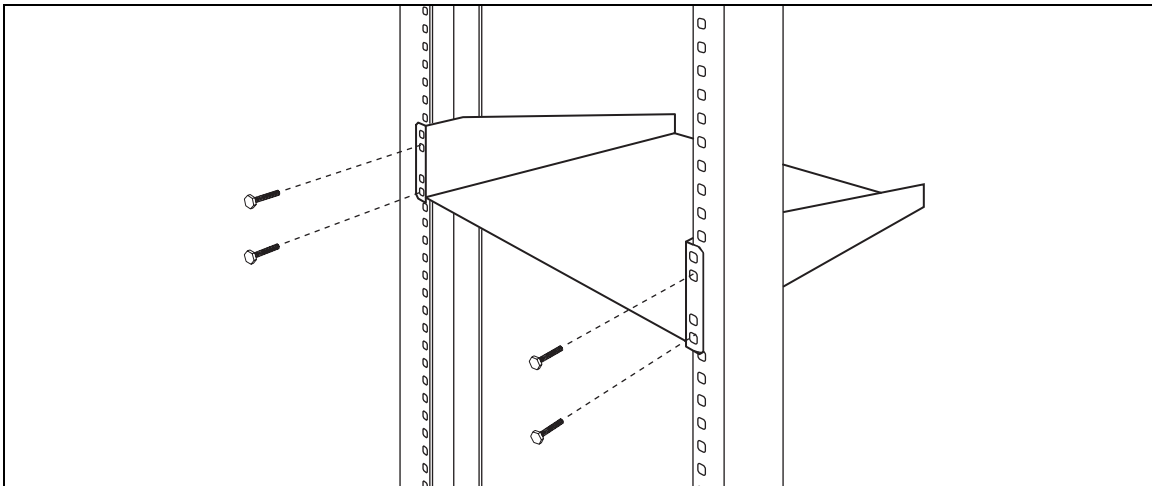
Installing the BCM50 unit on the rack-mount shelf

The rack-mount shelf has slots molded into its surface to which you attach the BCM50 units. By attaching the BCM50 units to these slots, you can prevent someone from accidently knocking them off the rack-mount shelf.

If you install additional units, you can install a second unit on the shelf beside the first unit. You can install another unit on top of each of the first two units. Nortel recommends a maximum of four units per rack-mount shelf.

Select your installation option:

To install the BCM50 unit on the rack-mount shelf

1 Place the BCM50 unit on the rack so that the feet of the unit are in the depressions in the shelf.

2 Move the unit forward until the feet touch the front side of the depressions.

3 Slide the unit back until the feet click in place on the slots in the depressions. See the figure Attach the units to the rack-mount shelf on page 84.

4 To further secure the unit, use the four self-tapping screws (for plastic) supplied with the rack-mount kit to attach the unit to the rack-mount shelf. Make sure the screw holes in the unit are aligned with the holes in the rack-mount shelf. Then insert the four screws through the holes in the bottom of the shelf and into the screw holes in the bottom of the unit.

> **Caution:** Use only the screws supplied with the rack-mount kit (NT9T6325). Do not replace the screws. Other screws can damage the unit.

5 Continue with the procedure To install the power supply on the rack-mount shelf on page 85.

Figure 36 Attach the units to the rack-mount shelf
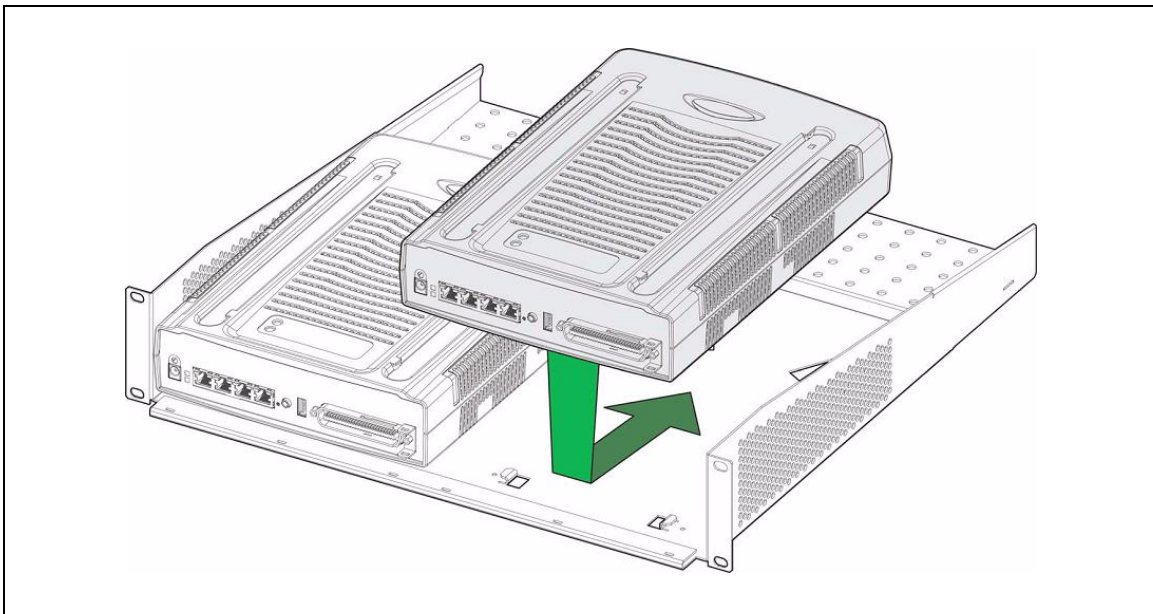
To install a BCM50 unit on top of another unit

1 Insert the power supply retention clip into the BCM50 unit.

2 Place the BCM50 unit on top of the other unit. Make sure the feet of the unit are in the slots on the top of the unit and in front of the slots. See the figure BCM50 unit slots and feet on page 85.

3 Slide the unit back until it clicks in place on the slots.

4 Continue with the procedure To install the power supply on the rack-mount shelf on page 85.

Figure 37   BCM50 unit slots and feet
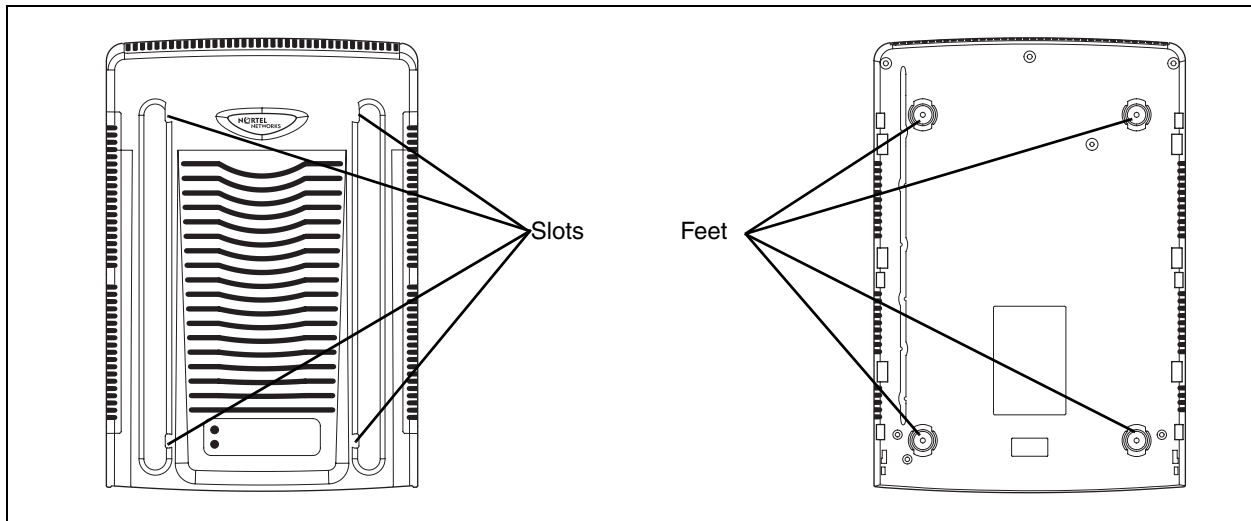
To install the power supply on the rack-mount shelf

1 Place the power supply behind the BCM50 units on the back of the rack-mount shelf.

Make sure the power supply is on its side with the label facing the back of the shelf.

2 Use two cable ties to secure the power supply to the rack-mount shelf.

3 Repeat steps 1 and 2 for each power supply you mount.

To install the patch panel (optional)

1 Determine the location in the rack where you want to install the patch panel.

2 Position the patch panel in the rack.

3 Align the holes in the patch panel with the holes in the equipment rack rails.

4 Fasten the patch panel to the rack using the four rack screws (supplied with the patch panel).

5 Continue with the procedure To connect the cables to the patch panel (optional) on page 113.

Installing the BCM50 unit on the wall

To wall-mount a BCM50 unit, you need a wall-mount bracket. The wall-mount bracket attaches to the wall, and the BCM50 unit connects to the wall-mount bracket. If the BCM50 system includes additional units, you need a wall-mount bracket for each unit. Each wall-mount bracket includes a cable-management tray that you use to store and organize the cables connected to the BCM50 units. An optional wiring field card simplifies the cable connections for the lines and extensions.

If desired you can install an optional plywood backboard 2 cm (3/4 in.) thick.

> **Caution:** For acceptable environmental conditions before selecting a location for the BCM50, see Checking the installation prerequisites on page 77.

> **Caution:** You must mount BCM50 units side-by-side on the wall. DO NOT attempt to mount units on top of each other when using the wall-mount option.

> **Caution:** To keep the BCM50 operating at the optimal internal temperature, keep the top, sides, and rear clear of obstructions and away from the exhaust of other equipment.

Use the following procedures to install the BCM50 unit on a wall:

- To install the BCM50 wall-mount bracket on page 86
- To install the BCM50 unit on the wall-mount bracket on page 88

To install the BCM50 wall-mount bracket

1 Use a pencil to mark the location of the plywood backboard on the wall. Use a ruler and a level to make sure that the plywood backboard is level.

> **Note:** Nortel recommends the use of a plywood backboard to simplify installing multiple BCM50 units. However, due to the compact size and light weight of the BCM50 units, a backboard is not required.
>
> If you do not use a backboard, use the appropriate wall anchors or ensure the screws are in a stud.

2 Mount the plywood backboard securely to the wall.

3 Place the wall-mount bracket on the backboard and mark the location of the center keyhole-shaped screw hole on the plywood backboard. See the figure Wall-mount bracket on page 87.

Figure 38   Wall-mount bracket

Attach the wall-mount bracket with 5 screws:
- Two screws mount through the cable trough (open the cable-management door).
- Three screws mount as shown in the figure.

Note: When you use three screws, Nortel recommends installing the screws in the three holes labeled "1" or the three holes labeled "2".
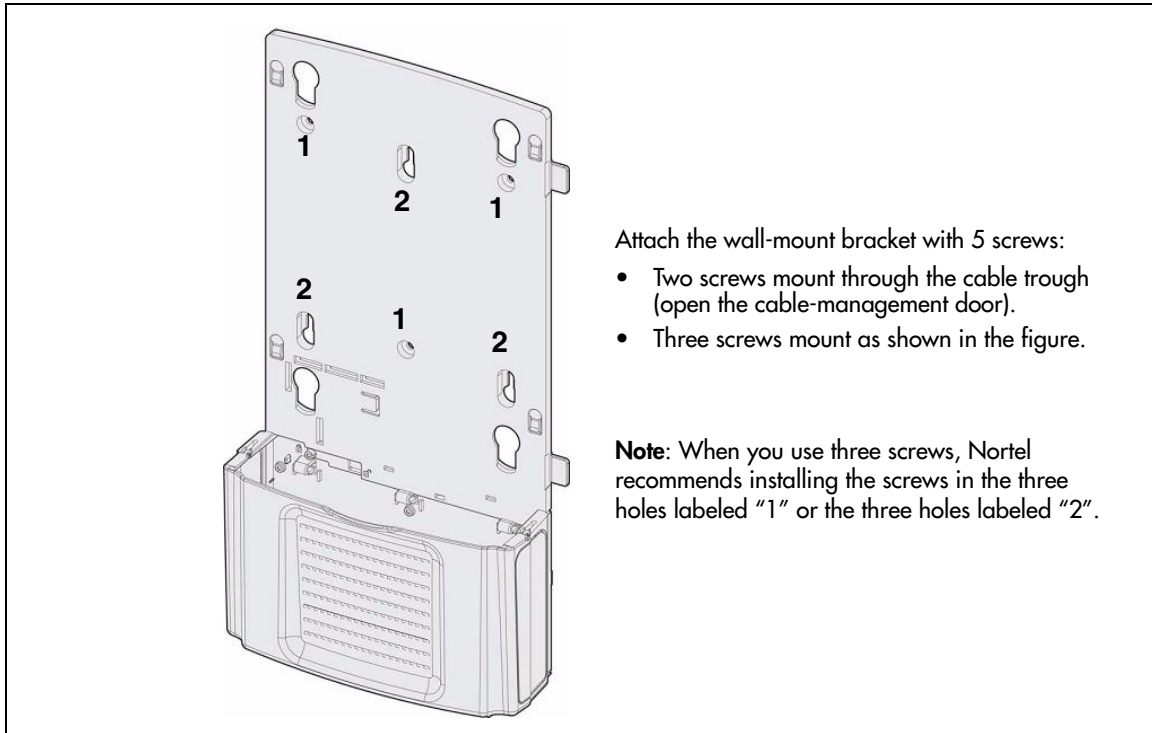
4   Prepare the wall-mount bracket by removing the alignment tabs:

- If this is the only unit in the BCM50 system, remove the alignment tabs on the right side of the wall-mount bracket.

- If this is the last unit on a BCM50 system with multiple units, remove the alignment tabs on the left side of the wall-mount bracket.

Place the additional wall-mount bracket on the backboard on the right side of the existing wall-mount bracket. Use the alignment tabs to ensure the two wall-mount brackets are properly aligned.

If these options do not meet your requirements, other options are available. For example, you can route the Amphenol connector cable to the left of the unit, or you can route the cable straight down the wall.

5   Attach the wall-mount bracket with five #8 x 2 cm (#8 x 0.75 in.) round-head wood screws:

a   Install one screw in the backboard. Do not tighten the screw head against the backboard. Leave approximately 0.5 cm (0.25 in.) of the screw exposed from the backboard.

b   Hang the wall-mount bracket on the mounting screw.

c   Use a level to make sure the wall-mount bracket is level.

d   Install two screws into the screw holes in the wall-mount bracket. See the figure Wall-mount bracket on page 87.

e   Tighten the wood screws against the wall-mount bracket.

f   Open the cable-management door.

    g   Install two screws into the screw holes in the cable trough.

6   If the BCM50 system has only one unit, go to the procedure To install the BCM50 unit on the wall-mount bracket on page 88.
If the BCM50 system has more than one unit, repeat steps 3 to 6 for each wall-mount bracket.

7   Go to the procedure To install the BCM50 unit on the wall-mount bracket on page 88.

To install the BCM50 unit on the wall-mount bracket

1   Insert the power supply retention clip into the BCM50 unit.

2   Slide the wall-mount lock fully to the right (unlock position). See the figure Wall-mount lock in unlock position on page 88.

Figure 39   Wall-mount lock in unlock position
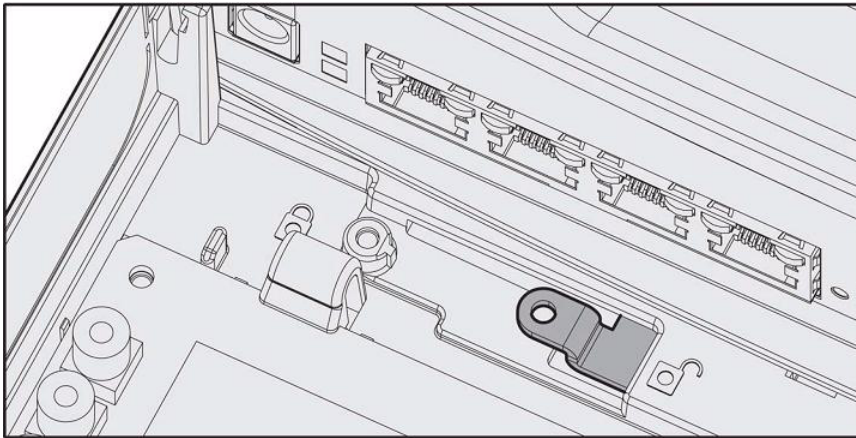
3   Align the feet on the BCM50 unit with the four holes in the wall-mount bracket. See the figure Attach the BCM50 unit to the wall-mount bracket on page 89.

Figure 40   Attach the BCM50 unit to the wall-mount bracket
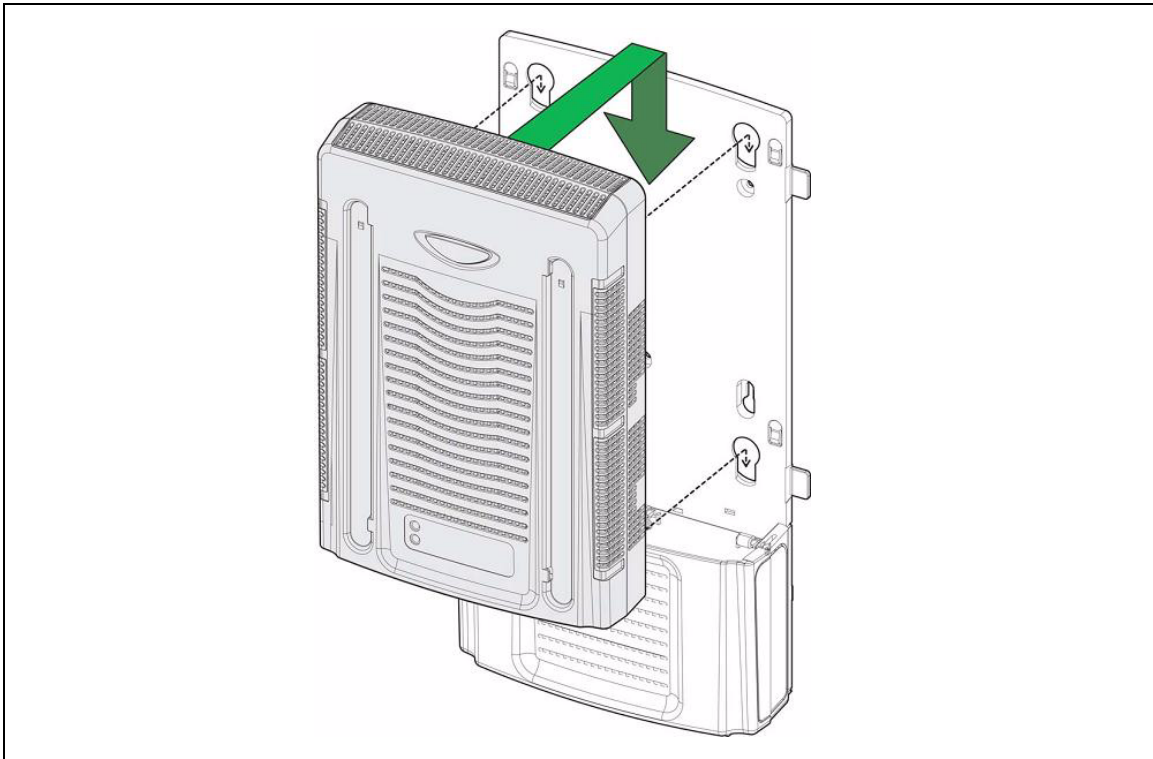
4   Press the unit against the wall-mount bracket and slide the unit down until it clicks in place.

5   Slide the wall-mount lock to the left (lock position). See the figure Wall-mount lock in lock position on page 89.

Figure 41   Wall-mount lock in lock position
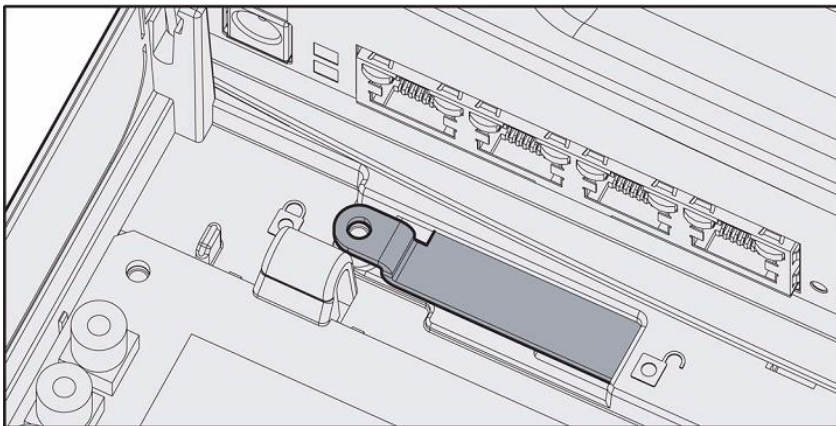
6   Use the supplied screw to secure the wall-mount lock in position.

7   Repeat steps 1 to 6 for each additional BCM50 unit you install.

8 Install the BCM50 power supply using a method appropriate for your environment. The power supply must be within 1.5 m (5 feet) of the BCM50 unit and within 1.5 m (5 feet) of the AC power outlet (wall outlet or UPS).

9 Repeat step 8 for each BCM50 power supply.

To install the power supply using the BCM50 power supply unit (optional)

1 Install up to three power supplies into the BCM50 power supply unit.

2 Install a wall-mount bracket beside your other wall-mount brackets. See the procedure To install the BCM50 wall-mount bracket on page 86.

3 Slide the BCM50 power supply unit into the wall-mount bracket.

Installing the wiring field card (optional)

Install the optional wiring field card (WFC) in the cable-management tray of the main unit.

To install the WFC

1 Clear the WFC installation area of all cables.

2 Place the WFC in the installation area with the 50-pin header at the top.

3 Slide the WFC down until it is at the bottom of the installation area and held in place by the three clips. See the figure Slide in the WFC on page 90.

Figure 42   Slide in the WFC
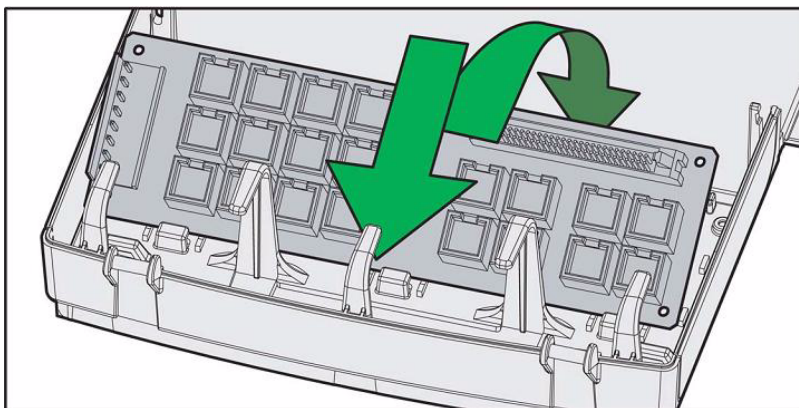
4 Press the WFC firmly at the top left corner, center, and right tabs. The WFC snaps into place. See the figure Snap the WFC into place on page 91.

Figure 43   Snap the WFC into place
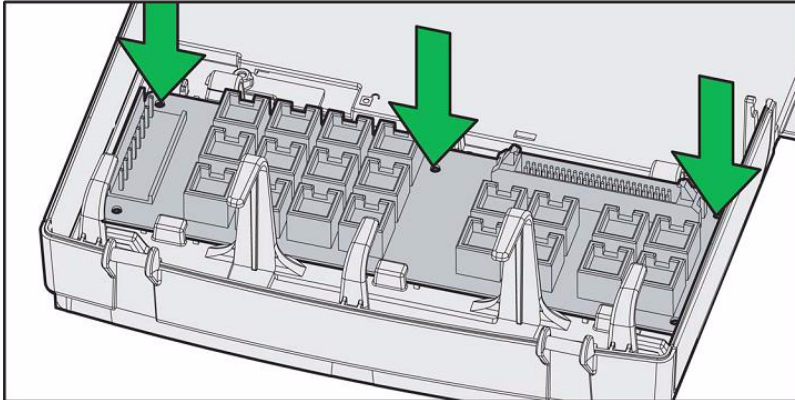
5   Optional—Install the three screws to secure the WFC in place.

6   Continue with the procedure To connect the cables to the wiring field card (optional) on page 113.

Installing the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf

To mount a BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf, attach the supplied rubber feet to the bottom of the unit. If the BCM50 system includes additional units, you can set the additional units beside, or stack them on top of, the first unit. If you are mounting the additional units beside the first unit, attach the supplied rubber feet to the bottom of each unit. If you are stacking the additional units on top of the first unit, mount each unit into the tabs on top of another unit.

> ⬡ **Caution:** For acceptable environmental conditions before selecting a location for the BCM50 system, see Checking the installation prerequisites on page 77.

> ➡ **Note:** To keep the BCM50 unit operating at the optimal internal temperature, keep the top, sides, and rear clear of obstructions and away from the exhaust of other equipment.
>
> Place no objects, except other BCM50 units, on top of the main unit.

To install the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf

To install the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf:

1   Insert the power supply retention clip into the BCM50 unit.

2   Attach the four self-adhesive rubber feet to the bottom of the BCM50 unit by peeling off the paper backing and placing the feet on the unit as indicated in the figure Location for feet on the bottom of the BCM50 unit on page 92.

Figure 44   Location for feet on the bottom of the BCM50 unit

Attach feet here
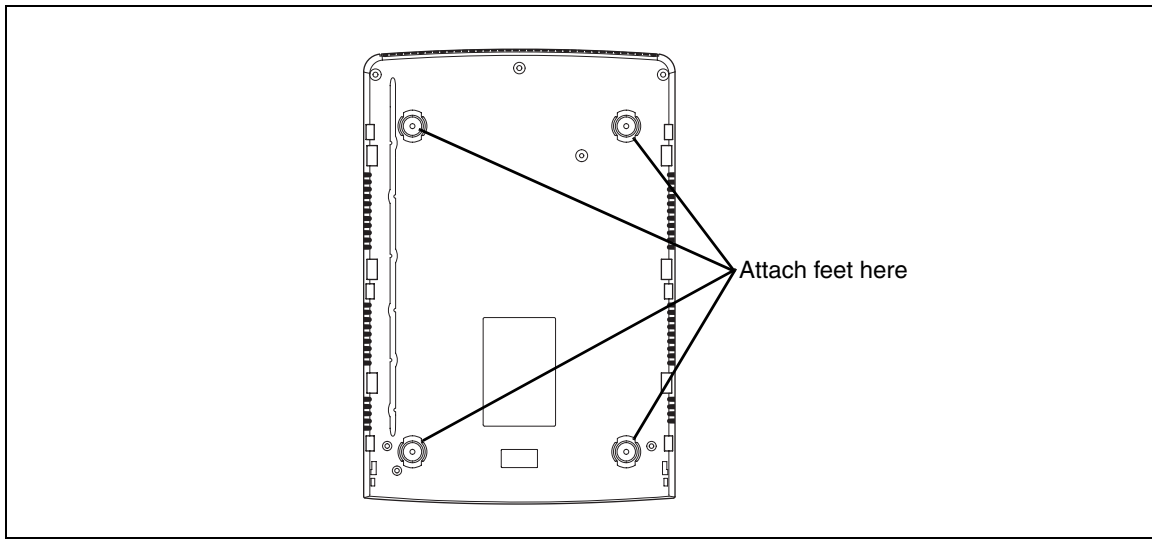
3 Position the BCM50 unit on a table or shelf. Make sure you leave enough space around the unit for ventilation and access to the cables.

4 If the BCM50 system has additional units, you can install the other units on top of, or beside, the existing BCM50 unit.

  • To install the additional units beside the existing unit, repeat steps 1 to 3 for each unit.

  • To install the additional units on top of the existing unit, see the procedure To install a BCM50 unit on top of another unit on page 85.

5 Install the power supply next to the BCM50 unit.
The power supply must be within 1.5 m (5 feet) of the BCM50 unit and within 1.5 m (5 feet) of the AC power outlet (wall outlet or UPS).

6 Repeat step 5 for each power supply.

Next step

If you install an expansion unit, proceed to Installing an expansion unit on page 93.

Otherwise, proceed to Connecting the cables to the BCM50 system on page 99.

Chapter 8
Installing an expansion unit

Adding an expansion unit increases the capacity of your BCM50 system by providing a method of adding a media bay module (MBM). Each MBM you add increases the number of public switched telephone network (PSTN) trunks or extensions that you can connect to the BCM50 system.

The figure Overview of installing a expansion unit on page 93 shows the steps required to install the expansion unit.

Figure 45   Overview of installing a expansion unit
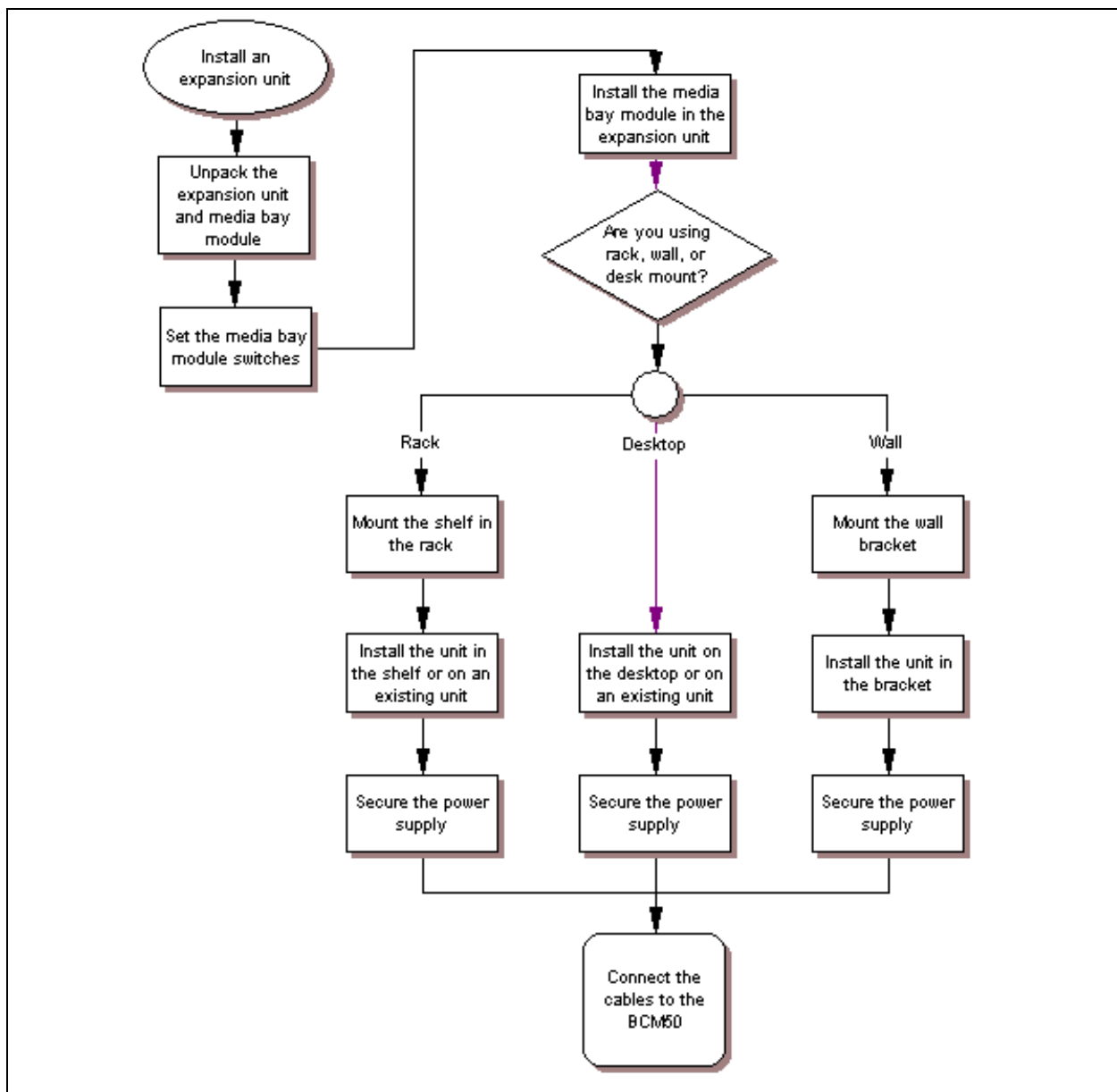
For information about installing an expansion unit:

- Unpacking the expansion unit on page 94
- Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94
- Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97
- Installing the expansion unit on page 97

Unpacking the expansion unit

Open the expansion unit box and remove all the components. Check that the box contains the following components:

- one expansion unit
- one expansion unit power supply
- one power supply cable
- one expansion cable (shielded Ethernet cable)
- one power supply retention clip
- four rubber feet

Visually inspect the components for damage during shipping. If you find damage, contact your Nortel representative.

⚠	**Warning:** Make sure the power supply to the expansion unit is disconnected before inserting or removing an MBM.

Verifying the media bay module switch settings

Each MBM has dip switches on the back or underside of the module. See the figure Switches on the media bay module (not applicable for GASM or GATM) on page 95.

Figure 46   Switches on the media bay module (not applicable for GASM or GATM)

Underside of MBM

6 5 4 3 2 1   Off

On

dip switches

Back of MBM

On   1 2 3 4 5 6   Top of MBM

Off

Rear view of MBM
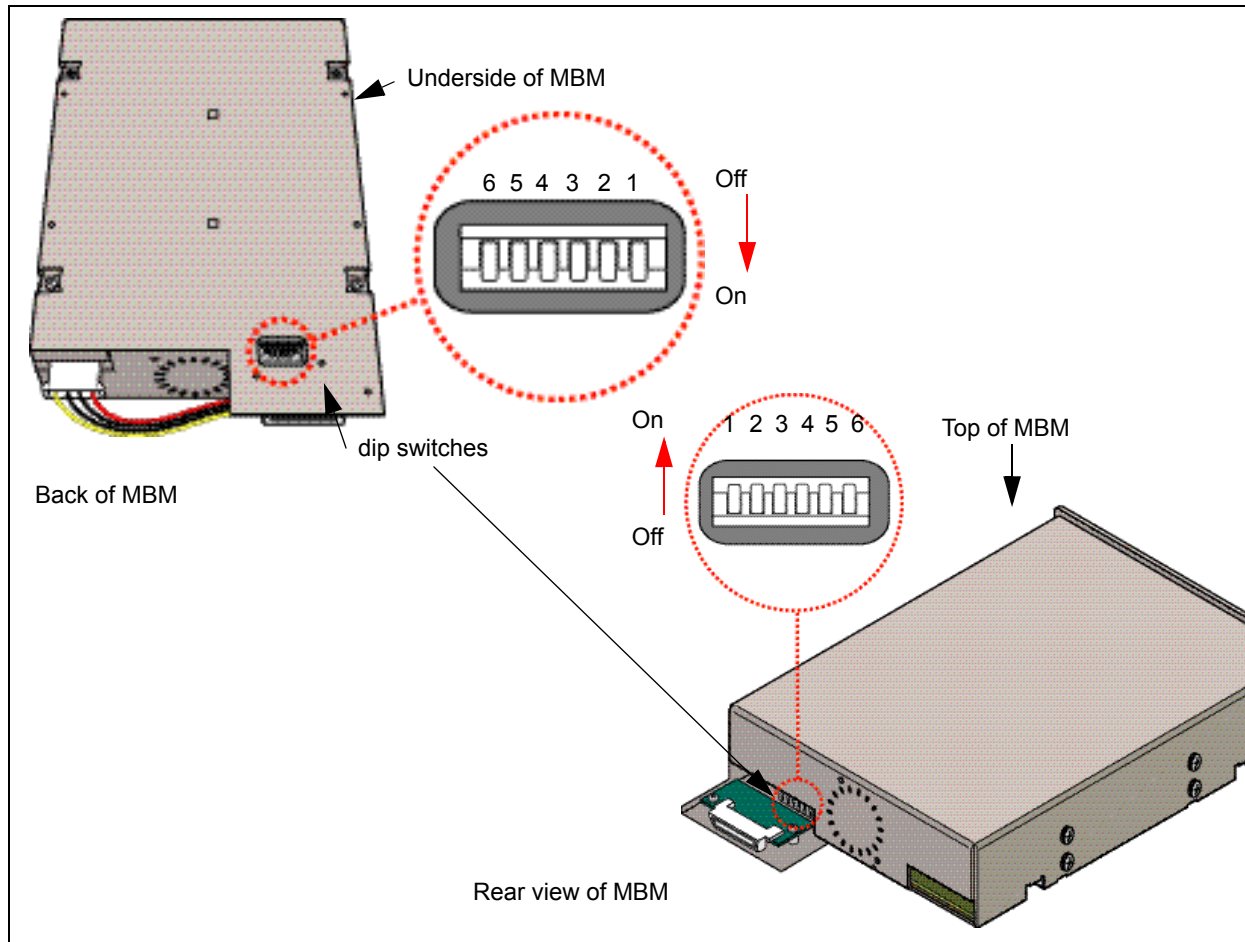
> **Note:** The GASM and GATM MBMs have a dip switch configuration different from that shown in the figure Switches on the media bay module (not applicable for GASM or GATM) on page 95. For more information, see the procedure To set GASM dip switches on page 96 and the procedure To set GATM dip switches on page 97.

Verify that the dip switches for your MBMs are in the default factory positions.

If you install a DTM, ADID4, ADID8, BRIM, 4x16, DSM16, DSM32, or ASM8, ensure that all the switches are on, which is the default setting for the MBM switches. After you set the switches, proceed to Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97.

To set G4x16 or G8x16 dip switches

1 Set the Module Select dip switches to on (up). See the figure G4x16/G8x16 dip switch location on page 96.

2 Set the Mode/Country Select dip switches to off (down); this setting allows the MBM to automatically download the country profile settings.

Figure 47 G4x16/G8x16 dip switch location
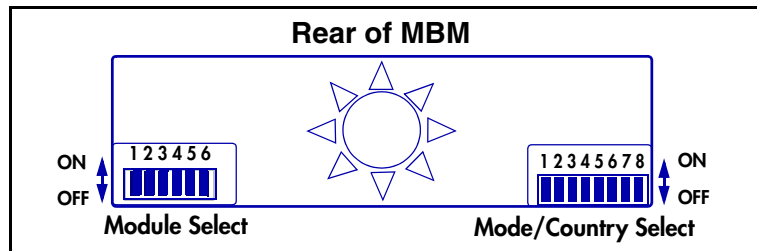
For information about line and DN settings, see the table G4x16/G8x16 lines and DNs settings on page 96.

Table 17 G4x16/G8x16 lines and DNs settings

Expansion unit	Module	Card	Lines	DNs
1	05	01	065-068 (G4X16) 065-072 (G8x16)	253-268
2	07	01	095-098 (G4X16) 095-102 (G8X16)	285-300

To set GASM dip switches

1 For the dip switches on the left side at the rear of the module, set all switches to on.

2 For the dip switches on the right side at the rear of the module, set the switches according to the table GASM dip switch settings (switch 1–3) on page 96 and the table GASM dip switch settings (switch 4–8) on page 97.

Table 18 GASM dip switch settings (switch 1–3)

Switch	Description	Setting
Switch 1	Firmware download capability	OFF—Standard mode (firmware downloading not supported) ON—Enhanced mode (firmware downloading supported)
Switch 2	Set when the firmware is downloaded from the BCM50 (for enhanced mode only)	OFF—if you want the GASM to download the firmware when the firmware version in the BCM50 is different from the version in the GASM (default) ON—if you want the GASM to download the firmware whenever a cold start is performed for the BCM50
Switch 3	Enable or disable echo cancellation	OFF—Enables echo cancellation (default) ON—Disables echo cancellation

Table 19   GASM dip switch settings (switch 4–8)

Switches 4 to 8 select the region for the GASM as follows:					
	Switch 4	**Switch 5**	**Switch 6**	**Switch 7**	**Switch 8**
North America	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
United Kingdom	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
Australia	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Poland	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON

3   After you set the switches, proceed to Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97.

To set GATM dip switches

1   For the dip switches on the left side at the rear of the module, set all switches to on.

2   For the dip switches on the right side at the rear of the module (country profile switches), set all switches to off. The GATM downloads the country profiles automatically.

3   After you set the switches, proceed to Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97.

Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit

Follow this procedure to install a media bay module (MBM).

To install an MBM

1   Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2   With the face of the MBM toward you, insert the MBM into the expansion unit.

3   Push the MBM completely into the expansion unit. You hear a click when the MBM is firmly seated in the expansion unit.

The MBM must be configured for it to function. For information about configuring an MBM, see the procedure To configure the MBM(s) on page 152.

4   Proceed with Installing the expansion unit on page 97.

Installing the expansion unit

Make sure that the expansion unit is installed close enough to the main unit so that the supplied expansion cable can be connected between the expansion unit and main unit.

The expansion unit can be mounted in a rack, on a wall, or on a desktop. Typically, the expansion unit is mounted in the same way as the main unit.

Use one of the following procedures to mount the expansion unit:

- Installing the BCM50 unit in an equipment rack on page 82
- Installing the BCM50 unit on the wall on page 86
- Installing the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf on page 91

Next step

If you install a second expansion unit on the system, repeat the procedures in this section for the second expansion unit.

After you install the expansion unit, proceed to Connecting the cables to the BCM50 system on page 99.

Chapter 9
Connecting the cables to the BCM50 system

This section describes how to connect the telephone lines, telephony devices, and power to the BCM50 system.

The figure Overview of connecting cables to the BCM50 system on page 99 shows the steps required to connect the cables to the BCM50 system.

Figure 48   Overview of connecting cables to the BCM50 system
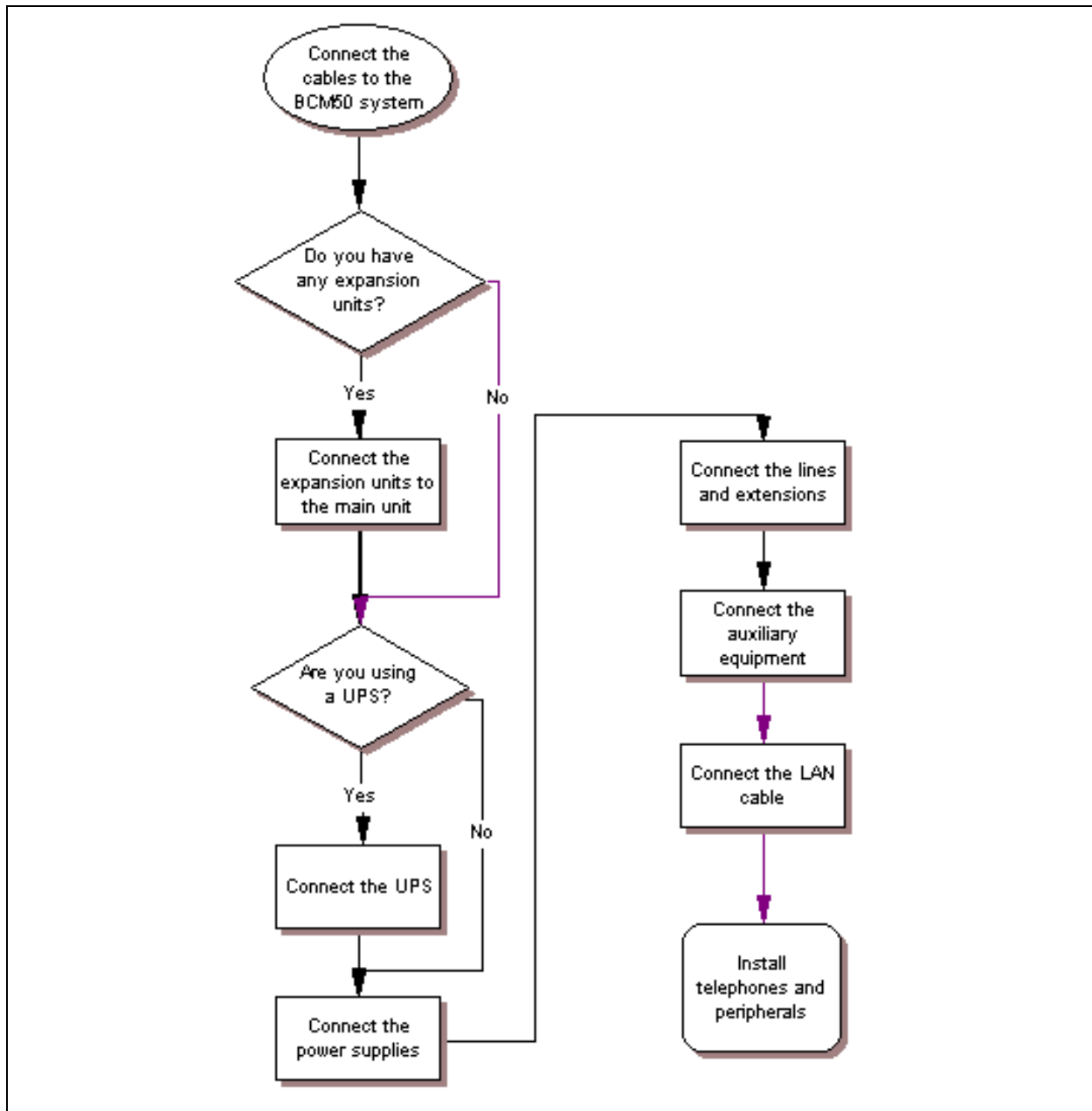
For information about connecting the cables to the BCM50 system:

- Connecting the expansion unit on page 100
- Connecting the power supply on page 102
- Connecting the lines and extensions on page 104
- Connecting the auxiliary equipment on page 109

Connecting the expansion unit

The expansion unit connects to the main unit through the expansion ports on the front of the units. The figure Expansion ports on page 100 shows the location of the expansion ports on the BCM50 main unit and the expansion unit.

Figure 49 Expansion ports
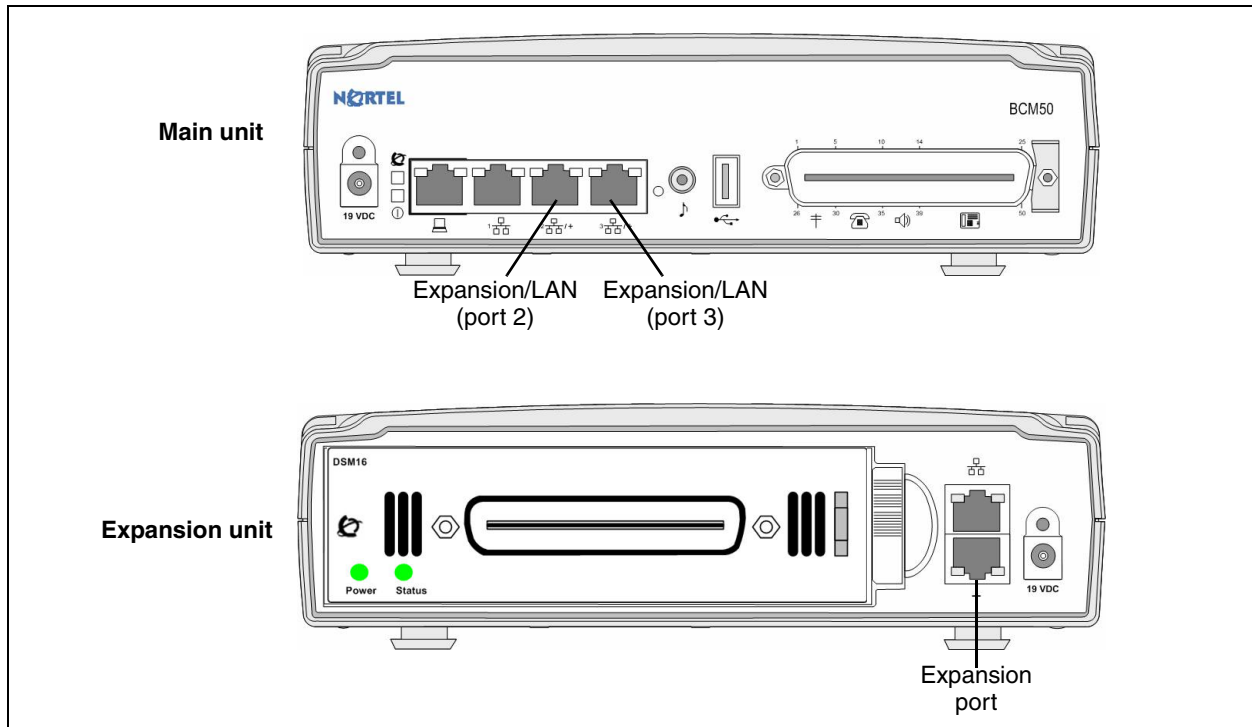
→ **Note:** The expansion unit connected to expansion/LAN port 2 on the main unit is designated as Expansion 1 in Element Manager, while the expansion unit connected to expansion/LAN port 3 is designated as Expansion 2.

Use this information to configure the correct media bay module (MBM) in Element Manager (see Configuring the media bay module on page 152).

If your BCM50 system does not have an expansion unit, proceed to Connecting the power supply on page 102.

To connect an expansion unit

> ➡️ **Note:** Keycodes are required for the expansion ports to function. If you purchase a keycode for one expansion port only, expansion/LAN port 2 (on the left) is active.

1 Locate the expansion cable supplied with the expansion unit.
If have no expansion cable, you can use a shielded category 5e-compliant Ethernet cable (maximum length of 10 m).

2 Plug one end of the expansion cable into the expansion port on the expansion unit.

3 Perform one of the following tasks (see the figure Connecting the expansion unit to the BCM50 main unit on page 101):

- **To connect the first expansion unit**: Plug the other end of the expansion cable into expansion/LAN port 2 on the main unit. This expansion unit is now designated as Expansion 1 in Element Manager.
- **To connect the second expansion unit**: Plug the other end of the expansion cable into expansion/LAN port 3 on the main unit. This expansion unit is now designated as Expansion 2 in Element Manager.

> ➡️ **Note:** When you plug an expansion unit into the correct port on the main unit, the LEDs on the expansion unit port light, while the LEDs on the main unit port turn off.

Figure 50   Connecting the expansion unit to the BCM50 main unit
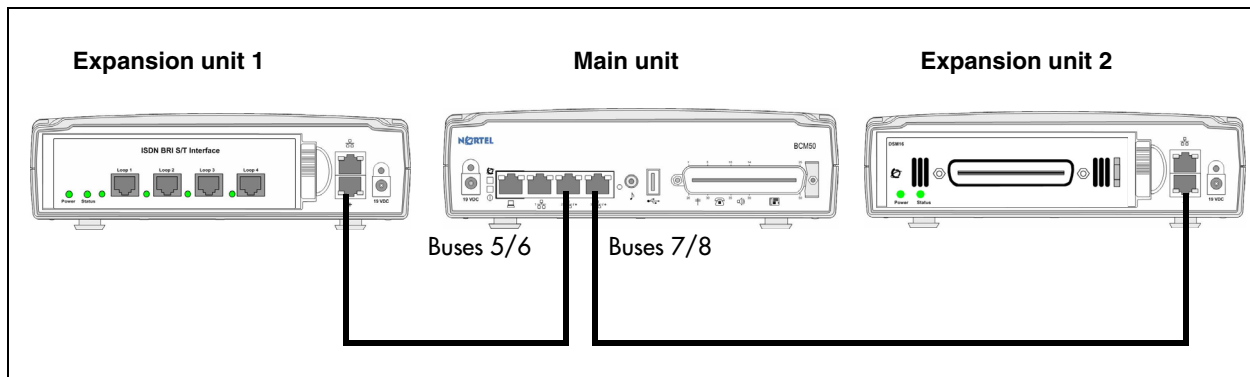
The expansion port you select determines the line and extension numbers of the devices connected to the expansion unit. For the default line and extension numbers, see the table Default line and extension numbers on page 102. If you have a second expansion unit, repeat steps 1 to 3 for the second unit.

Table 20   Default line and extension numbers

	Default extension numbers*	Default line numbers*
Main unit	Digital: 221–232 Analog: 233–236	061–064
Expansion port 1	237–268	065–094
Expansion port 2	269–300	095–124
* The number and type of lines and extensions that are available on the expansion ports are determined by the MBM you install in the expansion unit.		

Connecting the power supply

An uninterruptible power supply (UPS) is an optional device that you connect to your BCM50 system. The UPS provides battery backup for the BCM50 system to maintain continuous operation during a power interruption or failure. For more information about the UPS, see Uninterruptable power supply on page 51.

When connecting a UPS, you must use a USB hub between the UPS and the BCM50 system.

➡   **Note:** For the UPS to function correctly, you must first connect it before you power up the BCM50 system. If you connect a UPS to a running system, the UPS does not function.

➡   **Note:** International (non-North American) users require the power supply adapter cord to connect the power supply to the special power bar. For more information, see Power supply adapter cord (international users) on page 51.

The figure Connect a UPS on page 103 shows how to connect the UPS.

Figure 51   Connect a UPS
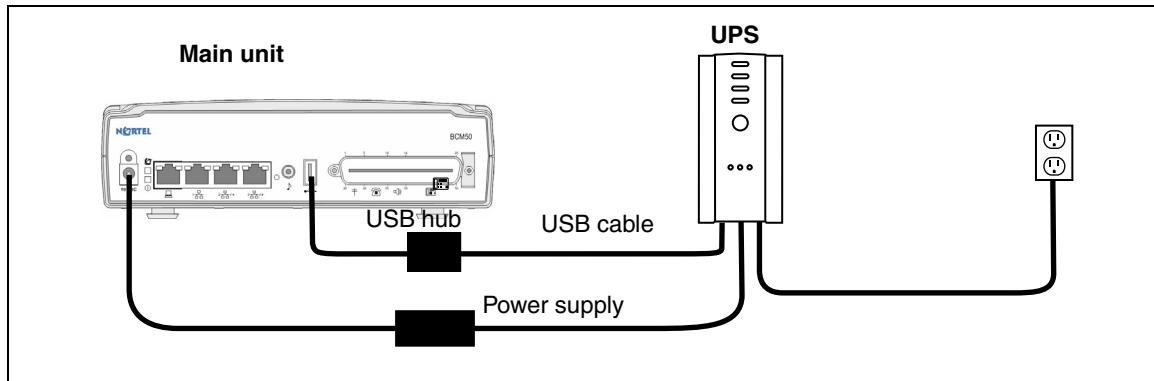
If your BCM50 system does not have a UPS, continue with the procedure To connect a power supply without a UPS on page 103.

To connect a power supply using a UPS

1   Mount the UPS within 1.5 meters (5 ft.) of the BCM50 units.
The UPS must be close enough to the BCM50 units that you can connect the power supply to both the UPS and the BCM50 units.

2   Plug one end of the USB cable into the USB port on the UPS.
For information about the location of the ports on the UPS, see the UPS documentation.

3   Plug the other end of the USB cable into the USB hub.

4   Plug one end of the second USB cable into the USB hub.

5   Plug the other end of the second USB cable into the USB port on the main unit.

6   Plug the UPS power cord into the AC power source (wall outlet).

7   Proceed to Connecting the lines and extensions on page 104.

To connect a power supply without a UPS

1   Unpack the new power supply.

2   Check the power supply for damage. If you find damage, contact your Nortel representative.

> ⚠ **Warning:** Do not use the power supply if the power supply cord or power supply cable is damaged.

3   Rotate the retention clip so the power outlet is open.

4   Plug the power supply cord into the BCM50 unit.

> → **Note:** Use only the power supply that is approved by Nortel for use with the BCM50 units.

5   Rotate the retention clip so that it locks the power supply cord in place.

6   Plug one end of the power supply cable into the power supply.

7   Plug the other end of the power supply cable into the AC power source (wall outlet).

8   Repeat steps 1 to 6 for each BCM50 unit.

> ⚠️ **Warning: Leakage currents**
>
> You must reconnect the power cords to a grounded outlet before reconnecting the telephony and data networking cables.

9   Proceed to Connecting the lines and extensions on page 104.

Connecting the lines and extensions

The telephone lines and extensions connect to the BCM50 system through an RJ-21 telephony connector on the front of the main unit and to the connectors on the MBM installed in the expansion units.

You can also use the optional wiring field card (WFC) to simplify the connection of the lines and extensions to the RJ-21 telephony connector in a wall-mount or desktop-mount installation. For rack-mount installations you can use the optional rack-mount patch panel.

For information about connecting lines and extensions:

Wiring warnings

Read the following warnings before you connect any telephone lines or extensions to the BCM50 system.

Warning: Electrical shock warning
The MBMs are safety approved for installation into the expansion unit. The installer and user must ensure that installation of the hardware does not compromise existing safety approvals.

BEFORE YOU OPEN the main unit or expansion unit, ensure that the network telecommunication cables are unplugged and the unit is disconnected from the AC power source.

Station modules: Connect the ports on these modules only to approved digital telephones and peripherals with the proper cables on a protected internal wiring system.

Do not connect telephones to wiring that extends to the outside of the building.

Read and follow the installation instructions carefully.

Warning: Use only qualified persons to service the system.
Service personnel with the appropriate training and experience must perform the installation and service of this unit. Service personnel must be aware of the hazards of working with telephony equipment and wiring. They must have experience in techniques that minimize any danger of shock or equipment damage.

Warning: Leakage currents
Service personnel must be alert to the possibility of high leakage currents becoming available on metal system surfaces during power-line fault events on network lines. These leakage currents normally flow safely to protective earth ground through the power cord. However, if the AC power is unplugged prior to disconnecting the cables from the BCM50 units, this hazard can occur.

System shutdown: You must disconnect the telephony and data networking cables from the system before disconnecting the power cord from a grounded outlet.

System startup: You must reconnect the power cords to a grounded outlet before reconnecting the telephony and data networking cables.

⚡ **Danger: Electrical shock hazards**

Electrical shock hazards from the telecommunications network and AC mains are possible with this equipment. To minimize risk to service personnel and users, you must connect the BCM50 system to an outlet with a third-wire ground. In addition, all unused slots must have blank faceplates installed. The covers on all units must be in place after servicing.

Connecting lines and extensions to the RJ-21 telephony connector

You can connect 4 analog lines, 4 analog extensions, and 12 digital extensions to the RJ-21 telephony connector.

If you use the WFC to connect the lines and extensions to the RJ-21 telephony connector, see Installing the wiring field card (optional) on page 90 and the procedure To connect the cables to the wiring field card (optional) on page 113.

⚠ **Warning:** If you use the same phone line for both an analog trunk and a DSL line, you must install a DSL filter on the analog trunk to avoid interference with the DSL modem.

To connect the lines and extensions

1 Read the warnings in Wiring warnings on page 105.

2 Obtain a 25-pair cable with an RJ-21 connector on one end.

3 Remove the appropriate side breakout from the cable-management door:

   • If this is the first unit on a BCM50 system with multiple units, remove the side breakout from the right side of the cable-management door.

   • If this is the center unit on a BCM50 system with more than two units, remove the side breakout from both sides of the cable-management door.

4 Plug the RJ-21 connector into the RJ-21 telephony connector on the main unit.

5 Select the appropriate option to secure the RJ-21 connector to the main unit:

   • If you use a straight RJ-21 connector, use the two supplied screws on the sides of the connector to secure it.

   • If you use a right-angle RJ-21 connector, use the supplied screw on the left side of the connector to secure the left side of the connector. To secure the right side of the connector, use the supplied cable tie to fasten the 25-pair cable to the anchor on the main unit.

6 Connect the four pairs of wires for the analog lines to the telephone company demarcation blocks of the building.

7 Connect the four pairs of wires for the analog telephones to the local connecting blocks.

8 Connect the 12 pairs of wires for the digital telephones to the local connecting blocks.

9 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If your BCM50 system has an expansion unit, proceed to Connecting telephone lines to the expansion units on page 107 or Connecting extensions to the expansion units on page 108.
- If your BCM50 system has no expansion unit, proceed to Connecting the auxiliary equipment on page 109.

For detailed information about wiring the RJ-21 telephony connector, see RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart on page 203.

Connecting telephone lines to the expansion units

Telephone lines connect to the expansion unit through the connectors on the MBM installed in the expansion unit.

To connect telephone lines to DTM, BRIM, or 4x16 MBMs

1 Read the warnings in Wiring warnings on page 105.

2 Obtain a telephone cable that has a modular plug that matches the MBM to which you are connecting:

- RJ-48C—for DTM
- RJ-45—for BRIM
- RJ-11—for 4x16

3 Plug the modular cable into the jack in the front of the MBM.

4 Connect the other end of the cable to the telephone company demarcation blocks of the building.

5 If you connect telephone lines to a 4x16 or BRIM, repeat steps 2 to 4 for each line.

> ⚠ **Warning:** If the network ISDN is a U-loop, you must connect the BRIM only to an NT1 provided by the service provider. The NT1 must provide a Telecommunication Network Voltage (TNV) to Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) barrier.

> ➡ **Note:** Do not attempt to plug digital equipment into the auxiliary (AUX) jacks on the front of 4x16 MBM.

6 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If you connect a 4x16 MBM, go to Connecting extensions to the expansion units on page 108 for instruction about wiring the extensions for this MBM.
- If your BCM50 system has another expansion unit, repeat this procedure if you add more telephone lines, or proceed to Connecting extensions to the expansion units on page 108 if you add extensions.

- If your BCM50 system has no other expansion unit, proceed to Connecting the auxiliary equipment on page 109.

To connect analog telephone lines to the GATM4/GATM8 or G4x16/G8x16

1 Read the warnings in Wiring warnings on page 105.

2 Obtain a 25-pair cable with an RJ-21 connector on one end.

3 Plug the RJ-21 connector of the cable into the RJ-21 connector on the front of the MBM.

Use the lower RJ-21 connector on the G4x16/G8x16 MBMs to connect analog lines.

4 Select the appropriate option to secure the RJ-21 connector to the MBM:

- If you use a straight RJ-21 connector, use the two supplied screws on the sides of the connector to secure it.
- If you use a right-angle RJ-21 connector, use the supplied screw on the left side of the connector to secure the left side of the connector. To secure the right side of the connector, use the supplied cable tie to fasten the 25-pair cable to the anchor on the MBM.

5 Connect the other end of the cable to the telephone company demarcation blocks of the building.

6 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If your BCM50 system has another expansion unit, repeat this procedure if you add more telephone lines, or proceed to Connecting extensions to the expansion units on page 108 if you add extensions.
- If your BCM50 system has no other expansion unit, proceed to Connecting the auxiliary equipment on page 109.

For information about wiring the trunk MBMs:

- DTM wiring chart on page 215
- BRIM wiring chart on page 217
- GATM wiring chart on page 221
- 4x16 wiring charts on page 225
- G4x16 and G8x16 wiring charts on page 229

Connecting extensions to the expansion units

Extensions connect to the expansion unit through the connectors on the MBM installed in the expansion unit.

To connect extensions to DSM16, DSM32, ASM8, 4x16, G4x16, or G8x16 MBMs

1 Read the warnings in the Wiring warnings on page 105 section.

2 Obtain a 25-pair cable with an RJ-21 connector on one end.

3 Plug the RJ-21 connector of the cable into the RJ-21 connector on the front of the MBM.

Use the upper RJ-21 connector on the G4x16/G8x16 MBMs to connect digital extensions.

4 Select the appropriate option to secure the RJ-21 connector to the MBM:

- If you use a straight RJ-21 connector, use the two supplied screws on the sides of the connector to secure it.
- If you use a right-angle RJ-21 connector, use the supplied screw on the left side of the connector to secure the left side of the connector. To secure the right side of the connector, use the supplied cable tie to fasten the 25-pair cable to the anchor on the MBM.

5 Connect the other end of the cable to the local connecting blocks.

6 If you connect extensions to a DSM32, repeat steps 2 to 5 for the second RJ-21 connector.

7 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If your BCM50 system has another expansion unit, repeat this procedure if you add more extensions, or proceed to Connecting telephone lines to the expansion units on page 107 if you add telephone lines.
- If your BCM50 system has no other expansion unit, proceed to Connecting the auxiliary equipment on page 109.

For information about wiring the station MBMs:

- 4x16 wiring charts on page 225
- G4x16 and G8x16 wiring charts on page 229
- DSM16 and DSM32 wiring charts on page 233
- ASM8, ASM8+, and GASM wiring chart on page 237

Connecting the auxiliary equipment

The main unit has connections for an auxiliary ringer, an external paging system, and a music source.

You can connect this auxiliary equipment through the auxiliary terminal block on the wiring field card (WFC) or the patch panel. See the procedure To connect the cables to the wiring field card (optional) on page 113 or the procedure To connect the cables to the patch panel (optional) on page 113.

For information about connecting auxiliary equipment:

- Connecting an auxiliary ringer on page 110
- Connecting an external paging system on page 110
- Connecting an external music source on page 111

Connecting an auxiliary ringer

An auxiliary ringer is a customer-supplied piece of hardware that provides external ringing capability to telephones on the BCM50 system.

To install an auxiliary ringer

1 Use the installation instructions supplied with the ringer hardware to install the auxiliary ringer.

2 Connect the ringer generator to the auxiliary ringer output pair on the RJ-21 telephony connector. To determine which pair of wires to use for the auxiliary ringer, see RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart on page 203.

> ⚠ **Warning:** You must not connect auxiliary ringer to unprotected plant wiring. The ringer must not draw more than 50 mA from a 40 V DC source.

3 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If you add more auxiliary equipment, proceed to Connecting an external paging system on page 110 or Connecting an external music source on page 111.
- When you finish adding auxiliary equipment, proceed to Next step on page 114.

Connecting an external paging system

You can connect a customer-supplied external paging system to provide paging over external loudspeakers.

Ensure the paging system follows these guidelines:

- The paging output from the main unit is 100 mV rms across an input impedance of 600 Ω
- The output level is 0 dBm0 with reference to 600 ohms for a PCM encoded signal at 0 dBm. There is no DC voltage across the page output terminals.

When you use the page signal output to connect an external paging amplifier, you also use the page relay output that contains a floating relay contact pair. The system uses this output to control the external paging amplifier.

- The contact pair for the page relay output has a switch capacity of 50 mA (non inductive) at 40 V (maximum).

To install an external paging system

1 Use the installation instructions supplied with the external paging hardware to install the external paging system.

2 Connect the paging system audio input to the page output on the RJ-21 telephony connector. To determine which pair of wires to use for the page output, see RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart on page 203.

3 Connect the paging system relay to the page relay output on the RJ-21 telephony connector. To determine which pair of wires to use for the page relay output, see RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart on page 203.

⚠ **Warning:** You must connect the paging connections to unprotected telephony plant wiring.

➡ **Tip: Paging tips**

External paging does not support talk back paging equipment unless you use an external line port.

The BCM50 system provides paging over the telephone speakers when no external paging equipment is available.

4 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If you add more auxiliary equipment, proceed to Connecting an external music source on page 111 or Connecting an auxiliary ringer on page 110.
- When you finish adding auxiliary equipment, proceed to Next step on page 114.

Connecting an external music source

Use this procedure to connect an external music source to the BCM50 system. You can use any customer-supplied, approved, low-power device as a music source. A music source includes equipment such as a radio with a high-impedance earphone jack.

For information about connecting an external music source:

- Music source specifications on page 111
- To connect the music source using the music source jack on page 112
- To connect the music source using the RJ-21 telephony connector on page 112

Music source specifications

Ensure that the music source follows these guidelines:

- Nominal input impedance is 3.3 kilohms.
- Nominal sensitivity of this interface returned to digital encoded PCM is –22 dBm0 for a 0.25 V rms input signal.
- The input is limited so that the encoded analog content at the digital interface to the network does not exceed –12 dBm when averaged over any three-second interval.
- The maximum non clipped input level is 1 V rms.
- The interface is protected against ringing cross.

The music source jack is on the front of the main unit. If you use the music source jack to connect the music source, do not connect a music source to the music source pair on the RJ-21 telephony connector.

To connect the music source using the music source jack

1 Connect the miniature jack of the music source output (3.5 mm mono audio jack) to the music source input on the BCM50 main unit. See the figure Music source jack on page 112.

Figure 52 Music source jack
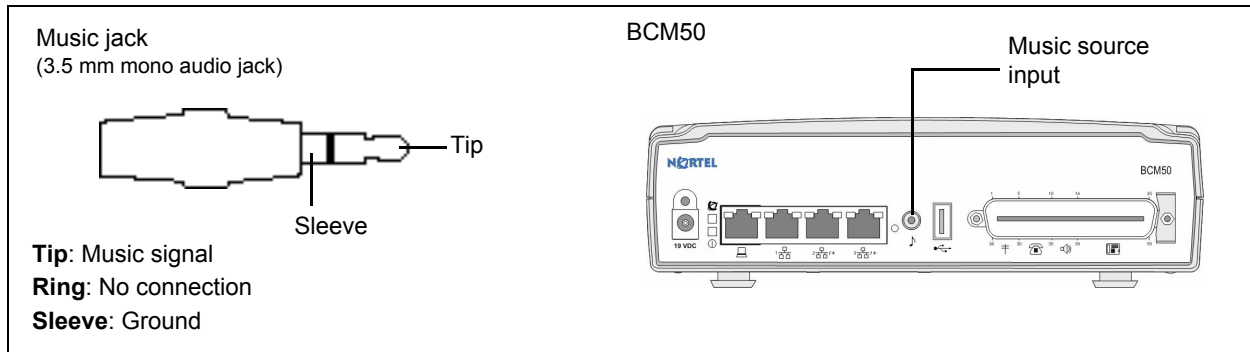
2 Adjust the volume of the music source to an appropriate level by placing a call and putting it on hold, and then adjust the volume at the music source.

→ **Tip:** You can adjust the background music volume at every telephone.

3 Select the appropriate option for your system:

- If you add more auxiliary equipment, see Connecting an external paging system on page 110 or Connecting an auxiliary ringer on page 110.
- When you finish adding auxiliary equipment, proceed to Next step on page 114.

To connect the music source using the RJ-21 telephony connector

→ **Note:** If you use the RJ-21 telephony connector to connect the music source, do not connect a music source to the music source jack on the front of the main unit.

1 Connect the music source output to the music source input on the RJ-21 telephony connector. To determine which pair of wires to use for the music source input, see RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart on page 203.

2 Adjust the volume of the music source to an appropriate level by placing a call and putting it on hold, and then adjust the volume at the music source.

> **Tip:** You can adjust the background music volume at every telephone.

3   Select the appropriate option for your system:

   - If you add more auxiliary equipment, proceed to Connecting an external paging system on page 110 or Connecting an auxiliary ringer on page 110.
   - When you finish adding auxiliary equipment, proceed to Next step on page 114.

To connect the cables to the wiring field card (optional)

1   Plug the RJ-21 end of the cable assembly into the RJ-21 telephony connector.

   The cable is now permanently connected to the RJ-21 telephony connector.

2   Remove the terminal block from the WFC:

   a   Slide a small flat screwdriver into the rectangular opening at the back of the terminal block.

   b   Pry the terminal block so the top rotates forward and the block comes free.

   Make the connections to the terminal block while it is removed from the header.

3   Use a small slotted screwdriver to unscrew the wire hole screws on top of the terminal block.

4   Insert the bare wire ends (6 mm or 0.25 in.) in the appropriate holes on the sides of the terminal block.

5   Tighten the screws to hold the wires in place.

6   Reinstall the terminal block on the header of the WFC.

7   Connect the remaining wires (digital telephones, analog telephones, and analog trunks) to the WFC.

   The eight-pin modular jacks on the WFC accept RJ-45 or RJ-11 modular plugs.

8   Connect cables to the main unit as required.

To connect the cables to the patch panel (optional)

1   Plug the RJ-21 end of the cable assembly into the RJ-21 telephony connector.

2   Plug the other end of the cable assembly into the patch panel header.

   The cable locks in place.

3   Remove the terminal block from the patch panel:

   a   Slide a small flat screwdriver into the rectangular opening at the back of the terminal block.

   b   Pry the terminal block so the top rotates forward and the block comes free.

   Make the connections to the terminal block while it is removed from the header.

4   Use a small slotted screwdriver to unscrew the wire hole screws on top of the terminal block.

5   Insert the bare wire ends (6 mm or 0.25 in.) in the appropriate holes on the sides of the terminal block.

6   Tighten the screws to hold the wires in place.

7   Reinstall the terminal block on the patch panel.

8   Connect the wires (digital telephones, analog telephones, and analog trunks) to the patch panel.

9   Connect cables to the main unit as required.

Next step

After you connect the cables to the BCM50 system, you can configure the initial parameters. For information about configuring these parameters, see Installing telephones and peripherals on page 115.

Chapter 10
Installing telephones and peripherals

This section describes how to install telephones and peripherals.

You can add telephones and peripherals before or after you initialize your system. Which station media bay module (MBM) you use determines your telephone configuration.

When you initialize the BCM50, it creates default settings for telephone DN records. The settings are based on which telephony profile you chose. To change these settings, use the Element Manager application. Specific instructions for configuring telephone operation through Element Manager are in the *Device Configuration Guide*.

> **Note:** For detailed information about installing various telephones and peripherals, see the documentation for your particular telephone or peripheral.

> **Note:** Programming occurs on the telephone when the BCM50 system recognizes the telephone on the system.

For information about installing telephones and peripherals:

System telephones

The BCM50 system supports a number of analog, digital, IP telephony, and cordless telephones. For more information on supported telephones, see Telephones and adapters on page 56.

Analog telephones are supported either through the analog station ports on the main unit, analog station MBMs (ASM), or by connecting to a digital module through an analog terminal adapter 2 (ATA2).

Each piece of equipment has documentation describing installation and telephone features.

Analog terminal adapter 2

The analog terminal adapter 2 (ATA2) connects a standard analog voice device or data communication device to a digital station connector on the BCM50 system.

For the requirements and procedure to install the device, see Installing the analog terminal adapter on page 119

Central Answering Position (CAP/eCAP)

A Central Answering Position (CAP) provides additional auto dial positions or additional line appearances.

The CAP consists of a T7316E telephone and from one to nine key indicator modules (KIMs). Each module provides 24 programmable keys with indicators. You can configure a telephone as an eCAP that supports line appearances on the KIM buttons. You can add a maximum of four KIMs (eKIMs) for a telephone configured as an eCAP A T7316E/KIM configuration not configured as an eCAP can support up to nine KIMs. This configuration supports only memory button programming. Adding a fifth KIM requires that you add a supplementary power supply.

> **→** **Note: Programming**
> The T7316E+eKIM does not support auto dial keys programmed with Hunt group DNs.

See the CAP user card for instructions about using a CAP. For more information, see the *Device Configuration Guide*.

Installing an emergency telephone

You can use the emergency telephone to make calls when no power is available to the BCM50 system.

You cannot connect an emergency telephone to a main unit. An emergency telephone can be connected only to an expansion unit with a caller ID trunk module (CTM) or a global analog trunk module (GATM).

To install an emergency telephone on the BCM50 system, connect a single-line analog telephone to the auxiliary port on the CTM/GATM. When you make a call from the emergency telephone, the auxiliary port uses the telephone line connected to the line 1 port of the CTM or GATM.

You can connect an emergency telephone to every CTM installed on your BCM50 system.

To install the emergency telephone

1 Connect a single-line analog telephone to the auxiliary port on the CTM or GATM.

2 Connect an analog PSTN line cable to the line 1 port of the CTM or GATM.

Installing IP phones

You can set the system to automatically assign DNs to the IP Phones. The autoassign feature assigns DNs starting at 353 to 322.

If you choose to manually assign DNs, choose DNs from 322 to 353 if possible (Ensure that the DN type in each DN record is set to IP telephony).

For details about configuring DN records for the IP telephones, see the *IP Telephone Installation and Configuration Guide.*

Installing T7406 cordless systems

The T7406 cordless system consists of a base station that connects up to three digital station ports on the BCM50 system, providing a radio interface for three cordless handsets. The cordless handsets register to the base station, which transfers the call over the telephone lines connected to the system. The handsets configuration emulates the T7316/M7310 telephone features. This system is most suited to small to medium office environments set up in an open fashion.

T7406 cordless telephones use the DNs for the ports on the station module connected to the base station.

Chapter 11
Installing the analog terminal adapter

This section provides installation instructions for the analog terminal adapter 2 (ATA2) or ATA.

The ATA2 connects a standard analog voice device or data communication device to the BCM50 system through a digital station module. Examples of analog voice devices are analog telephones and answering machines. Examples of analog data communication devices are modems and fax machines.

The ATA2 is designated as either an ONS (on-premise station) or an OPS (off-premise station) port.

For information about installing an ATA2:

- Configuration overview on page 119
- Installing the ATA2 on page 120
- Configuring the ATA2 on page 123

For ATA2 specifications, see the table ATA2, ASM8, ASM8+, GASM, and GASI analog device specifications on page 47.

Configuration overview

This section describes environment configurations for connecting analog and data devices to the main unit using an ATA2:

- Analog telephone on page 119
- Analog data device on page 120

Analog telephone

The figure Analog telephone installation overview on page 119 shows an installation overview for connecting an analog device through an ATA2 to the main unit.

Figure 53   Analog telephone installation overview
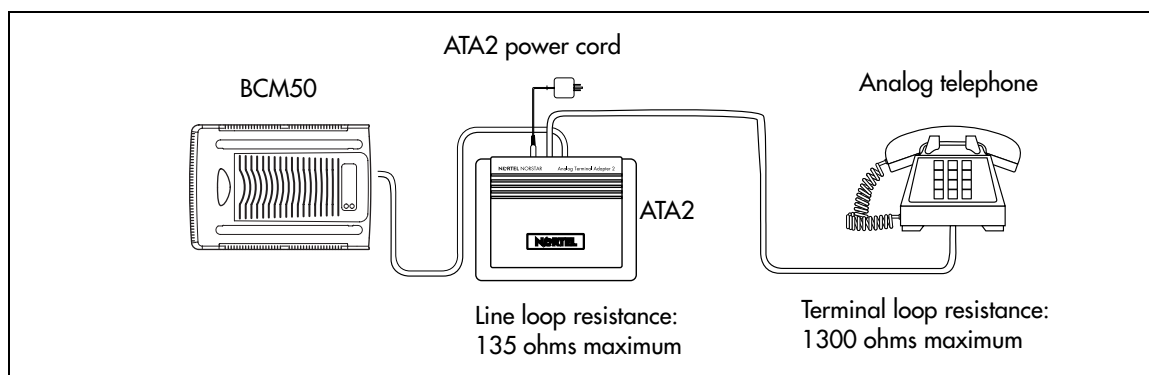
Analog data device

The ATA2 connects a standard analog data device, such as a fax or modem, to the BCM50 system.

The figure Data communication device installation overview on page 120 shows an installation overview for connecting a data communication device through an ATA2 to the BCM50 system.

Figure 54   Data communication device installation overview
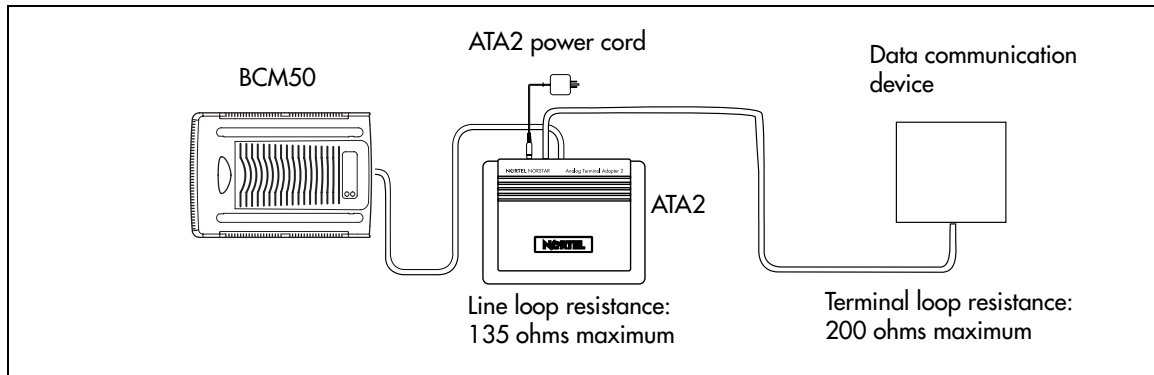
Installing the ATA2

This section provides information about installing the ATA2:

- Connecting the ATA2 on page 120
- Mounting the ATA2 on page 121
- Test insertion loss measurement on page 122

Connecting the ATA2

After you set up the correct environment, connect the BCM50 system and the analog device to the ATA2, and then connect the power. See the figure ATA2 top view on page 120.

Figure 55   ATA2 top view
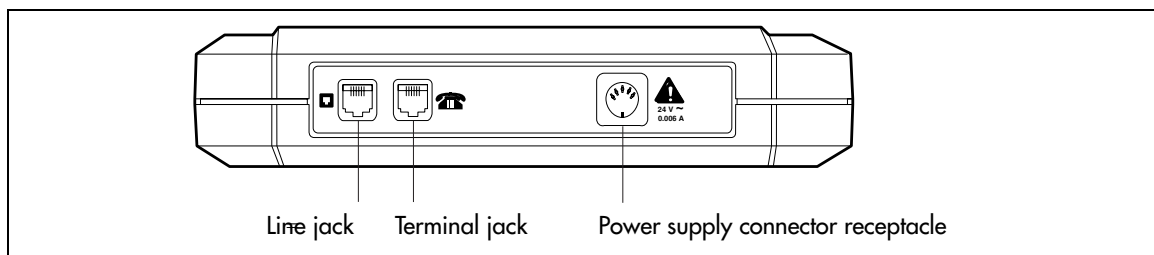
The figure ATA2 pin outs on page 121 shows the pinouts for the connection cables.

Figure 56   ATA2 pin outs
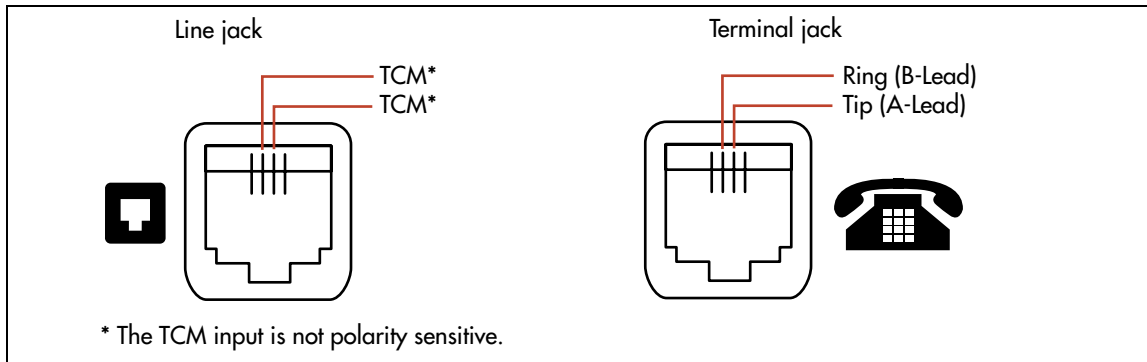
To connect the ATA2

1   Connect one end of a line cord to the ATA2 terminal jack.

2   Connect the other end to your telephone, modem, or fax.

3   Connect one end of a line cord to the ATA2 line jack.

4   Connect the other end to an available station port on the BCM50 system.

5   For a 120 V or 230 V system, plug the DIN connector of the power supply cord into the power supply connector receptacle. Plug the adapter into a standard AC outlet.

> **Caution:** In North America, the ATA2 must be powered from a Class 2 power source that is UL- and CSA-approved.
> In Europe, the ATA2 must be powered from a Class II power source that is CE marked.

Mounting the ATA2

After the ATA2 is correctly connected, you can mount the unit on a wall as described in this section.

To mount the ATA2 on a wall

1   When using 0.5 mm wire (24-AWG), select a location within 800 m (2600 ft.) of the BCM50.

2   Allow 12.5 cm (5 in.) clearance for the line jack, terminal jack, and power supply connector.

3   Screw two 4-mm (#8) screws into the wall 130 mm (5.25 in.) apart. Leave 6 mm (0.25 in.) of the two screws showing.

4   Align the slots at the back of the ATA2 unit over the screws. Push the unit against the wall. The line jack, terminal jack, and power supply connector must be at the top of the ATA2. See the figure ATA2 back view on page 122.

Figure 57 ATA2 back view

Mounting keyhole slots
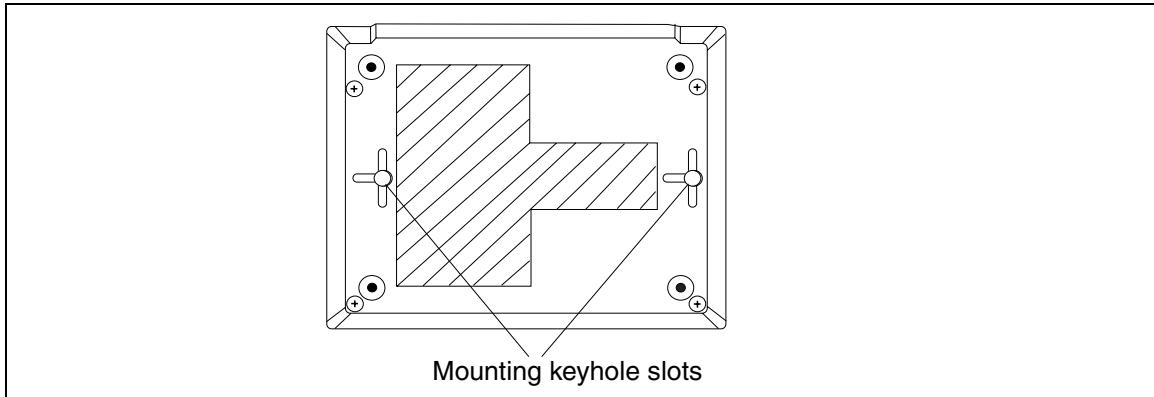
Test insertion loss measurement

The maximum loss for ATA2 to Central Office (CO) configuration must not exceed 10 dB. See the figure Insertion loss from the CO to the analog telephone on page 122.

Figure 58 Insertion loss from the CO to the analog telephone
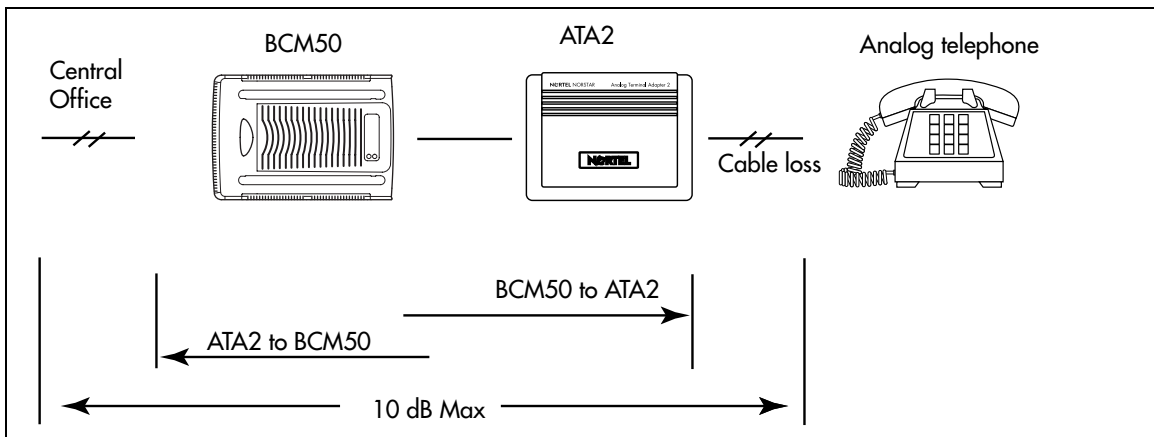
Longitudinal balance to ground	50 dB 60 to 4000 Hz With IEEE 455–1976 test
Overload level	3 dB

Measure the total insertion loss between the CO and analog device by using standard dial-up test lines with a transmission test set (for example, Hewlett-Packard 4935A Transmission Test Set).

To measure the insertion loss from the CO to the analog device

1 Establish a connection to the 1 mW, 1 kHz, CO service line with an analog telephone attached to the ATA2.

2 Ensure that the analog port terminates correctly in 600 ohms:

- Replace the analog telephone with the test set.
- Use RECEIVE/600 OHM/HOLD mode on the test set.

3 Ensure that the test set connects in parallel to the service line before removing the analog telephone or the line drops.

4 Remove the single-line telephone.

5 Measure the 1 kHz tone at the far end of the analog port, where the analog loop ends and where the analog device connects.

➡ **Note:** The tone must be greater than –10 dB (for example: –9 dB is acceptable).

To measure the insertion loss from the analog device to the CO

1 Establish a connection to a silent termination on the CO service line with an analog telephone attached to the ATA2.

2 Make sure the analog port terminates correctly in 600 ohms by:

- Replace the analog telephone with the test set.
- Use TRANSMIT/600 OHM/HOLD mode on the test set.

3 Make sure the test set connects in parallel to the service line before removing the analog telephone or the line drops.

4 Remove the analog telephone.

5 Introduce a 1 kHz tone into the analog line at –10 dBm, and measure the level at the CO exchange.

➡ **Note:** The difference in levels is the transmit loss and must be less than 10 dB (for example, 9 dB is acceptable).

Configuring the ATA2

Configure the ATA2 using Element Manager or Telset Administration. For detailed configuration information, see the *Device Configuration Guide*.

Chapter 12
Configuring the BCM50 system

This section provides information about configuring the basic BCM50 parameters. You can configure advanced parameters using Element Manager or Telset Administration after the BCM50 system is operational.

The figure Overview of configuring the basic BCM50 parameters on page 125 shows an overview of configuring the basic BCM50 parameters.

Figure 59   Overview of configuring the basic BCM50 parameters
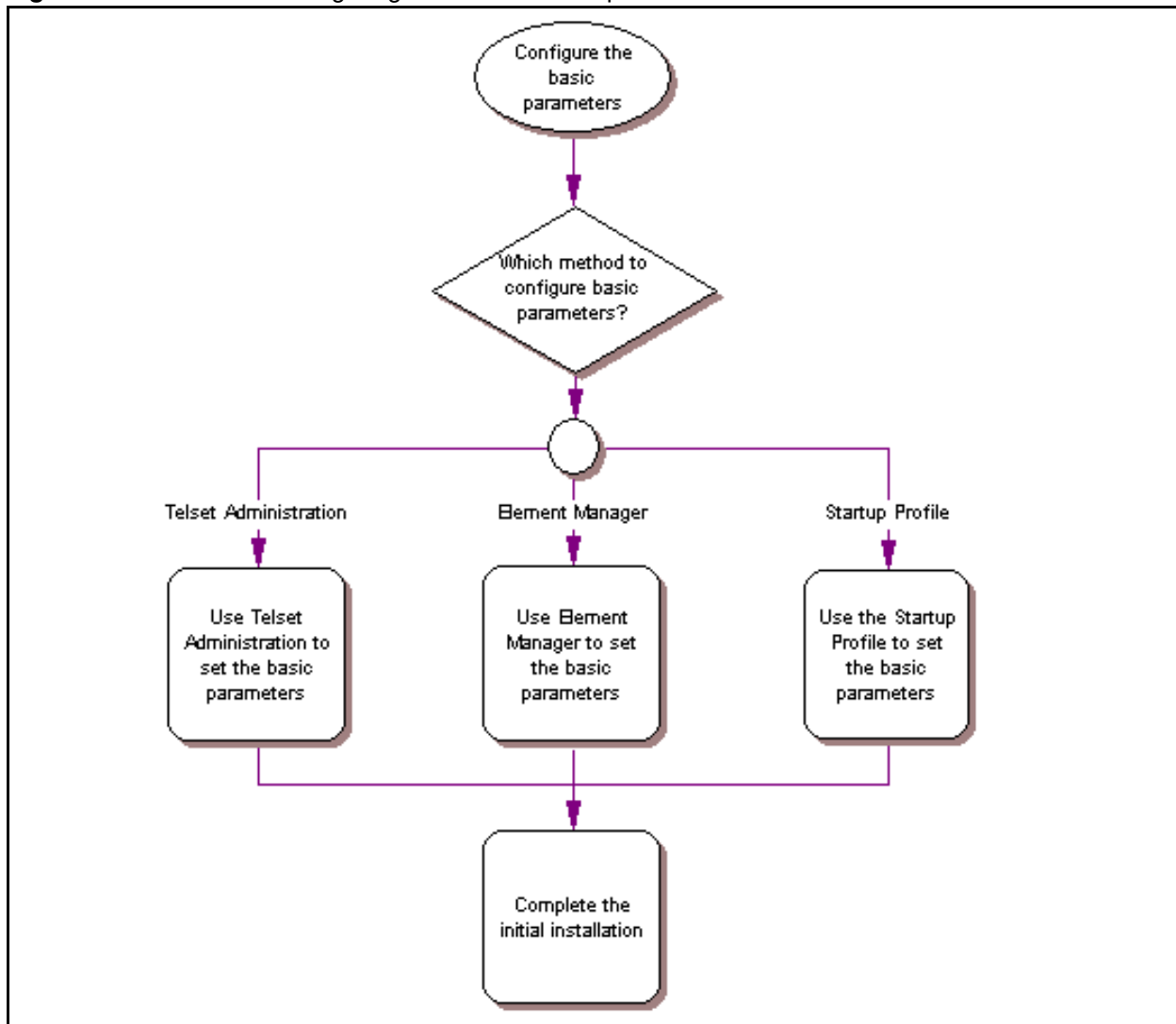
For simplicity, you can configure the basic BCM50 parameters in two stages:

- Initial parameters overview on page 126
- Startup parameters overview on page 127

Initial parameters overview

The initial parameters are the required parameters that you can configure using Telset Administration, Element Manager, or the Startup Profile. See the table Initial parameters on page 126 for a list of the initial parameters.

Table 21   Initial parameters

Parameters	Telset Administration	Element Manager	Startup Profile
Keycode	Feature 9*8 > Feature codes	Configuration > System > Keycodes	Keycode
IP address: • Obtain dynamically • IP address • IP subnet mask • Default gateway	Feature 9*8 > IP Address	Configuration > System > IP Subsystem	IP Address
Modem: • Enable/disable modem	Feature 9*8 > Modem	Configuration > Resources > Dial Up interfaces	Modem
System: • Region	Feature **PROFILE	Administration > Utilities > Reset > Cold Reset Telephony Services	System
Telephony startup: • Template • Start DN	Feature **STARTUP	Administration > Utilities > Reset > Cold Reset Telephony Services	Telephony Startup
Voice mail: • Attendant DN • UI style • Language • From Line • To Line • Number of rings	Feature 983	Configuration > Applications > Voice Messaging/Contact Center	Voice Mail Startup
User account: • Telset user ID (numeric) • Telset password (numeric)	Feature 9*8 > User Accounts	Configuration > Administrator Access > Accounts and Privileges > View by Accounts tab	User Account

Startup parameters overview

The startup parameters are the remaining required parameters that you cannot configure using Telset Administration. You must configure these parameters using Element Manager or the Startup Profile. See the table Startup parameters on page 127 for a list of the startup parameters.

Table 22   Startup parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

Parameters	Telset Administration	Element Manager	Startup Profile
System: • System name	N/A	Configuration > System > Identification	System
System: • System ID	N/A	Configuration > System > Keycodes (View ID is set automatically and cannot be changed)	System
Time: • Date and Time source • NTP server address • Date and time • Time zone	N/A	Configuration > System > Date and Time	Time
DHCP server: • Enable/disable server • IP domain name • Primary DNS • Secondary DNS • Default gateway	N/A	Configuration > Data Services > DHCP Server > General Settings tab	DHCP Server
IP Phones: • Enable registration • Enable global pwd • Global pwd • Auto-assign DNs • Advertisement/Logo	N/A	Configuration > Resources > Telephony Resources > IP & Application Sets	IP Telephones
SNMP Agent: • Enable/disable SNMP agent • Minimum security • SNMP version support	N/A	Configuration > Administrator Access > SNMP > General tab	SNMP Agent
SNMP community: • Community string • Type of access	N/A	Configuration > Administrator Access > SNMP > Community Strings tab	SNMP Community
SNMP manager: • Manager IP address	N/A	Configuration > Administrator Access > SNMP > General tab	SNMP Manager

Table 22 Startup parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

Parameters	Telset Administration	Element Manager	Startup Profile
User account: • User ID • Group • Description • Callback number	N/A	Configuration > Administrator Access > View by Accounts tab	User Account
SRG Main Office: • VoIP Trunk Access Code • Test Local Mode Timeout • Primary Network Connect Server Address • Alternate Network Connect Server Address • Network Connect Server Port • Heartbeat Protocol Port • H.323 ID • Numbering Plan ID • Type of Number • Node ID • MO Access Code Length	N/A	Configuration > Resources > Survivable Remote Gateway > S1000 Main Office Settings tab	SRG Main Office

Chapter 13
Using Telset Administration to set the basic parameters

You can use Telset Administration through a digital telephone with a two-line display to set the BCM50 configuration parameters.

You cannot set all the basic parameters using Telset Administration. Therefore, after configuring the initial parameters, you must use Element Manager to set the startup parameters. See Configuring the startup parameters on page 139.

For more information about Telset Administration, see the *Telset Administration Guide*.

The figure Overview of using Telset Administration on page 129 shows an overview of using Telset Administration to set the basic parameters.

Figure 60   Overview of using Telset Administration
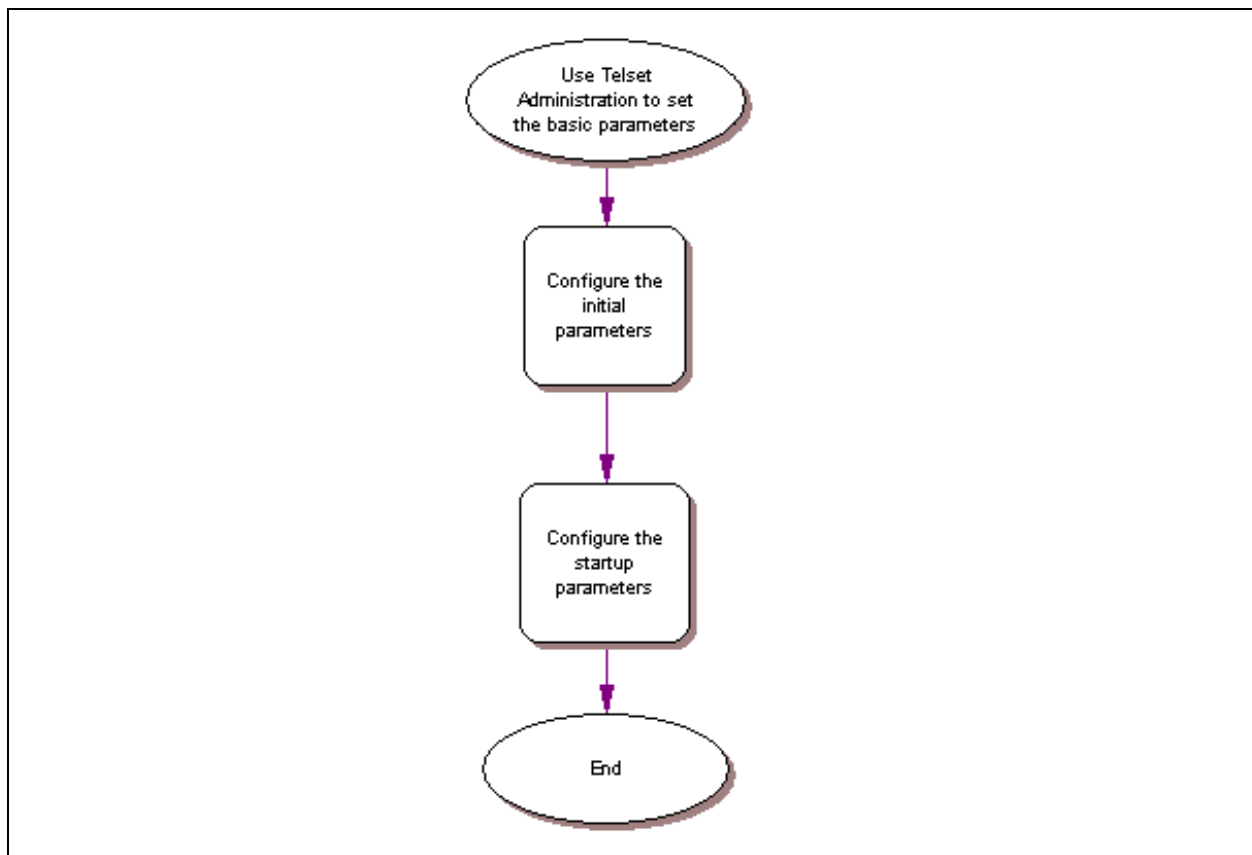
Configuring the initial parameters

Use the following procedures to configure the initial parameters for the BCM50 using Telset Administration:

- To enter the keycodes on page 130
- To configure the IP address on page 131
- To configure the modem on page 131
- To select the region on page 132
- To select the telephony startup template and start DN on page 132
- To initialize voice mail on page 132
- To create Telset user accounts on page 132

To enter the keycodes

1   Select Feature 9*8 from a two-line display telephone.

2   Enter the following user ID and password:
   User ID: **SETNNA**
   Password: **CONFIG**

   The numerical values of the user ID and password are 738662 and 266344, respectively.

3   Press **NEXT** to scroll through the menu and select **Feature Codes**.

4   Press **OK**.

   The system ID (SID) displays.

5   Press **NEXT**.

6   Enter your sequence ID.

7   Press **NEXT** to scroll through the list and perform one or both of the following tasks:

   a   To activate features, select **Feature List**.

   - Press **SHOW** to view the available features.
   - Use the soft keys to activate features for your system.

   b   To enter a new keycode, select **Entitlement Code**.

   - Press **SHOW** to view the current keycode.
   - Use the soft keys to modify the keycode for your system.

   For more detailed information about retrieving and entering the keycode for your system, see the *Keycode Installation Guide*.

To configure the IP address

1 Select Feature 9*8 from a two-line display telephone.

2 Enter the following user ID and password:
User ID: **SETNNA**
Password: **CONFIG**

   The numerical values of the user ID and password are 738662 and 266344, respectively.

3 Press **NEXT** to scroll through the menu and select **IP Address**.

4 Press **OK**.

5 Press **CHNGE** to modify the IP settings. The display screen shows whether DHCP is enabled or disabled.

6 Perform one of the following tasks:

   a If DHCP is currently enabled:

   • Press **DIS** to disable DHCP. You can modify the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway. However, these settings have no effect if the system is disabled.

   • Press **IP** to modify the following IP settings:
      — IP Address
      — Subnet Mask
      — Default Gateway

   b If DHCP is currently disabled:

   • Press **ENL** to enable DHCP. The system must reboot to enable DHCP.

   • Press **IP** to modify the IP settings. You can modify the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway. However, these settings have no effect if the system is disabled.

7 Press **Back** to reboot the system.

To configure the modem

1 Select Feature 9*8 from a two-line display telephone.

2 Enter the following user ID and password:
User ID: **SETNNA**
Password: **CONFIG**

   The numerical values of the user ID and password are 738662 and 266344, respectively.

3 Press **NEXT** to scroll through the menu and select **Modem**.

4 Press **OK**. The display screen shows whether the modem is enabled or disabled.

5 Perform one of the following tasks:

   a If the modem is disabled, press **ENL** to enable the modem.

   b If the modem is enabled, press **DIS** to disable the modem.

For more information about modem configuration, see the *Networking Configuration Guide*.

To select the region

Set the Region using Feature **PROFILE from a two-line display telephone.

For information about using Telset Administration to set this parameter, see the *Telset Administration Guide*.

To select the telephony startup template and start DN

Set the Template and Start DN using Feature **STARTUP from a two-line display telephone.

➡️   **Note:** This is available for only 15 minutes after the system starts.

For information about using Telset Administration to set this parameter, see the *Telset Administration Guide*.

Configure other telephony startup parameters using Feature **CONFIG. For more information, see the *Telset Administration Guide*.

To initialize voice mail

Initialize your voice-mail system using Feature 983 from a two-line display telephone.

For information about using Telset Administration to initialize your voice mail system, see the *CallPilot Telephone Administration Guide*.

To create Telset user accounts

➡️   **Note:** You can create Telset accounts using only Telset Administration. To create Element Manager accounts, you must use Element Manager.

---

1   Select Feature 9*8 from a two-line display telephone.

2   Enter the following user ID and password:
     User ID: **SETNNA**
     Password: **CONFIG**

     The numerical values of the user ID and password are 738662 and 266344, respectively.

3   Press **NEXT** to scroll through the menu and select **User Accounts**.

4   Press **OK**. The Accounts screen appears.

5   Press **CHNGE** to create an account.

6   Press **NEXT** to scroll through the list of available accounts to create.

7   Press **CRT** to create the account.

     If you see the **DEL** command instead of the **CRT** command, then the account already exists.

8 Press **BACK**. The Accounts screen appears.

9 Press **NEXT**. The password screen appears.

10 Press **CHNGE** to change the password.

11 Press **NEXT** to scroll through the list of available accounts.

12 Press **CHNGE** to change the password for the selected account.

13 Enter the new password for the account.

14 Enter the new password again to confirm it.

For more information about creating user accounts using Element Manager, see the procedure To create user accounts on page 143.

Next step

After you configure the initial parameters using Telset Administration, you must configure the startup parameters using Element Manager. For more information, see Configuring the startup parameters on page 139.

Chapter 14
Using Element Manager to set the basic parameters

The Element Manager application provides a computer-based client interface that can connect to devices over an IP network and display the programming interface for that device.

You can use the latest Element Manager version (for BCM50 Release 2) to manage all previous BCM systems that require Element Manager (BCM50 Release 1 and BCM 4.0). You need only one instance of Element Manager on your computer.

Through Element Manager, you can configure all of the basic parameters:

- Configuring the initial parameters on page 137
- Configuring the startup parameters on page 139

For more information about using Element Manager, see the *Administration Guide*.

The figure Overview of using Element Manager on page 135 shows an overview of using Element Manager to set the basic parameters.

Figure 61   Overview of using Element Manager
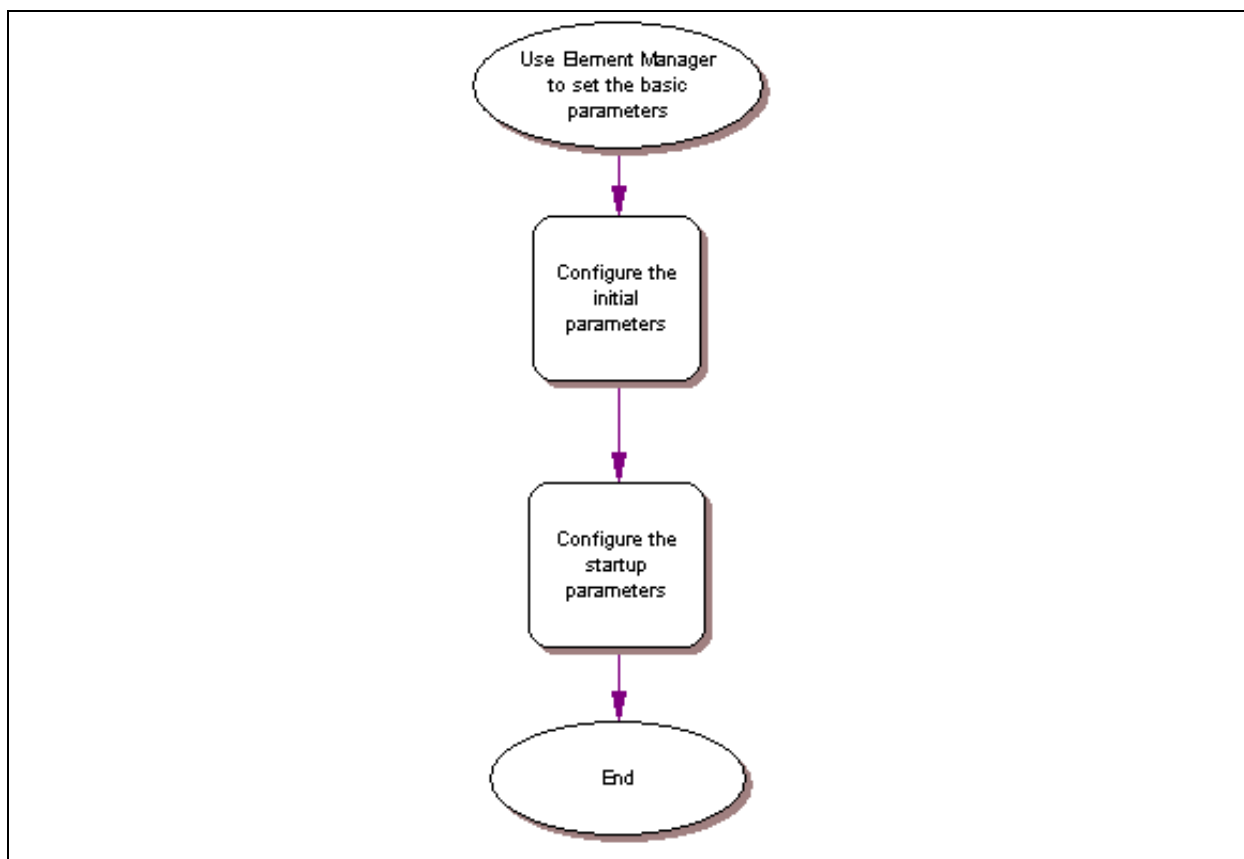
Prerequisites

BCM Element Manager has the following system requirements:

- Windows: Windows 2000, Windows XP
- RAM: minimum 256 MB, recommended 512 MB
- free space: 150 MB
- A Citrix server supports access to BCM Element Manager.

Accessing the BCM50 system

After you connect your computer to the BCM50 system, either through the OAM port or through a LAN connection, you can download BCM Element Manager from the Administrator Applications area of the BCM Web page.

You can use the latest Element Manager version (for BCM50 Release 2) to manage all previous BCM systems that require Element Manager (BCM50 Release 1 and BCM 4.0). You need only one instance of Element Manager on your computer.

To access the BCM50 Web page

1   Open a Web browser and enter the BCM50 system IP address (default is 10.10.10.1).

The Enter Network Password dialog box appears.

2   Enter the user name and password (defaults are shown below):

User name: **nnadmin**

Password: **PlsChgMe!**

3   Click **OK**.

The Welcome to BCM Web page appears.

To download and install Element Manager

1   From the Welcome to BCM Web page, click **Administrator Applications**.

The Administrator Applications page appears.

2   From the Administrator Applications page, click **Business Element Manager**.

The Element Manager panel appears.

3   Click **Download Element Manager** on the right side of the screen.

4   When BCM50 Element Manager finishes downloading, double-click the application and follow the installation instructions.

To connect to the BCM50 system using Element Manager

1   Open Element Manager.

2   From the Network menu, select **New Network Element**, and then select **Business Communications Manager**.

3   Enter the BCM50 system IP address in the dialog box (default is 10.10.10.1).

4   Click **OK**.

5   From the Network Elements folder, select the BCM50 system IP address.

6   Enter the following user name and password:

User name: **nnadmin**

Password: **PlsChgMe!**

7   Click **Connect**.

You are now connected to the BCM50 system.

Configuring the initial parameters

Use the following procedures to configure the initial parameters for the BCM50 system using BCM50 Element Manager:

- To enter a keycode on page 137
- To configure the LAN IP address on page 138
- To configure the modem on page 138
- To configure the startup template for telephony services on page 138
- To initialize voice mail on page 139

To enter a keycode

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **System** folder to expand it.

2   Select **Keycodes**.

The Keycodes panel appears.

3   Click **Load File**.

The Open dialog box appears.

4   Select the keycode file for your system, and then click **Open**.

For details about generating and entering the keycodes for your system, see the *Keycode Installation Guide*.

To configure the LAN IP address

1 From the **Configuration** tab, click the **System** folder to expand it.

2 Select **IP Subsystem**.

3 Select the **General Settings** tab. It is normally selected by default.

4 From the IP Settings area, click **Modify**.

The Modify IP Settings dialog box appears.

5 Configure the IP Settings attributes. See the table Modify IP Settings attributes on page 138.

Table 23   Modify IP Settings attributes

Attribute	Description
Obtain IP address dynamically	If this is selected, the BCM50 system attempts to use IP address information from a DHCP server.
	If this is not selected, you must enter values for static IP address, IP subnet mask, and Default gateway.
IP address	The IP address of the BCM50 system.
IP subnet mask	The subnet mask used by the BCM50 system.
Default gateway	The gateway used by the BCM50 system.
Note: If you modify any of the attributes, then the Element Manager session disconnects.	

6 Click **OK**.

To configure the modem

1 From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Administrator Access** folder to expand it.

2 Select **Modem**.

3 Select the **Enable modem** check box to enable the modem.

For more information about modem configuration, see the *Networking Configuration Guide*.

To configure the startup template for telephony services

➡ **Note:** This procedure erases all the telephony programming that is currently on the BCM50 system.

1 From the **Administration** tab, click the **Utilities** folder to expand it.

2 Select **Reset**.

3 Click **Cold Reset Telephony Services**.

The Cold Reset Telephony dialog box appears.

4 Configure the Cold Reset Telephony attributes. See the table Cold Reset Telephony attributes on page 139.

Table 24 Cold Reset Telephony attributes

Attribute	Description
Region	Specify the startup region.
Template	Specify the startup template.
Start DN	Specify the startup DN. The default is 221.

5 Click **OK**.

To initialize voice mail

1 From the **Configuration** tab, click **Applications** folder to expand it.

2 Select **Voice Messaging/Contact Center**.

3 Click **Launch CallPilot Manager**.

The Quick Install Wizard form appears.

If your voice mail system is already initialized, you do not see the Quick Install Wizard. Instead you see the CallPilot Manager: Main Menu Web page.

4 Configure the attributes on the Quick Install Wizard form.

For more information, see the *CallPilot Manager Set Up and Operation Guide*.

Configuring the startup parameters

Use the following procedures to configure the startup parameters for the BCM50 system using Element Manager:

To enter a name for your system

1 From the **Configuration** tab, click the **System** folder to expand it.

2 From the System folder, select **Identification**.

3   Enter a name for your system in the **System name** field.

To configure the date and time settings

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **System** folder to expand it.

2   Select **Date and Time**.

The Date and Time panel appears.

3   Configure the Date and Time attributes. See the table Date and Time attributes on page 140.

Table 25   Date and Time attributes

Attribute	Description
Date and Time source	Set to NTP if the system uses a network server to determine the correct time and date. Set to Trunk to receive time and date settings from PSTN (if available). Set to Manual to manually configure the time and date for your system.
NTP server address	If Date and Time source is set to NTP, then enter an address for the server.
Date and time	Use the calendar to select the correct date and time.
Time zone	Select the time zone for this system.

To configure DHCP server settings

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Data Services** folder to expand it.

2   Select **DHCP Server**.

3   Select the **General Settings** tab.

4   Configure the attributes according to the table DHCP Server: General Settings attributes on page 140.

Table 26   DHCP Server: General Settings attributes (Sheet 1 of 2)

Attribute	Description
DHCP server is	Select either enable or disable from the list.
IP domain name	The domain name of the network.
Primary DNS IP address	Specify the IP addresses of the primary DNS server in a valid dot format. BCM50 automatically assigns the value for this parameter. If the IP address or subnet mask for the corresponding LAN interface changes, this value is overwritten. Use caution when changing this value.
Secondary DNS IP address	Specify the IP addresses of the secondary DNS server in a valid dot format. BCM50 automatically assigns the value for this parameter. If the IP address or subnet mask for the corresponding LAN interface changes, this value is overwritten. Use caution when changing this value.

Table 26   DHCP Server: General Settings attributes (Sheet 2 of 2)

Attribute	Description
WINS server address	Specify the IP address of the WINS server. BCM50 automatically assigns the value for this parameter. If the IP address or subnet mask for the corresponding LAN interface changes, this value is overwritten. Use caution when changing this value.
WINS node type	Specify a client WINS node type. The BCM50 system automatically sets this value to H-node on all DHCP clients. This setting configures the DHCP client PCs to use P-node name resolution before resorting to B-node name resolution. **Note**: Use caution if you change this attribute.
Default gateway	Specify the IP address of the default next-hop router. BCM50 automatically assigns the value for this parameter. If the IP address or subnet mask for the corresponding LAN interface changes, this value is overwritten. Use caution when changing this value.
Lease time	Specify the time, in seconds, for an address assignment until the client lease expires. The default is 259 200 seconds (72 hours).

To configure IP Phones

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Resources** folder to expand it.

2   Select **Telephony Resources**.

3   From the Actual Type column, select **IP & App Sets**.

   The Details for Module area appears in the lower pane with the IP Terminal Global Settings tab as the default.

4   Configure the IP Terminal Global Settings attributes. See the table IP Terminal Global Settings attributes on page 141.

Table 27   IP Terminal Global Settings attributes (Sheet 1 of 2)

Attribute	Description
Enable registration	Select this check box to allow new IP clients to register with the system. **WARNING**: Remember to clear this check box when you finish registering the new telephones.
Enable global registration password	To require the installer to enter a password when IP telephones are configured and registered to the system, select this box. If this box is not selected (disabled), a valid Telset user ID and password is required to register IP phones.
Global password	If you select the Enable Global Registration Password check box, enter the password the installer enters on the IP telephone to connect to the system. If this check box is empty, no password prompt occurs during registration.

Table 27 IP Terminal Global Settings attributes (Sheet 2 of 2)

Attribute	Description
Auto-assign DNs	If you select this check box, the system assigns an available DN as an IP terminal requests registration. It does not prompt the installer to enter a set DN. If this check box is empty, the installer receives a prompt to enter the assigned DN during the programming session.
Advertisement/Logo	Any information in this field appears on the display of all IP telephones. For example, your company name or slogan (24 characters in length).

> **Tip:** To automatically configure IP Phones with DNs assigned:
>
> 1) Select the **Enable registration** check box.
>
> 2) Select the **Enable global registration password** check box.
>
> 3) Leave the **Global password** field blank.
>
> 4) Select the **Auto-assign DNs** check box.
>
> After the IP Phones are operational, clear the **Enable registration** check box.

You can configure other attributes on the IP Terminal Global Settings tab depending on the requirements for your system.

To configure SNMP settings

1 From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Administrator Access** folder to expand it.

2 Select **SNMP** from the Administrator Access folder.

3 Select the **General** tab. It is normally selected by default.

4 Click **Modify** in the SNMP Settings area.

The Modify SNMP Settings dialog box appears.

5 Configure the attributes for Modify SNMP Settings. See the table Modify SNMP Settings attributes on page 142.

Table 28 Modify SNMP Settings attributes

Attribute	Description
Enable SNMP Agent	Choose whether to enable or disable the SNMP agent by selecting (or not selecting) the check box.
Minimum required security	Select the minimum required security for SNMP from the list.
SNMP Version Support	Select the SMNP version support from the list.

6 Click **OK**.

To configure SNMP community strings

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Administrator Access** folder to expand it.

2   Select **SNMP** from the Administrator Access folder.

3   Select the **Community Strings** tab.

4   Click **Add**.

The Add Community String dialog box appears.

5   Configure the Add Community String attributes. See the table Add Community String attributes on page 143.

Table 29   Add Community String attributes

Attribute	Description
Community string	Enter the name used as a key to uniquely identify an individual community entry on the SNMP agent.
Type of access	Specify the read and write access for this community. Available options are Read-Only and Read/Write.

6   Click **OK**.

7   Repeat steps 4 to 6 to add more community strings.

To configure the SNMP manager list

Use the SNMP manager list to specify IP addresses that can connect to the SNMP agent.

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Administrator Access** folder to expand it.

2   Select **SNMP** from the Administrator Access folder.

3   Select the **General** tab. It is normally selected by default.

4   Click **Add** in the SNMP Manager List area.

The Add Manager dialog box appears.

5   Enter the IP address in the **Manager IP Address** field.

6   Click **OK**.

7   Repeat steps 4 to 6 to add another manager IP address.

To create user accounts

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Administrator Access** folder to expand it.

2   From the Administrator Access folder, select **Accounts and Privileges**.

3   Select the **View by Accounts** tab.

4   Click **Add** to add a user account.

The Add Account dialog box appears.

5   Configure the Add Account attributes. See the table Add Account attributes on page 144.

Table 30   Add Account attributes

Attribute	Description
Description	Enter a description for this account.
User ID	Enter a descriptive name for the user or the user function.
Password	Enter a password for this account.
Telset user ID (numeric)	If the user performs administration through the Telset interface, enter a number for the user ID.
Telset password (numeric)	Enter a password for the Telset User ID.
Modem Callback Number	If Callback is required, enter the number to which the system calls back to verify the dial-up user access.
Modem Callback Passcode	This is the code the system uses to confirm the callback is legitimate.
ISDN Callback Number	If ISDN Callback is required, enter the number to which the system calls back to verify the dial-up user access.
ISDN Callback Passcode	This is the code the system uses to confirm that the ISDN callback is legitimate.
Change Password On Login	Select this check box to force the user to change the password upon first login.
Change Password On Login Telset	Select this check box to force the user to change the Telset password upon first login.

6   Click **OK**.

7   Repeat steps 4 to 6 to create more user accounts.

To configure SRG

1   From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Resources** folder to expand it.

2   Select **Survivable Remote Gateway** from the Resources folder.

3   Select the **S1000 Main Office Settings** tab.

4   Configure the S1000 Main Office Settings attributes. For more information about configuring an SRG system, see the *SRG50 Configuration Guide*.

Next step

After you set the basic parameters, proceed to Completing the initial installation (optional) on page 151.

Chapter 15
Using the Startup Profile to configure parameters

An experienced administrator uses the Startup Profile tool to customize a template with common BCM50 parameters. The administrator uses this template to configure a single system or multiple systems.

You create the Startup Profile using the Startup Profile template (a Microsoft Excel template). You then use a USB storage device to transfer the Startup Profile data to the BCM50 main unit.

Loading the Startup Profile adds approximately 5 minutes to the time for the BCM50 system to boot. After you successfully apply the Startup Profile, the BCM50 system automatically reboots to complete the BCM50 system configuration. After the BCM50 system reboots, the Startup Profile is fully loaded.

The figure Overview of using the Startup Profile on page 145 shows an overview of using the Startup Profile.

Figure 62   Overview of using the Startup Profile
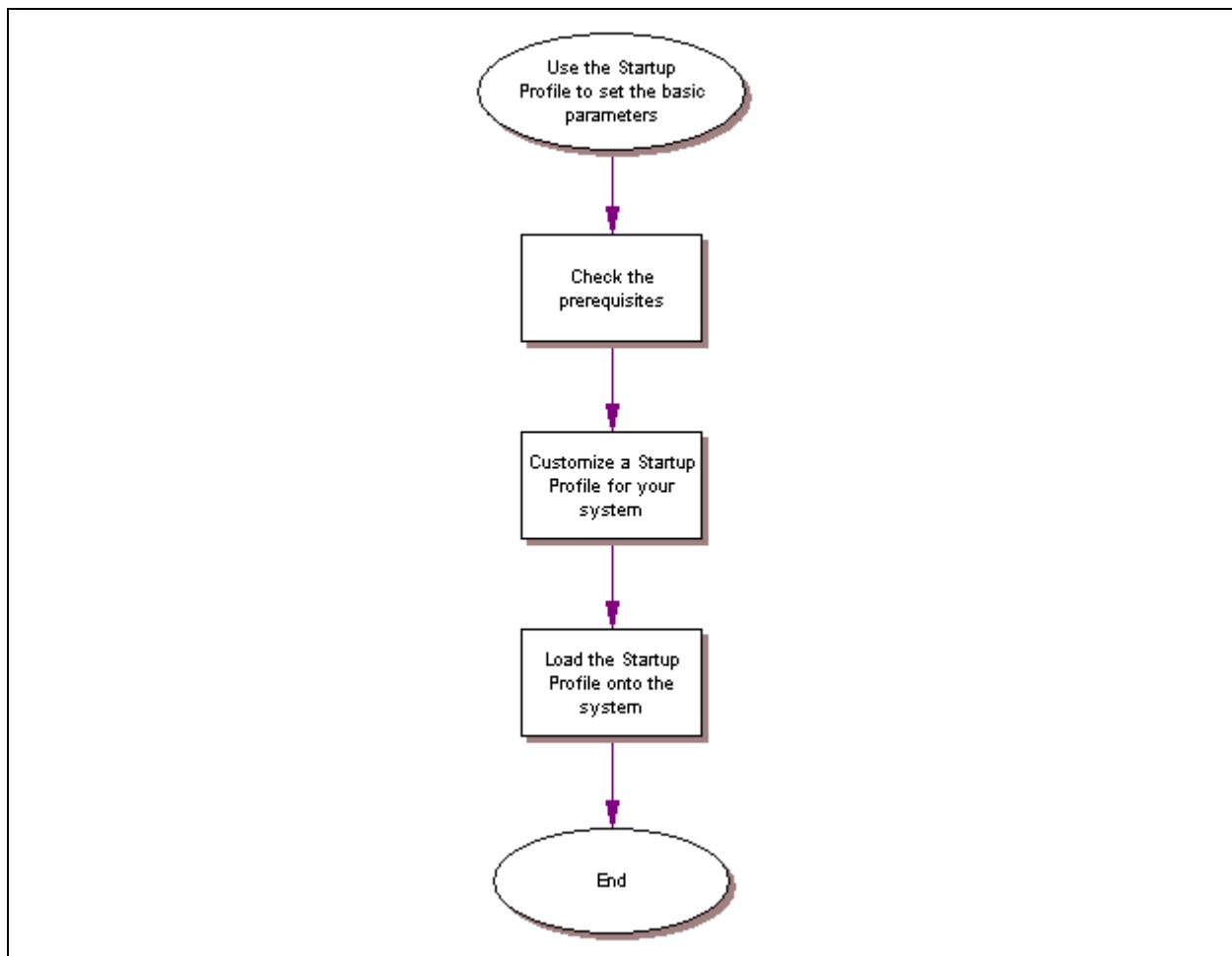
> → **Note:** You must format the USB storage device for the FAT32 file system. If necessary, reformat the USB storage device by plugging it into the USB port of your computer, right-clicking the USB device icon, and selecting FAT32 reformatting. This destroys any data on the USB.

> → **Note:** The Startup Profile works only on a BCM50 system with no keycodes loaded. After the keycodes are loaded, the Startup Profile does not work. This condition prevents unintentional overwriting of the parameters of a configured system.

For information about setting the initial parameters on the BCM50 system:

- Startup Profile requirements on page 146
- Configuring basic parameters on page 147

Startup Profile requirements

To use the Startup Profile template, you need the following:

- a computer with a USB port
- Microsoft Excel 2000 or newer
- the Nortel BCM50 Startup Profile template (Microsoft Excel template)

  If you do not have the Startup Profile template on your computer, you can get a copy from the the Nortel support Web site (www.nortel.com/support) or the Administrator Applications page on the main unit. For details about getting the Startup Profile template from the main unit, see the procedure To download the Startup Profile template on page 147.

- a portable USB storage device compatible with USB 1.1 (formatted for FAT32)

> → **Note:** The Startup Profile template uses macros to perform certain functions. You must set your Excel macro security level to medium or low to enable the macros:
>
> 1 From the Tools menu, select **Macros**.
>
> 2 Select **Security.**
>
> 3 Select **Medium** or **Low**.
>
> 4 Exit from Excel.
>
> 5 Open the Startup Profile template (in Excel).
>
> 6 Enable macros if you are prompted.

To download the Startup Profile template

1 Access the BCM50 Web page (see the procedure To access the BCM50 Web page on page 136).

2 From the **Welcome to BCM** Web page, click **Administrator Applications**.

The Administrator Applications page appears.

3 From the **Administrator Applications** page, click **Startup Profile Template**.

The Startup Profile Template panel appears.

4 Read the information on this panel.

5 Click **Download Startup Profile Template** on the right side of the screen, and follow the instructions to download the template.

Configuring basic parameters

To customize a Startup Profile for your system

> **Note:** You cannot copy and paste data between cells in the Startup Profile. If you attempt this, the data validation within the spreadsheet becomes corrupt. If corruption occurs, download another copy of the Startup Profile template from the BCM50 main unit.

1 On a computer with a USB port and Microsoft Excel, open the Startup Profile template (Microsoft Excel template).

If you do not have a copy of the Startup Profile template, see the procedure To download the Startup Profile template on page 147.

2 For instructions about using the Startup Profile template, see the **Usage Instructions** tab.

3 Click the **StartupProfileTemplate** tab to begin entering information in the Startup Profile template.

4 Enter your BCM50 system ID in the System ID field in the Startup Profile template.

The system ID is on the box of the main unit and on the main unit itself. If you enter the wrong system ID, the Startup Profile does not work with your system.

5 Click the large button at the top of the Startup Profile template to save a version of the Startup Profile (.sps file) and a version of the Startup Profile editor (Excel spreadsheet) on your computer.

The file names for the Startup Profile editor and the Startup Profile consist of the system ID followed by the appropriate extension.

> ➡ **Note:** Never edit the Startup Profile (.sps file) directly; always use the Startup Profile editor to make changes.

6 Enter the remaining information into the Startup Profile editor that you want loaded onto the BCM50 main unit.

The Startup Profile editor contains explanations of the various parameters. Click the cell where you want to enter information, and the Help text appears.

You can specify which parameters to load onto your system by selecting **Apply**. If you do not want to load certain parameters, select **Ignore**.

7 After you enter all the information, click the large button at the top of the Startup Profile template to save a version of the Startup Profile (.sps file) and a version of the Startup Profile editor (Excel spreadsheet) on your computer.

8 Exit from Microsoft Excel.

9 Insert the USB storage device into the USB port of the computer.

10 Copy the Startup Profile (.sps file) to the root directory of the USB storage device.

11 To load your keycodes using the Startup Profile, copy the keycode file to the root directory of the USB storage device.

The name of the keycode file on the USB storage device must exactly match the file name you entered in the Startup Profile editor.

12 Remove the USB storage device from the USB port of the computer.

The Startup Profile is now stored on the USB storage device.

To load the Startup Profile data onto the BCM50 system

1 Disconnect the power supply from the main unit.

2 Insert the USB storage device into the USB port on the main unit.

If the BCM50 system has a UPS, insert the USB storage device into the Linux-compatible USB hub.

3 Connect the power supply to the BCM50 system.

The BCM50 automatically detects the Startup Profile file and loads the information during the bootup sequence. Loading the Startup Profile adds approximately 5 minutes to the time for the BCM50 system to boot. After you successfully apply the Startup Profile, the BCM50 system automatically reboots to complete the BCM50 system configuration. After the BCM50 system reboots, the Startup Profile is fully loaded.

If an error occurs, the status LED flashes red. View the log file (written to the USB storage device) for a description of the Startup Profile errors. If no errors exist, the BCM50 system automatically reboots to complete the system configuration. After the reboot finishes, the power and status LEDs are solid green.

> **Note:** The Startup Profile works only on a BCM50 system with no keycode loaded. After a keycode is loaded, the Startup Profile does not work. This condition prevents unintentional overwriting of the parameters of a configured system.

4   Remove the USB storage device from the USB port on the BCM50 or the USB hub.

> **Note:** Make sure the bootup sequence is complete before removing the USB storage device from the BCM50 system.

5   Connect the 25-pair cable to the RJ-21 telephony connector on the BCM50 main unit.

The Startup Profile is now loaded on your BCM50 system.

Next step

After you load the Startup Profile, you can connect the data networking cables. For information about connecting these cables, see Completing the initial installation (optional) on page 151.

Chapter 16
Completing the initial installation (optional)

This section provides information about completing the initial installation of your BCM50 system. These options are described for informative purposes only.

The figure Overview of completing the initial installation on page 151 shows an overview of completing the initial installation.

Figure 63   Overview of completing the initial installation
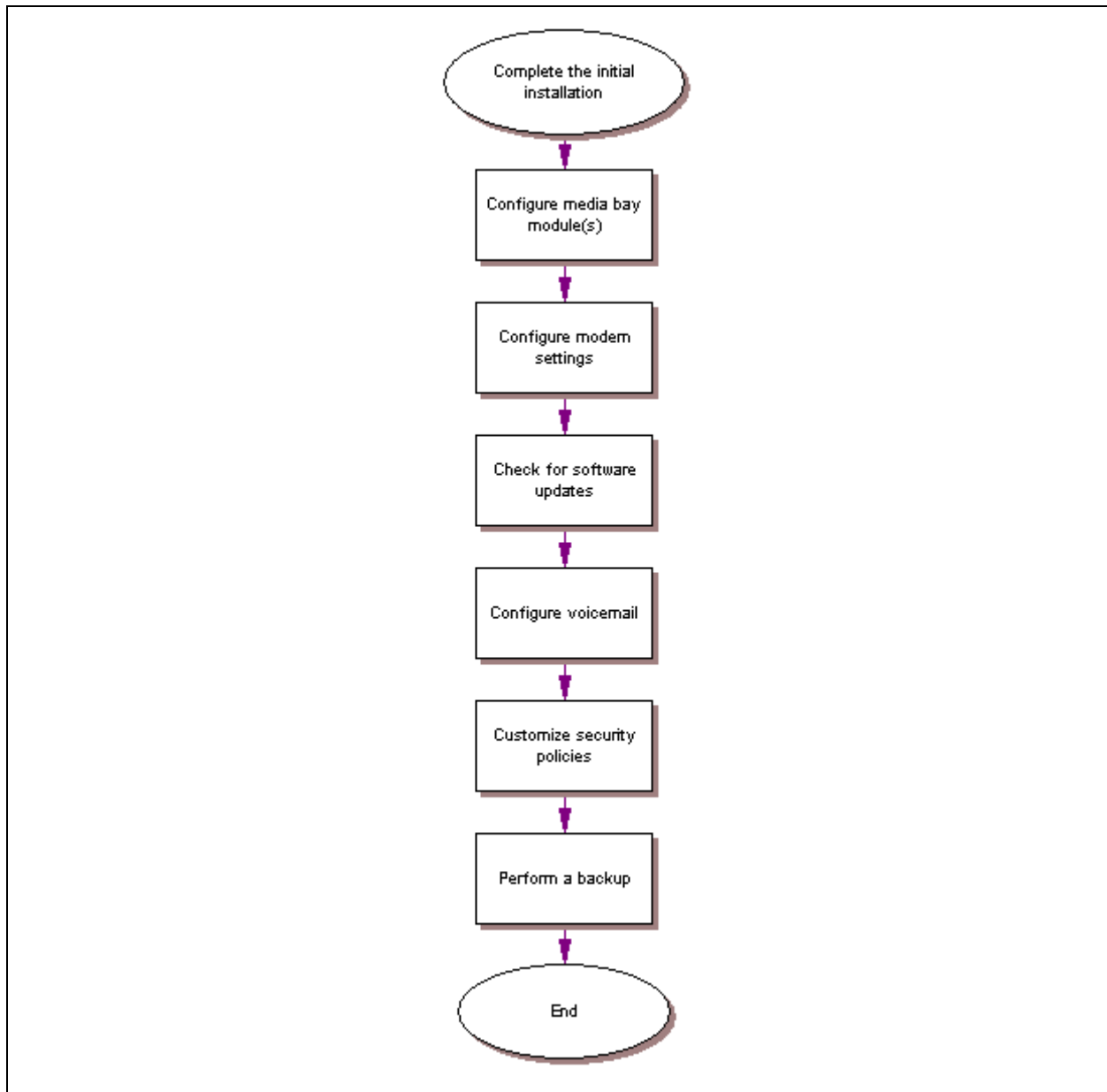
After the basic configuration finishes, you can further customize your system by using the following configuration options:

- Configuring the media bay module on page 152
- Configuring modem settings on page 153
- Checking for software updates on page 153
- Configuring voice mail on page 153
- Customizing security policies on page 153
- Performing a backup on page 154

Configuring the media bay module

For information about installing a media bay module (MBM) and setting the dip switches, see Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97.

For details about connecting the cables between the main unit and expansion units, you can also see Connecting the expansion unit on page 100.

To configure the MBM(s)

1 Open Element Manager and connect to your BCM50 system.

2 From the **Configuration** tab, click the **Resources** folder to expand it.

3 From the Resources folder, select Telephony Resources. See the figure Telephony Resources page on page 152.

Figure 64 Telephony Resources page

4 In the **Modules** section, select the expansion unit to configure.

You must include the expansion port feature in your purchased keycode. If you activate one expansion port only, the expansion port on the left (expansion/LAN port 2) is active. Therefore, Expansion 1 must be connected to the active port (expansion/LAN port 2). For location of the LAN ports, see the figure Expansion ports on page 100 and the figure Connecting the expansion unit to the BCM50 main unit on page 101.

5   Double-click the **Module type** field to display the list.

6   Select the type of MBM that you installed in the expansion unit.

7   Click **Enable**.

8   If you installed a second expansion unit, repeat steps 4 to 7 to enable the second MBM.

You can set other parameters for the MBMs depending on the type of MBM you installed.

Configuring modem settings

Your system modem is either enabled or disabled depending on the configuration you chose during your basic configuration. If you use the modem for management tasks, you can customize settings, including dial-in and dial-out settings depending on your specific needs.

For information about configuring the modem, see the *Networking Configuration Guide*.

Checking for software updates

Nortel frequently updates the BCM50 software. Therefore, a standard part of any installation is to ensure your system has the latest version of the software.

For information about checking for and installing software updates, see the *Administration Guide*.

Configuring voice mail

Your voice mail system was initialized during the basic configuration of your BCM50 system. You must still configure your voice mail to take advantage of the many feature available.

If you need to perform further configuration tasks, see the documentation for your voice mail system.

For information about using the Web-based interface to configure your voice mail system, see the *CallPilot Manager Set Up and Operation Guide*, and for information about using Telset Administration to configure your voice mail system, see the *CallPilot Telephone Administration Guide*.

Customizing security policies

You configured a system password and security settings during the basic configuration of your BCM50 system. Depending on your needs, you can perform further configuration of the security policies.

For information about customizing the security policies, see the *Administration Guide*.

Performing a backup

You can backup your BCM50 system at regular intervals, including after initial installation. Performing a backup ensures that you have a copy of your system data available to restore the system, if needed.

For information about backing up and restoring your system, see the *Administration Guide*.

Chapter 17
Connecting the BCM50 system to the LAN and WAN

This section describes how to connect the LAN and WAN cables to the BCM50 system.

The figure Overview of connecting data networking cables to the BCM50 system on page 155 shows the steps required to connect the data networking cables to the BCM50 system.

Figure 65   Overview of connecting data networking cables to the BCM50 system
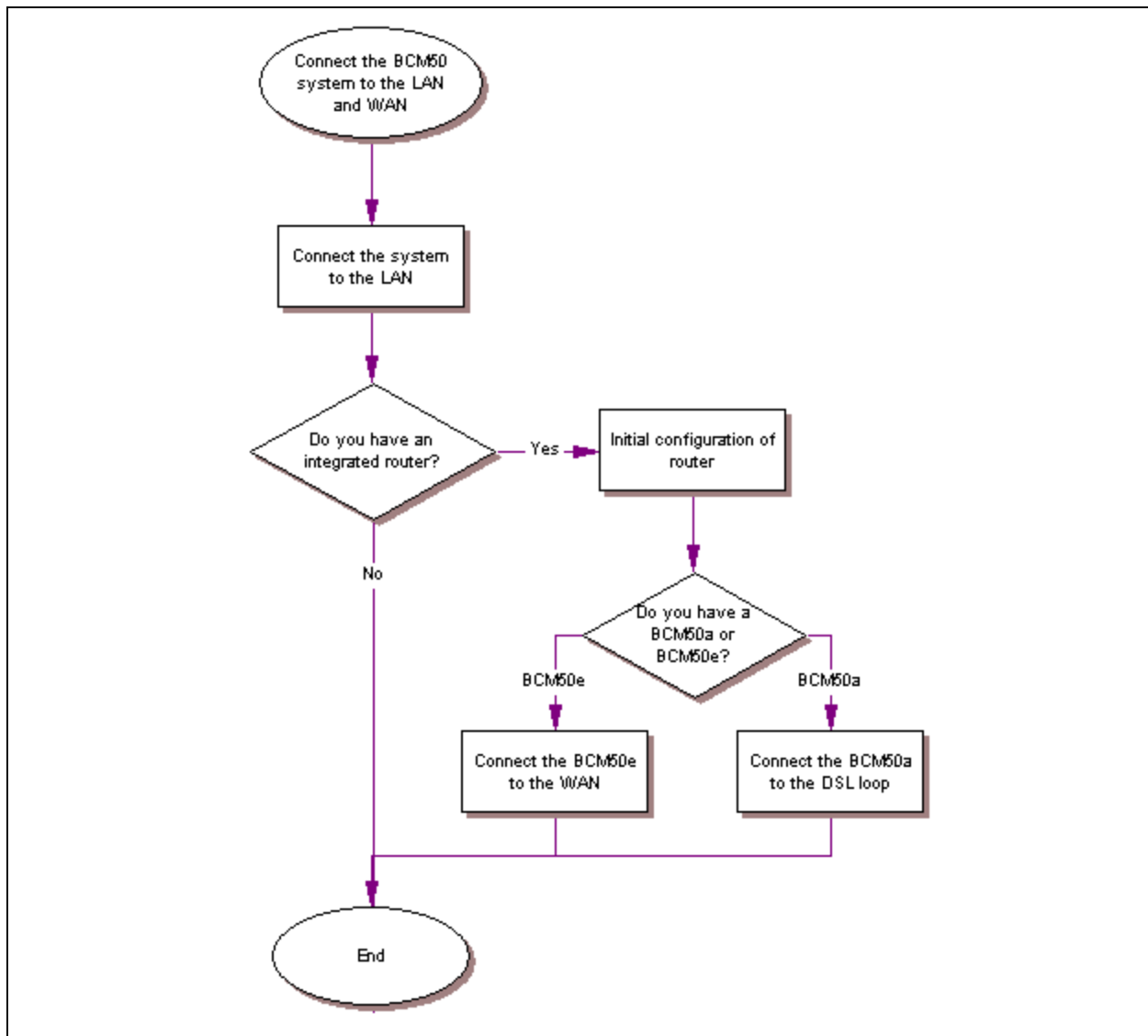
For information about connecting the cables to the BCM50 system:

- Connecting the BCM50 system to the LAN on page 156
- Connecting the BCM50 system to the WAN on page 157

Connecting the BCM50 system to the LAN

On BCM50 and BCM50b main units, three RJ-45 connectors support LAN connections and one OAM port. On the BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units, six RJ-45 connectors support LAN connections and one OAM port. The figure Ports on a BCM50e main unit on page 156 shows the location of the LAN ports.

Figure 66 Ports on a BCM50e main unit
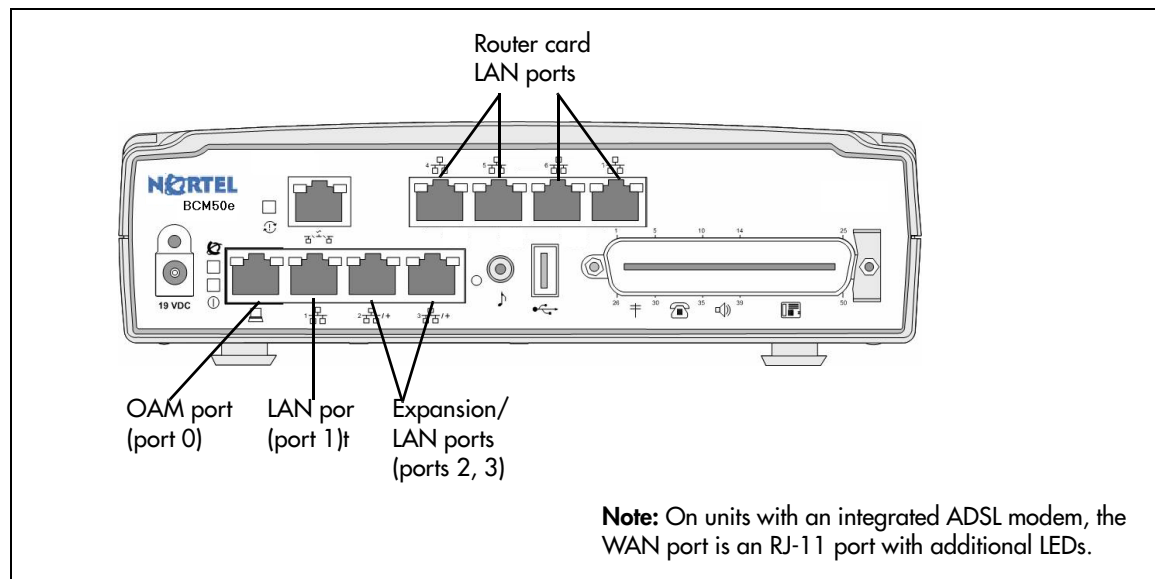
The table LAN ports on the main unit on page 156 describes the function of each port.

Table 31 LAN ports on the main unit (Sheet 1 of 2)

Port name	Function
OAM port	The OAM port connects an on-site management computer to the main unit. Using this connection, you can access management tools, such as Element Manager, without affecting the main LAN.
	This port is not connected to the network switch built into the main unit and cannot be connected to other network devices.
LAN port	The LAN port connects the main unit to the LAN.
	This port connects to the network switch built into the main unit.
Expansion/LAN ports	The expansion ports have two purposes: connecting the expansion units and providing LAN access to other network devices.
	If an expansion unit is connected to the port, the expansion port provides signaling channels, media channels, and LAN datagrams to the expansion unit. The expansion unit connects the signaling and media channels to the media bay module (MBM) and connects the LAN datagrams to the LAN port on the expansion unit. You can then use the LAN port on the expansion unit to connect network devices, such as IP telephones.
	If an expansion unit is not connected to the port, you can use the expansion port to connect network devices, such as IP telephones.
	The expansion ports connect to the network switch built into the main unit. Any devices connected to these ports are on the same subnet as the device connected to the LAN port.

Table 31   LAN ports on the main unit (Sheet 2 of 2)

Port name	Function
Router card LAN ports	The router card LAN ports connect network devices, such as IP telephones to the LAN.
	These ports connect to the network switch built into the main unit. Any devices connected to these ports are on the same subnet as the device connected to the LAN port.
Expansion unit LAN port	The expansion unit LAN port connects network devices, such as IP telephones to the LAN.
	These ports are connected to the network switch built into the main unit. Any devices connected to these ports are on the same subnet as the device connected to the LAN port.

To connect the BCM50 system to the LAN

1   Connect one end of a standard Ethernet cable to your LAN.

2   Plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into the LAN port on the main unit.

3   To use the internal BCM50 network switch to connect another IP device to the LAN, connect an Ethernet cable between the IP device and one of the additional LAN ports on the BCM50 system (Router card LAN ports, Expansion port, or expansion unit LAN port).

4   Repeat step 3 for each IP device you want to connect to the LAN using the BCM50 switch.

5   If you install a BCM50a or BCM50e, proceed to Connecting the BCM50 system to the WAN on page 157.
If you install a BCM50, proceed to Next step on page 159.

Connecting the BCM50 system to the WAN

Four types of main units contain a router card, the BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50ba, and BCM50be. On the BCM50e and BCM50be, the WAN port is an RJ-45 port. On the BCM50a and BCM50ba, the WAN port is an RJ-11 port. The figure WAN port on a BCM50 main unit on page 158 shows the location of the WAN port on both types of router cards.

Figure 67 WAN port on a BCM50 main unit
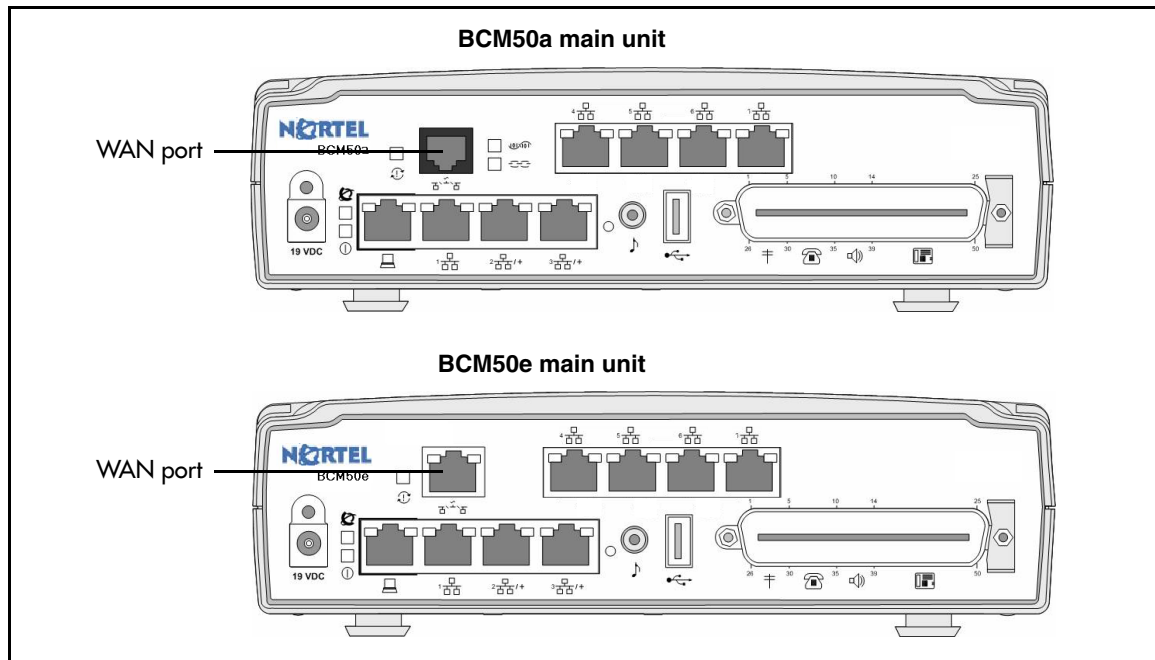
For information about connecting the BCM50 to the WAN:

To connect the BCM50e or BCM50be main units to the WAN

1 Use the Integrated Router Web GUI to configure the router card on the BCM50e and BCM50be main units. For information about how to configure the router, see the *BCM50e Integrated Router Configuration Guide*.

2 Connect one end of a standard Ethernet cable to your WAN edge device (for example, an external ADSL modem or cable modem).

For proper setup and configuration of the device, see the documentation for your WAN edge device.

3 Plug the other end of the Ethernet cable into the WAN port.

4 Proceed to Next step on page 159.

To connect the BCM50a or BCM50ba main units to the WAN

1 Use the Integrated Router Web GUI to configure the router card on the BCM50a and BCM50ba main units. For information about how to configure the router, see the *BCM50a Integrated Router Configuration Guide*.

2 Make sure the power supply is connected to the main unit and to the AC power source (wall outlet).

⚠️ **Warning:** Do not plug the WAN cable into the system unless the power supply is connected to the main unit and an AC power source with a third-wire ground.

3 Connect one end of a standard telephone cable to the ADSL telephone line provided by your ISP.

4 Plug the other end of the telephone cable into the WAN port.

➡️ **Note:** If you use the ADSL telephone line for both ADSL and regular voice communication, you must install a splitter filter. Your ADSL service provider supplies the splitter filter. Follow your service provider's instructions about connecting the splitter.

Next step

After you connect the cables to the BCM50 system, you can test the system. For information about testing the BCM50 system, see Testing basic BCM50 functionality on page 161.

Chapter 18
Testing basic BCM50 functionality

This section describes how to test the BCM50 system.

For information about testing and troubleshooting the BCM50 system:

To test the main unit

If you have the digital station feature included in your installed keycode, use the following test to ensure the main unit is operating properly:

1 Go to an extension that is connected to the RJ-21 telephony connector on the main unit.

2 Check for a dial tone.

3 Use this extension to make a call to another extension on the system.

4 If this system has an expansion unit with a media bay module (MBM) that supports extensions, repeat steps 3 and 4 for an extension connected to the expansion unit.

5 Go to an extension that has access to one of the lines on the main unit.

6 Select the line or line pool to which the line belongs.

7 Check for a dial tone.

8 Make a call using the line or line pool.

9 If this system has an expansion unit with an MBM that supports lines, repeat steps 6 to 8 with an extension that can access one of the lines connected to the expansion unit.

To troubleshoot the main unit

If a test fails, use the following procedure:

1 Verify that any nonfunctional feature is included in your installed keycode.

2 Check the wiring to the main unit and to the MBMs. Make sure that the cables are properly seated and are connected to the correct ports.

3 Reboot the BCM50 system.

4 Check LEDs (see Viewing the BCM50 system LEDs on page 61).

5 Use Element Manager or the Telset Administration feature to check the programming for the lines or extensions that failed the call test.

6 If the programming is incorrect, use the Backup and Restore Utility to load a recent backup of system programming. If a recent backup is not available, correct the programming using Element Manager or the Telephone Administration feature.

To test the expansion unit

Use the following test to ensure the expansion unit is operating properly:

1 Make sure that the BCM50 system is fully booted. For indications that the system is fully operational, see Viewing the BCM50 system LEDs on page 61.

2 Check the power and status LEDs on the MBM that is inserted in the expansion unit. Both LEDs must be solid green. If either LED is not solid green, a problem exists with the MBM or the expansion unit. For a detailed description of the LED states, see Viewing the BCM50 system LEDs on page 61.

3 If the expansion unit has an MBM that supports extensions, go to an extension that is connected to the MBM.

4 Check for a dial tone.

5 Use this extension to make a call to another extension on the system.

6 If the expansion unit has an MBM that supports lines, go to an extension that has access to one of the lines on the MBM.

7 Select the line or line pool to which the line belongs.

8 Check for a dial tone.

9 Make a call using the line or line pool.

To troubleshoot the expansion unit

1 Check that the correct feature for the expansion unit is included in your installed keycode.

2 Check that the expansion port is connected to the proper connector. For location of the LAN ports, see the figure Expansion ports on page 100 and the figure Connecting the expansion unit to the BCM50 main unit on page 101.

3 Check the wiring to the MBM. Make sure that the cables are properly seated and are connected to the correct ports with proper LED indications.

4 Check that the switches on the MBM are all set to on. For more information about these switches, see Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94.
If the MBM is a GASM or GATM, all the switches on the right are not on. For information about setting these switches, see Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94.

   To check the MBM switches, you must remove the MBM from the expansion unit. For instructions, see Replacing a media bay module on page 179.

5 Perform a firmware download to ensure that the correct version is loaded on the ASM/GASM or GATM unit.

6 Use Element Manager or Telset Admin to check the programming for the lines or extensions connected to the MBM.

7 Reboot the system to ensure that the BCM50 main unit functions correctly.

8 If the programming is incorrect, use the Backup and Restore Utility to load a recent backup of system programming. If a recent backup is not available, correct the programming using Element Manager or the Telephone Administration feature.

To test the MBM

1 Check the Power and Status LEDs on the MBM. Both LEDs must be solid green. If either LED is not solid green, a problem exists with the MBM. For a detailed description of the LED states, see Media bay module LEDs (expansion units only) on page 66.

2 Perform a call test to make sure the new MBM functions correctly. If you replaced a station MBM, use To test a station MBM on page 163. If you replaced a trunk MBM, use To test a trunk MBM on page 163. If you replaced a 4x16 MBM, use To test a station MBM on page 163 and To test a trunk MBM on page 163.

To test a station MBM

1 Go to an extension on the MBM.

2 Check for a dial tone.

3 Use this extension to make a call to another extension on the system.

4 Use this extension to make a call to an external telephone number.

To test a trunk MBM

1 Go to an extension that has access to one of the lines on the MBM.

2 Select the line or line pool to which the line belongs.

3 Check for a dial tone.

4 Make a call using the line or line pool.

To determine why an MBM does not appear in Element Manager

1   Check that the correct feature for the expansion unit is included in your installed keycode.

2   Check that both the Power and Status LEDs on the MBM are solid green.

   •   If the Power LED is off, check that the power supply cable is properly seated in the expansion unit and the power supply is connected to a working power outlet.
       Also check that the MBM is properly seated in the expansion unit.

   •   If the Status LED is not solid green, check that the Expansion cable is properly seated in the Expansion port on the expansion unit and on the main unit.

3   Check that the MBM and expansion unit are enabled using either Element Manager or Telset Administration. If the units are enabled, disable them, and then re-enable them.

4   Check that all the switches on the MBM are on. For more information about these switches, see Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94.
       If the MBM is a GASM or GATM, all the switches on the right are not set to on. For information about setting these switches, see Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94.

   To check the MBM switches, you must remove the MBM from the expansion unit. For instructions, see Replacing a media bay module on page 179.

To determine why the ATA2 does not function

1   Check for a dial tone using an analog device.

2   Check that AC power is connected to the ATA2 unit.

3   Check that the correct feature for digital sets is included in your installed keycode.

4   Verify that the ATA2 is connected to a digital station port.

5   Allow sufficient startup time (30–60 sec).

6   Plug an analog device into the phone port of the ATA2 and check for a dial-tone.

To determine why there is no dial tone at the ATA2

1   If you hear no dial tone, replace a single-line telephone for the data communication device.

2   If you hear no dial tone at the ATA2 unit:

   a   Disconnect the line side of the ATA2. Connect a digital telephone to the ATA2 port.

   b   Check that the connection from the ATA2 to the BCM50 hardware works correctly.

To check the ATA2 wiring

1 Use an analog phone to test the ATA2.

2 Check the following connections:

   a ATA2 to the terminal
   The resistance must be 200 ohms or less for data applications and 1300 ohms or less for voice applications.

   b BCM50 hardware to the ATA2
   The wiring must be equivalent to 800 m of 0.5 mm wire (2600 ft. of 24-AWG) or less. Do not use bridge taps and loading coils between the BCM50 hardware and ATA2.

Reset to factory settings

This section describes how to reset the BCM50 system to the factory settings or a stable working condition using the reset switch (see the figure Reset switch location on page 165). When the BCM50 is in this condition, you can make further modifications.

Figure 68   Reset switch location
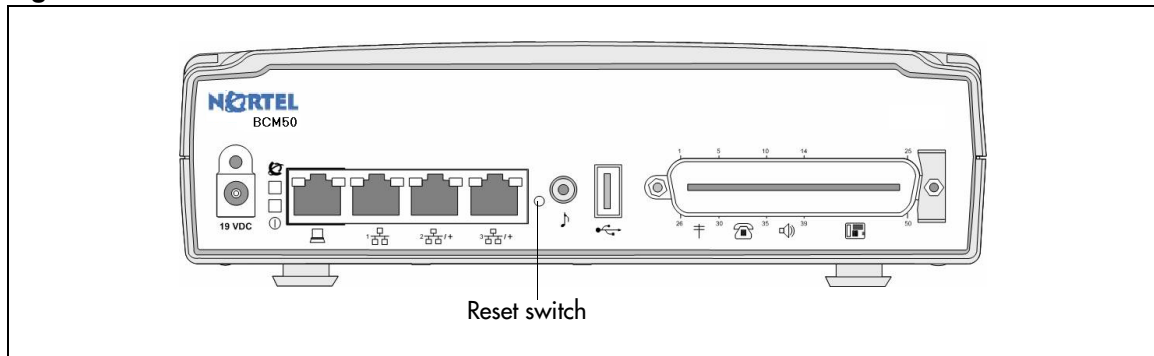
Some possible situations in which you use the reset feature are:

• If the BCM50 system is configured incorrectly to an extent that it is no longer functional. The customer must use a level 1 reset to return to the default system programming and restore a previous configuration or reconfigure the system.

• If distributors want to reuse BCM50 systems, they must first erase all customer-specific data using a level 1 or level 2 reset.

Reset levels

Reset to factory settings is a stand-alone feature that has the following levels of reset:

• **Level 1** reset erases all customer-specific data and restores the default configuration for all components. This reset leaves the software components untouched. That is, the system has the latest release and patch level of the software installed. Only the system and user configuration data is erased and replaced with default values. No Ethernet connectivity to the system occurs during this operation.

- **Level 2** reset erases all customer and system configuration data and all software releases and patches. This reset re-installs the original factory configuration settings. Level 2 reset also resets the router firmware to what was shipped from the factory. No Ethernet connectivity to the system occurs during this operation.

> ⚠ **Warning:** If you perform a Level 2 reset to solve an undetermined problem and still have access to Element Manager, you must retrieve all the log files for technical support before performing the Level 2 reset. A Level 2 reset erases all log files from the system.

Activate the reset feature

You activate the reset feature by pressing the reset switch with a long, thin, nonmetallic needle in the sequence described in the procedure To perform a Level 1 and Level 2 reset on page 166.

> ⚠ **Warning:** Before performing a Level 1 or Level 2 reset, review all the effects of the levels of reset. See Reset levels on page 165.

As you press the reset switch, the LEDs blink in a predefined fashion to guide and confirm user input. The various states of the power and status LEDs indicate the following:

- A blinking power LED indicates a user input window; the BCM50 system is waiting for user input.
- A solid red power LED indicates extreme action is requested; caution is urged.
- A solid status LED (any color) indicates level of reset action:
  — Level 1 is yellow
  — Level 2 is red
- A blinking status LED indicates an interim state; trying to establish user request.
- A solid status LED indicates confirmation of a user selection (power LED has priority).

To perform a Level 1 and Level 2 reset

The router configuration of a BCM50a or BCM50e is not affected by a Level 1 reset. To perform a soft reset on the router, use Element Manager.

See the figure Level 1 and Level 2 reset sequence on page 167, or follow the sequence in the table Level 1 reset on page 168 and the table Level 2 reset on page 168 to perform a Level 1 and Level 2 reset.

Figure 69   Level 1 and Level 2 reset sequence

Reset query state

Level 1 reset pending

Press reset

Level 2 reset pending

Press reset

Level 1 reset confirm

Do not press reset
5 second timer

Press reset

Perform level 1 reset

Do not press reset
5 second timer

Level 2 reset confirm

10 second timer

Do not press reset

Wait 5 minutes

Perform level 2 reset

Press reset

System is ready

10 second timer

Do not press reset

Wait 17 minutes

System reboots
(Reset request cancelled)

System is ready

Note 1: In the reset confirm
steps, the lower LED flashes
faster than the upper LED.

Note 2: All times in this figure
are approximate.

Table 32 Level 1 reset

Step	User action	Power LED	Status LED	System state	Alternative user action
1	Boot the system	Solid yellow	Solid yellow	Power self-test	No action; system remains off
		Solid yellow	Off	Power self-test	
		Flashing yellow	Solid yellow	Ready for reset input	
2	Press reset switch	Solid red	Flashing yellow	Request Level 1 reset	Do not press reset switch; system boots normally
3	Wait five seconds	Flashing red	Flashing yellow	Awaiting Level 1 reset confirmation	Press reset switch; system proceeds to Level 2 reset
4	Press reset switch	Solid red	Solid yellow	System performs Level 1 reset. All configuration programming erased.	Do not press reset switch; system boots normally
		Solid green	Solid green	System rebooted and is ready for user action.	

Table 33 Level 2 reset

Step	User action	Power LED	Status LED	System state	Alternative user action
1	Boot up the system	Solid yellow	Solid yellow	Power self-test	No action; system remains off
		Solid yellow	Off	Power self-test	
		Flashing yellow	Solid yellow	Ready for reset input	
2	Press reset switch	Solid red	Flashing yellow	Request Level 1 reset	Do not press reset switch; system boots normally
3	Press reset switch again within five seconds of the first button press.	Solid red	Flashing red	Request Level 2 reset	Do not press reset switch; system remains in Level 1 reset state
4	Wait five seconds	Flashing red	Flashing red	Awaiting Level 2 reset confirmation	Press reset switch; system proceeds to Nortel factory mode (do not use)
5	Press reset switch	Solid red	Solid red	System performs Level 2 reset; all configuration programming and software updates erased.	Do not press reset switch; system boots normally
		Solid green	Solid green	System rebooted and is ready for user action.	

Chapter 19
Replacing the BCM50 system components

This section provides an overview of how to replace the BCM50 system components. The figure Overview of replacing the BCM50 system components on page 169 shows the steps required to replace the BCM50 system components.

This section also describes common procedures required to prepare the system for maintenance.

Figure 70   Overview of replacing the BCM50 system components
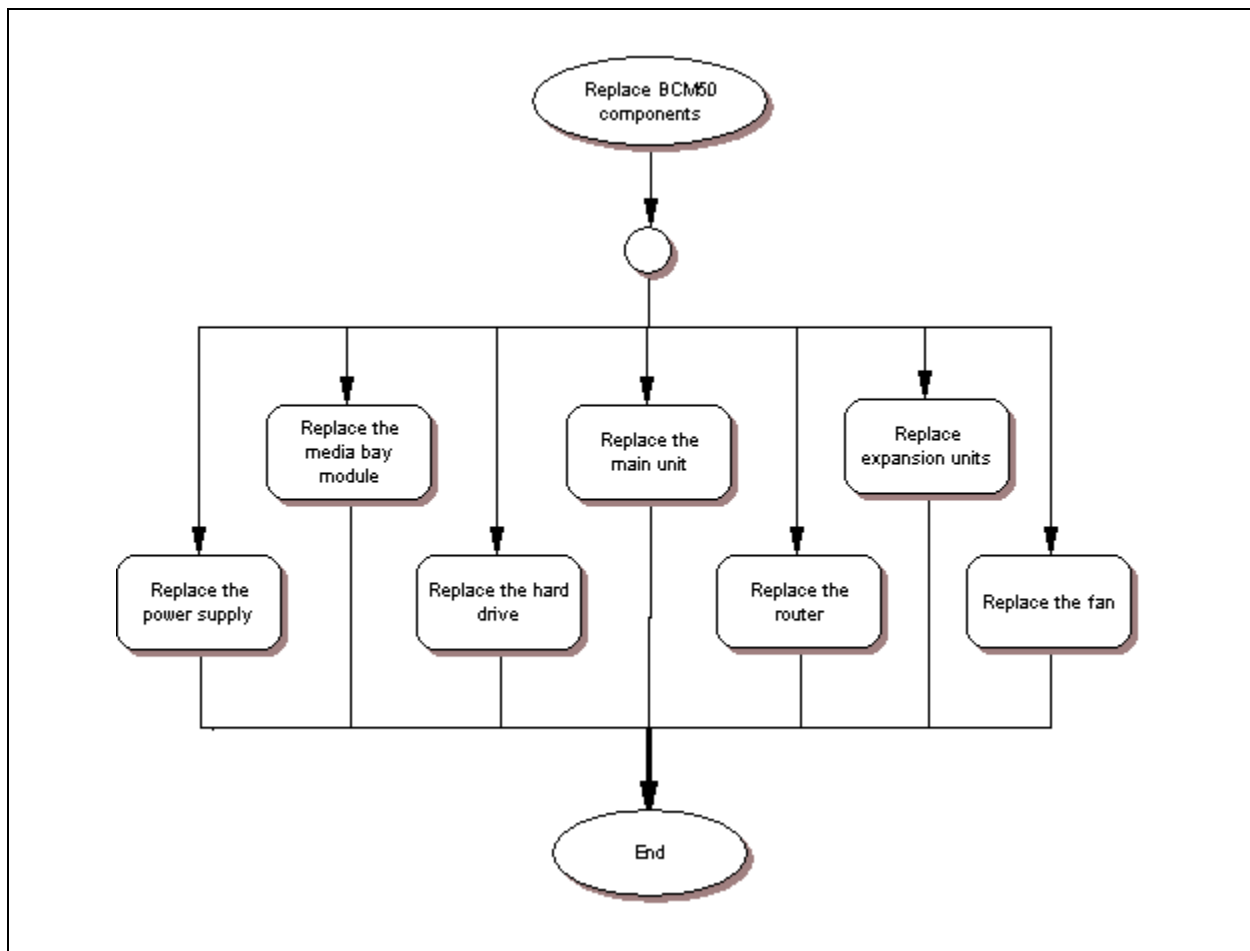
For information about replacing the BCM50 components:

- Replacing a power supply on page 171
- Replacing a main unit on page 175
- Replacing a media bay module on page 179
- Replacing an expansion unit on page 183
- Replacing an internal component on page 189

Preparing the system for maintenance

Use the following procedure to prepare the system for maintenance. This procedure is referenced throughout the maintenance portion of this document:

To shut down the system

1 Check for a recent backup of the BCM50 system programming.

2 If no recent backup is available, then use Element Manager to back up the system data. For information about backing up the system data, see the *Administration Guide*.

3 In Element Manager, from the **Administration** tab, click the **Utilities** folder to expand it.

4 From the Utilities folder, select **Reset**.

5 Click **Reboot BCM50 System** to reboot the system.

The BCM50 system begins the shutdown process.

6 Unplug the main unit when the status and power LEDs change from solid green to flashing orange.

Restarting the system after maintenance

When you finish your maintenance procedure, restart the BCM system in the order described in this section.

To return the system to operation

1 Check the Power and Status LEDs on the main unit. After the BCM50 starts, both LEDs must be solid green. If either LED is not solid green, a problem with the main unit exists. For a detailed description of the LED states, see System status LEDs on page 61.

2 If this system has an expansion unit, check the Power and Status LEDs on the media bay module (MBM) in the expansion unit. Both LEDs must be solid green. If either LED is not solid green, a problem exists with the MBM or the expansion unit. For a detailed description of the LED states, see Media bay module LEDs (expansion units only) on page 66.

3 If this system has a second expansion unit, check the Power and Status LEDs on the second MBM.

4 Use Element Manager to restore the programming. For information about restoring system programming, see the *Administration Guide*.

5 Set the basic configuration parameters. For more information, see Configuring the BCM50 system on page 125.

> ⚠ **Warning:** When you restart the system, all digital telephony, IP client voice mail, and VoIP ports are not available until the system services restart.

Chapter 20
Replacing a power supply

This chapter describes the procedure for replacing a power supply.

The figure Overview of replacing the BCM50 power supply on page 171 shows an overview of replacing a power supply.

Figure 71 Overview of replacing the BCM50 power supply
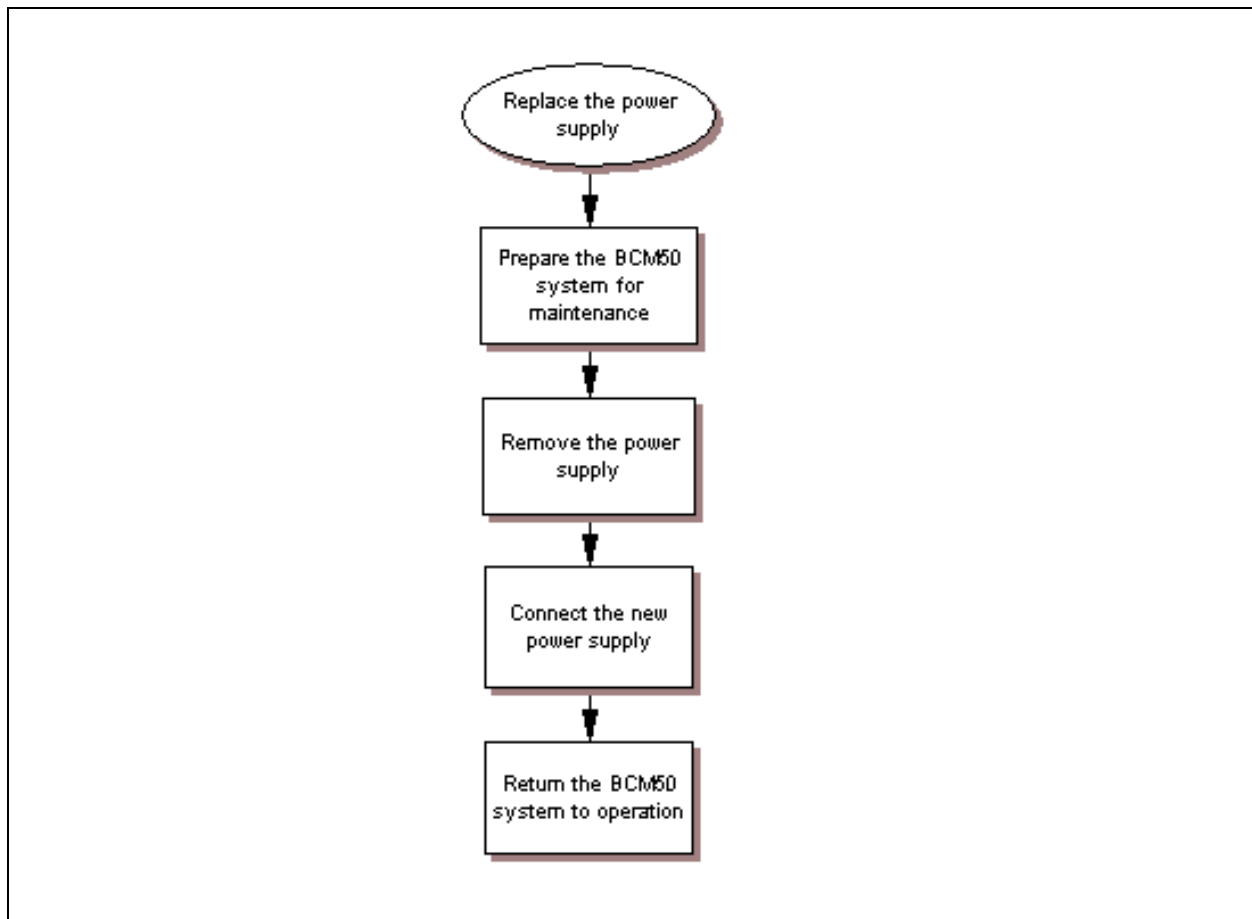
For information about replacing a power supply:

- Preparing the system for maintenance on page 172
- Removing the power supply on page 172
- Connect the new power supply on page 172

Preparing the system for maintenance

In most cases, if the power supply for the main unit is faulty, the system is already shut down. If this is the case, proceed to Removing the power supply on page 172. If you replace the expansion unit power supply, or if the system is still operating, perform the procedure To shut down the system on page 170.

Removing the power supply

Before you disconnect the power supply, read the warnings about connecting network lines in Wiring warnings on page 105.

To remove the power supply

1 Remove the telephony and data networking lines from the BCM50 units. These lines include:

- the RJ-21 telephony connector on the main unit
- the ADSL line in the WAN port on a BCM50a main unit
- any analog telephone lines in the media bay modules (MBM) in the expansion units
- any digital telephone lines in the MBMs in the expansion units

2 Rotate the power supply retention clip to free the power supply cord.

3 Remove the power supply cord from the BCM50 unit.

⚠ **Warning: Leakage currents**

You must disconnect the telephony and data networking cables from the system before disconnecting the power cord from a grounded outlet.

---

4 Remove the power supply cord from the AC wall outlet.
If your system has a UPS, remove the power supply cord from the UPS socket.

5 Remove the power supply from the table, rack-mount shelf, or wall-mount bracket.

6 Proceed to Connect the new power supply on page 172.

Connect the new power supply

Before you connect the power supply, read the warnings about connecting network lines in Wiring warnings on page 105.

To connect the new power supply

1 Connect the new power supply. See Connecting the power supply on page 102.

2 Connect the telephony and data networking lines that you removed in Step 1 of Removing the power supply on page 172.

3 Continue with the procedure To return the system to operation on page 170.

Chapter 21
Replacing a main unit

Three types of main units are available: the BCM50, the BCM50a, and the BCM50e. This chapter describes the procedure for replacing a main unit.

The figure Overview of replacing a main unit on page 175 shows an overview of replacing a main unit.

Figure 72   Overview of replacing a main unit
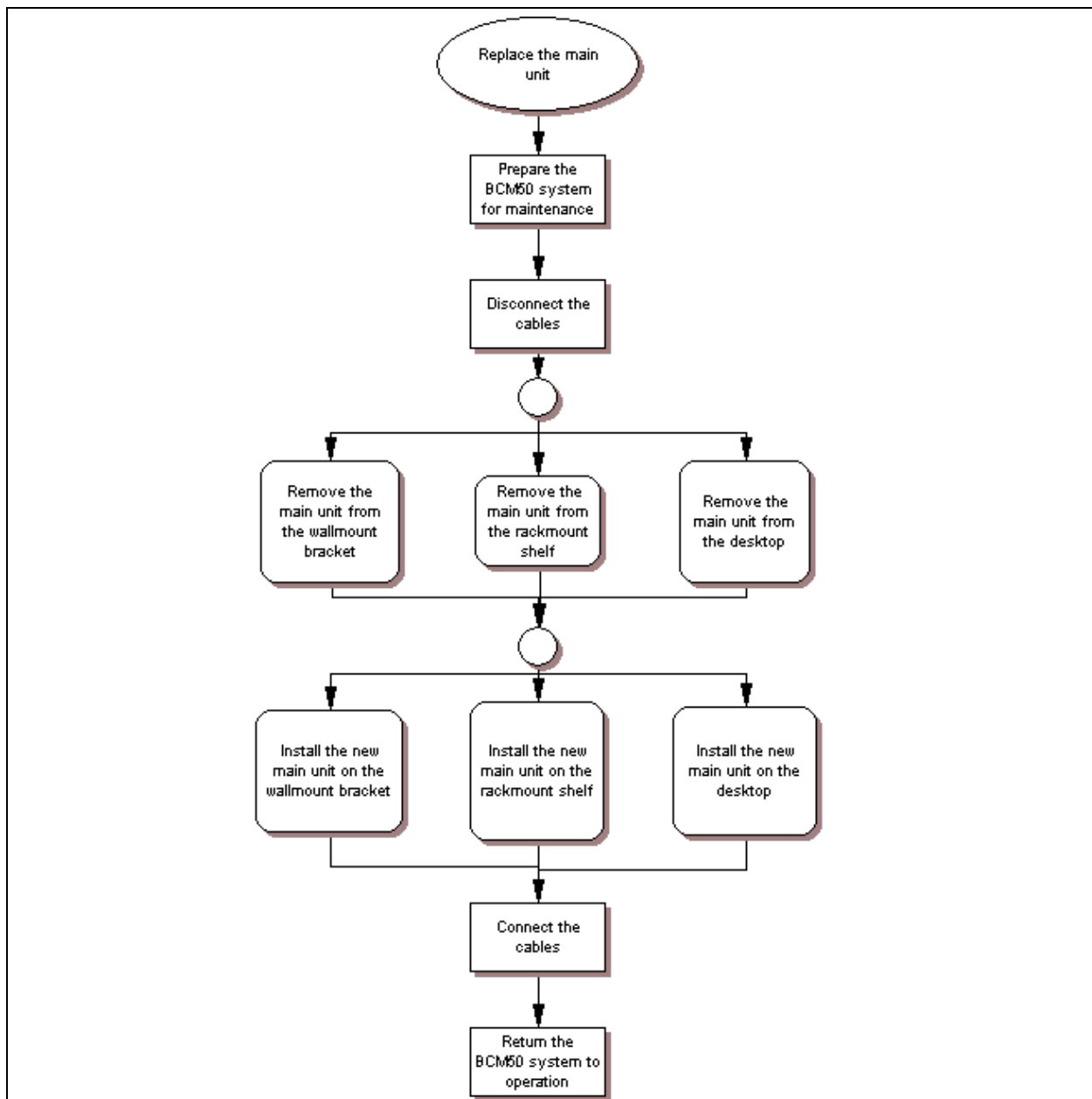
For information about replacing the BCM50 main unit:

- Preparing the system for maintenance on page 176
- Removing the main unit on page 176
- Installing the new main unit on page 177

Preparing the system for maintenance

In most cases, if the BCM50 main unit is faulty, the system is already shut down. If this is the case, continue with the procedure To disconnect the cables on page 176. If the system is still operating, perform the procedure To shut down the system on page 170.

To disconnect the cables

1 Remove the 25-pair cable from the RJ-21 telephony connector on the front of the main unit.

2 Remove the Ethernet cable from the LAN port.

3 If the main unit is a BCM50a or a BCM50e, remove the Ethernet cable or ADSL line from the WAN port and the Ethernet cables from the Router card LAN ports.

4 Remove the expansion cables or LAN cables from the expansion ports on the main unit. For the expansion cables, make sure you mark the cables with the number of the port to which they connect.

5 If the system uses the external Music Source port, remove the cable from the Music Source port.

6 If the system uses a UPS, remove the USB cable from the USB port.

7 Rotate the power supply retention clip to free the power supply cord.

8 Remove the power supply cord from the main unit.

> ⚠️ **Warning: Leakage currents**
>
> You must disconnect the telephony and data networking cables from the system before disconnecting the power cord from a grounded outlet.

9 Proceed to Removing the main unit on page 176.

Removing the main unit

The method you use to remove the main unit depends on how the unit is mounted. Use one of the following procedures to remove the main unit:

- To remove a rack-mounted main unit on page 177
- To remove a wall-mounted main unit on page 177
- To remove a desktop mounted main unit on page 177

To remove a rack-mounted main unit

1   Ensure you remove all the cables from the main unit.
       If necessary, see the procedure To disconnect the cables on page 176.

2   If a unit is mounted to the top of the main unit, slide that unit forward until it disengages from
       the clips on the main unit. Lift the unit off of the top of the main unit.

3   If the main unit is secured to the rack-mount shelf with screws, remove these screws from the
       bottom of the rack-mount shelf.

4   Slide the main unit forward until it disengages from the clips on the rack-mount shelf.

5   Lift the main unit off of the rack-mount shelf and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

6   Proceed to Installing the new main unit on page 177.

To remove a wall-mounted main unit

1   Ensure you remove all the cables from the main unit.
       If necessary, see the procedure To disconnect the cables on page 176.

2   Lift the main unit until it disengages from the clips on the wall-mount bracket.

3   Pull the main unit out and away from the wall-mount bracket.

4   Set the main unit on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

5   Proceed to Installing the BCM50 unit on the wall on page 86.

To remove a desktop mounted main unit

1   Ensure you remove all the cables from the main unit.
       If necessary, see the procedure To disconnect the cables on page 176.

2   If a unit is mounted to the top of the main unit, slide that unit forward until it disengages from
       the clips on the main unit. Lift the unit off of the top of the main unit.

3   Lift the main unit off of the table and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

4   Continue with the procedure To install the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf on page 91.

Installing the new main unit

Use one of the following procedures to install the new BCM50 main unit:

- Installing the BCM50 unit on the rack-mount shelf on page 83
- To install the BCM50 unit on the wall-mount bracket on page 88
- To install the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf on page 91

After you install the new BCM50 main unit, proceed to the procedure To connect the cables on
page 178.

To connect the cables

1   Insert the power supply retention clip into the new main unit.

2   Rotate the power supply retention clip so that the power supply jack is clear.

3   Connect the power supply cord to the main unit.

4   Rotate the power supply retention clip to lock the power supply cord in place.

5   Connect to AC power source:

    a   If the system has a UPS, connect the USB cable to the USB port on the main unit and plug the UPS power cord into the AC power source (wall outlet).

    b   If the system has no UPS, plug the power supply cable into the AC power source (wall outlet).

6   If the system uses the external Music Source port, connect the music source cable to the Music Source port on the main unit.

7   Connect the expansion cables or LAN cables to the expansion ports on the main unit. For expansion cables, make sure you connect the cables to the expansion ports from which you removed them to ensure the same line and extension numbering.

8   If the main unit is a BCM50a or BCM50e, connect the Ethernet cable or ADSL line to the WAN port and the Ethernet cables to the Router card LAN ports.

⚠️   **Warning: Leakage currents**

You must connect the power cord to a grounded outlet before connecting the telephony and data networking cables to the system.

---

9   Connect the Ethernet cable to the LAN port.

10   Connect the 25-pair cable to the RJ-21 telephony connector on the front of the main unit.

11   Secure the RJ-21 connector to the BCM50 main unit.
If you use a straight RJ-21 connector, use the two screws on the sides of the connector to secure it.
If you use a right-angle RJ-21 connector, use the screw on the left side of the connector to secure the left side of the connector. To secure the right side of the connector, use a cable tie to fasten the 25-pair cable to the anchor on the BCM50 main unit.

12   Continue with the procedure

Chapter 22
Replacing a media bay module

This chapter describes the procedure for replacing a media bay module (MBM).

The figure Overview of replacing an MBM on page 179 shows an overview of replacing the MBM.

Figure 73   Overview of replacing an MBM
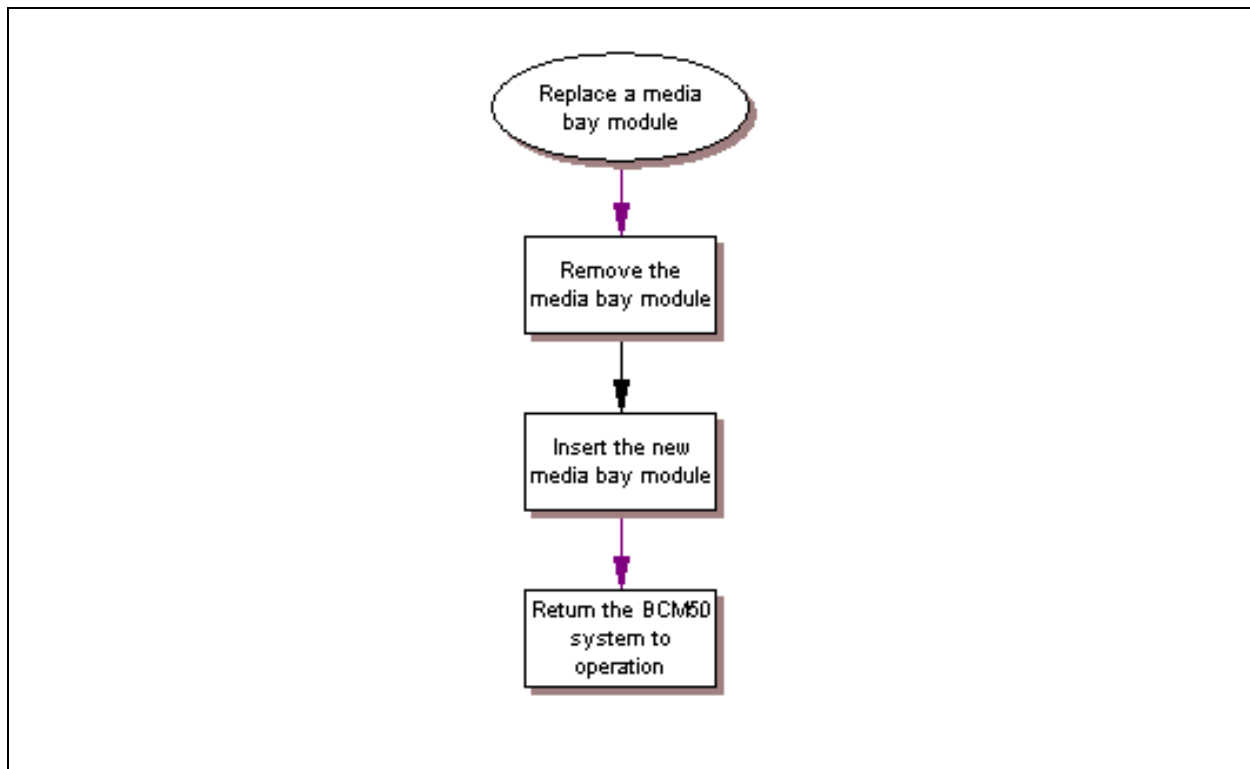
See the following procedures to replace an MBM:

To remove the MBM

1 Use Element Manager to disable the MBM. For more information about disabling an MBM, see the *Administration Guide*.

2 If the expansion unit is wall-mounted, it must be removed from the wall-mount bracket before you remove the MBM. For more information, see the procedure To remove a wall-mounted expansion unit on page 185, and then proceed to step 7.

3 Disconnect all of the telephone line and extension cables from the MBM.
If more than one cable exists, mark the cables to identify the port from which you removed them.

4 Rotate the power supply retention clip to free the power supply cord.

5 Remove the power supply cord from the expansion unit.

6 Attach one end of the grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

7 Pull out the ejector lever with your index finger. Then grasp the ejector lever with your thumb and index finger and pull outward to disengage the MBM. See the figure Remove an MBM on page 180. Finish removing the MBM by hand.

Figure 74 Remove an MBM

Grasp the edge of the MBM
ejector lever and pull outward
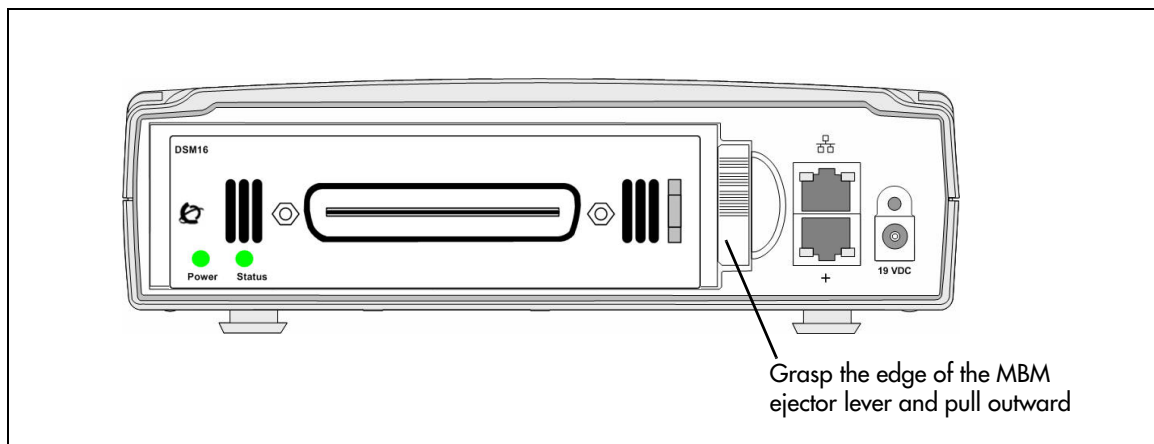
8 Grasp the top and bottom edges of the MBM. Remove the MBM from the expansion unit. Place the MBM on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

⚠ **Warning:** Protect the hardware components against damage from electrostatic discharge. Always wear a ground wrist strap before you handle components. Always place the components in a static-free container.

9 Continue with the procedure To insert the new MBM on page 181.

To insert the new MBM

1   Unpack the new MBM.

2   Verify that all dip switches are in the factory default positions. See Verifying the media bay module switch settings on page 94.

3   Install the MBM. See Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97.

4   If the new MBM is a different type of module (for example, you replaced a DSM16 with a 4x16), use Element Manager to configure the new MBM before continuing. For more information about configuring the MBM, see the procedure To configure the MBM(s) on page 152.

5   Reconnect the power supply cable. See the procedure To connect a power supply without a UPS on page 103.

6   Connect the telephone line and extension cables to the port on the front of the new MBM. See Connecting the lines and extensions on page 104.

   If the new MBM is a different type of module (for example, you replaced a DSM16 with a 4x16), you must make any additional connections to the MBM before continuing.

7   Proceed to the procedure To test the MBM on page 163.

8   Continue with the procedure To return the system to operation on page 170.

Chapter 23
Replacing an expansion unit

This chapter describes the procedure for replacing an expansion unit.

The figure Overview of replacing an expansion unit on page 183 shows an overview of replacing an expansion unit.

Figure 75   Overview of replacing an expansion unit
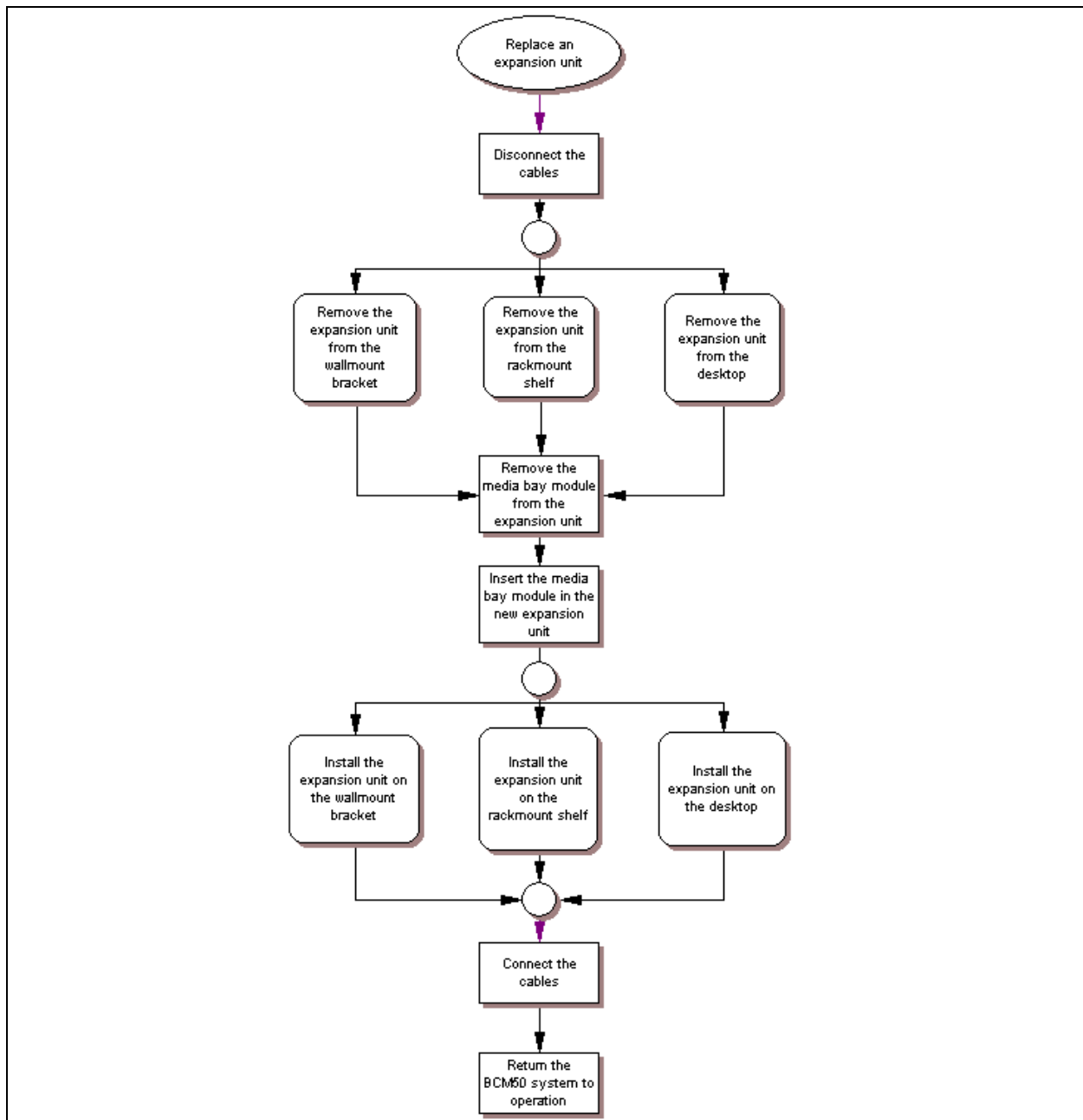
For information about replacing an expansion unit:

Disconnecting the cables

Use the following procedure to disconnect the expansion unit from the other equipment.

To disconnect the expansion unit cables

1 Use Element Manager to disable the media bay module (MBM) that is installed in the expansion unit. For more information, see the *Administration Guide*.

2 Disconnect the expansion cable from the expansion port on the expansion unit.

3 Disconnect the LAN cable from the LAN port on the expansion unit.

4 Disconnect all of the telephone lines and extension cables from the MBM inserted in the expansion unit.
If more than one cable exists, mark the cables to identify the port from which you removed them.

5 Rotate the power supply retention clip to free the power supply cord.

6 Remove the power supply cord from the expansion unit.

> ⚠ **Warning: Leakage currents**
>
> You must disconnect the telephony and data networking cables from the system before disconnecting the power cord from a grounded outlet.

7 Proceed to Removing the expansion unit on page 184.

Removing the expansion unit

How you remove the expansion unit depends on how the unit is mounted. Use one of the following procedures to remove the expansion unit:

To remove a rack-mounted expansion unit

1 Ensure you remove all the cables from the expansion unit.
If necessary, see the procedure To disconnect the expansion unit cables on page 184.

2 If a unit is mounted to the top of the expansion unit, slide that unit forward until it disengages from the clips on the expansion unit. Lift the unit off the top of the expansion unit.

3 If the expansion unit is mounted on top of another unit, slide the expansion unit forward until it disengages from the clips of the other unit. Go to step 6.
If the expansion unit is not mounted on top of another unit, continue to the next step.

4 If the expansion unit is secured to the rack-mount shelf with screws, remove these screws from the bottom of the rack-mount shelf.

5 Slide the expansion unit forward until is disengages from the clips on the rack-mount shelf.

6 Lift the expansion unit off of the rack-mount shelf or other unit and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

7 Continue with the procedure To remove the MBM on page 180.

To remove a wall-mounted expansion unit

1 Ensure you remove all the cables from the expansion unit.
If necessary, see the procedure To disconnect the expansion unit cables on page 184.

2 Lift the expansion unit until it disengages from the clips on the wall-mount bracket.

3 Pull out the expansion unit and move it away from the wall-mount bracket.

4 Set the expansion unit on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

5 Proceed to Removing the MBM on page 186.

To remove a desktop-mounted expansion unit

1 Ensure you remove all the cables from the expansion unit.
If necessary, see the procedure To disconnect the expansion unit cables on page 184.

2 If a unit is mounted to the top of the expansion unit, slide that unit forward until it disengages from the clips on the expansion unit. Lift the unit off the top of the expansion unit and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

3 If the expansion unit is mounted on top of another unit, slide the expansion unit forward until it disengages from the clips of the other unit.

4 Lift the expansion unit off of the table or other unit and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

5 Proceed to Removing the MBM on page 186.

Removing the MBM

After you remove the expansion unit, use the following procedure to remove the MBM from the expansion unit.

To remove the MBM

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Grasp the right edge of the MBM ejector lever with your thumb, index, and middle fingers. Pull outward to partially eject the MBM. Pull further on the lever to eject the MBM from the expansion unit. See the figure Remove an MBM on page 186.

Figure 76 Remove an MBM

Grasp the edge of the MBM ejector lever and pull outward
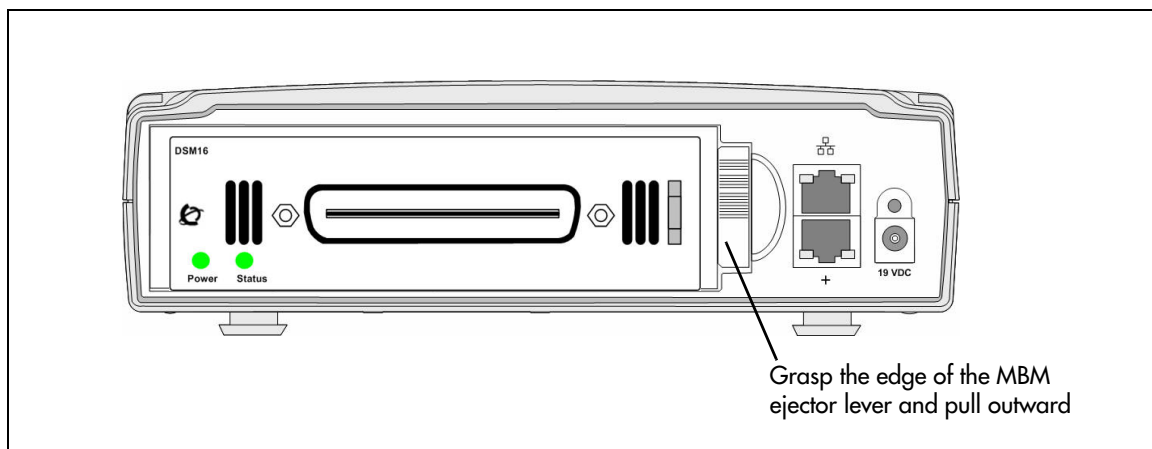
3 Grasp the top and bottom edges of the MBM. Remove the MBM from the expansion unit. Place the MBM in a flat, clean, and static-free surface.

⚠ **Warning:** Protect the hardware components against damage from electrostatic discharge. Always wear a ground wrist strap before you handle components. Always place the components in a static-free container.

4 Proceed to Installing the new expansion unit on page 187.

Inserting the MBM in the new expansion unit

To insert the MBM in the new expansion unit, see Installing a media bay module in an expansion unit on page 97.

Proceed to Installing the new expansion unit on page 187.

Installing the new expansion unit

Use one of the following procedures to install the new expansion unit:

- Installing the BCM50 unit in an equipment rack on page 82
- Installing the BCM50 unit on the wall on page 86
- Installing the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf on page 91

After you install the new expansion unit, continue with the procedure To connect the cables on page 187.

To connect the cables

1 Insert the power supply retention clip into the new expansion unit.

2 Rotate the power supply retention clip so that the power supply jack is clear.

3 Connect the power supply cord to the expansion unit.

4 Rotate the power supply retention clip to lock the power supply cord in place.

5 Connect the expansion cable to the expansion port on the front of the expansion unit.

6 Connect the LAN cable to the LAN port on the front of the expansion unit (if applicable).

7 Connect all of the telephone line and extension cables to the MBM inserted in the expansion unit. To ensure the same line and extension numbering, make sure you connect the cables to the ports from which you removed them.

> ⚠ **Warning: Leakage currents**
>
> You must connect the power cord to a grounded outlet before connecting the telephony and data networking cables to the system.

8 Use Element Manager to enable the MBM. For more information about enabling an MBM, see the *Administration Guide*.

Chapter 24
Replacing an internal component

You can replace three components inside the main unit: the hard disk, the fan, and the router card. The figure Overview of replacing an internal component on page 189 shows an overview of replacing an internal component.

> ☞ **Caution:** You must wear an antistatic grounding strap at all times when handling electronic components. Failure to do so can result in damage to the equipment.

Figure 77   Overview of replacing an internal component
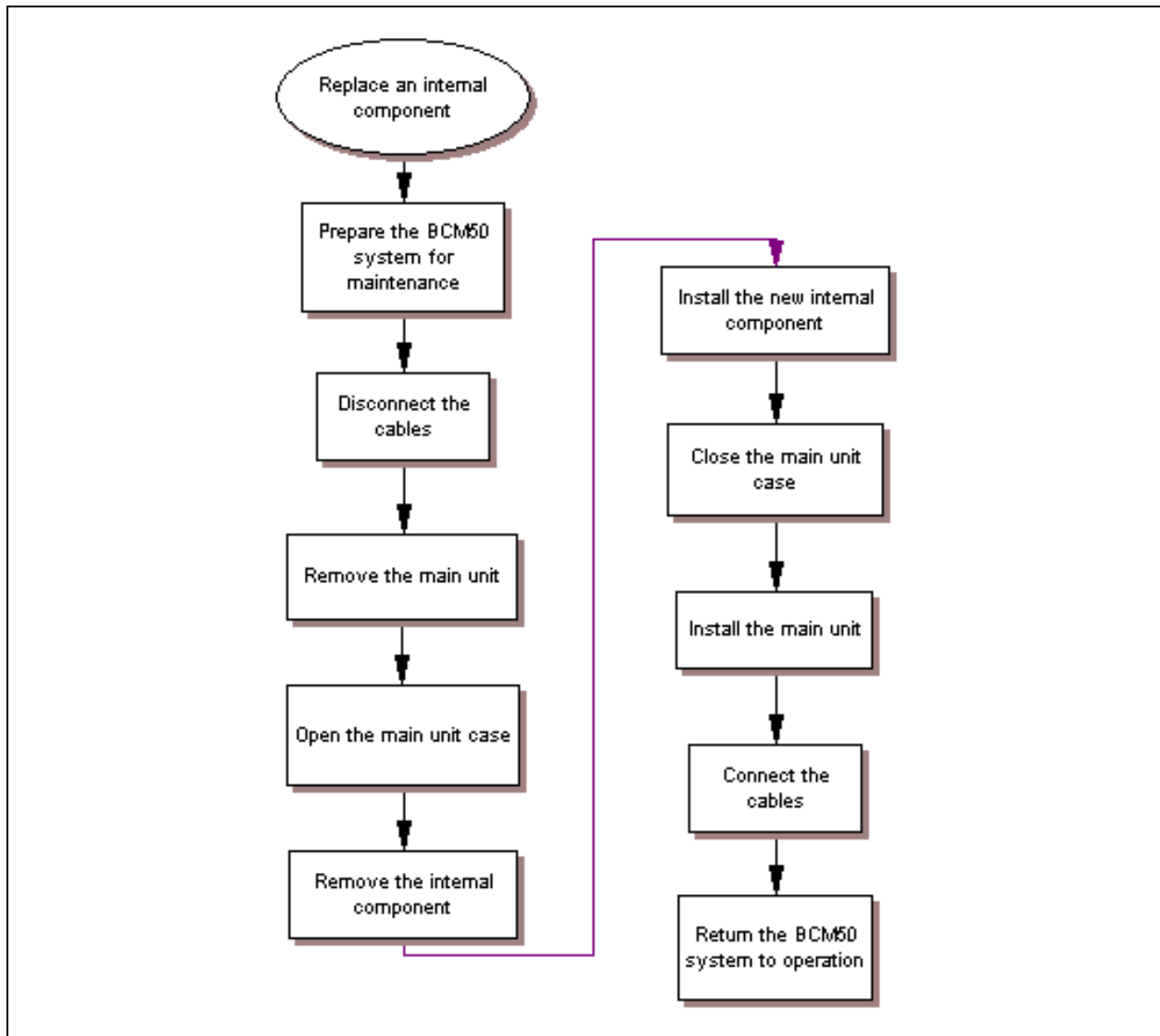
For information about replacing an internal component:

- Preparing the system for maintenance on page 190
- Removing the main unit on page 190
- Opening the main unit case on page 190
- Removing an internal component on page 192
- Inserting the new component on page 195
- Closing the main unit case on page 200
- Installing the main unit on page 201

Special tools

Before you replace the components, ensure you have the following equipment:

- Phillips screwdriver #2, with a 3.5-inch blade
- 3/16-inch slot screwdriver
- antistatic wrist grounding strap

> **Caution:** You must wear an antistatic grounding strap at all times when handling electronic components. Failure to do so can result in damage to the equipment.

Preparing the system for maintenance

If the system is still operating, perform the procedure To shut down the system on page 170.

After the system shuts down, perform the procedure To disconnect the cables on page 176.

Removing the main unit

The method you use to remove the main unit depends on how the unit is mounted. Use one of the following procedures to remove the BCM50 main unit:

- To remove a rack-mounted main unit on page 177
- To remove a wall-mounted main unit on page 177
- To remove a desktop mounted main unit on page 177

Opening the main unit case

This procedure is based on the assumption that you intend to perform maintenance activities. Do not operate the main unit with the cover removed.

To open the main unit case

⚠ **Danger:** Electrical shock warning.
Disconnect the power cord, telephone cables, and network cables before opening the BCM50 main unit.

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Turn the main unit over so that the bottom of the unit is facing up.

3 Remove the three case screws from the back of the unit. For the location of the screws, see the figure BCM50 case screws on page 191.

Figure 78   BCM50 case screws
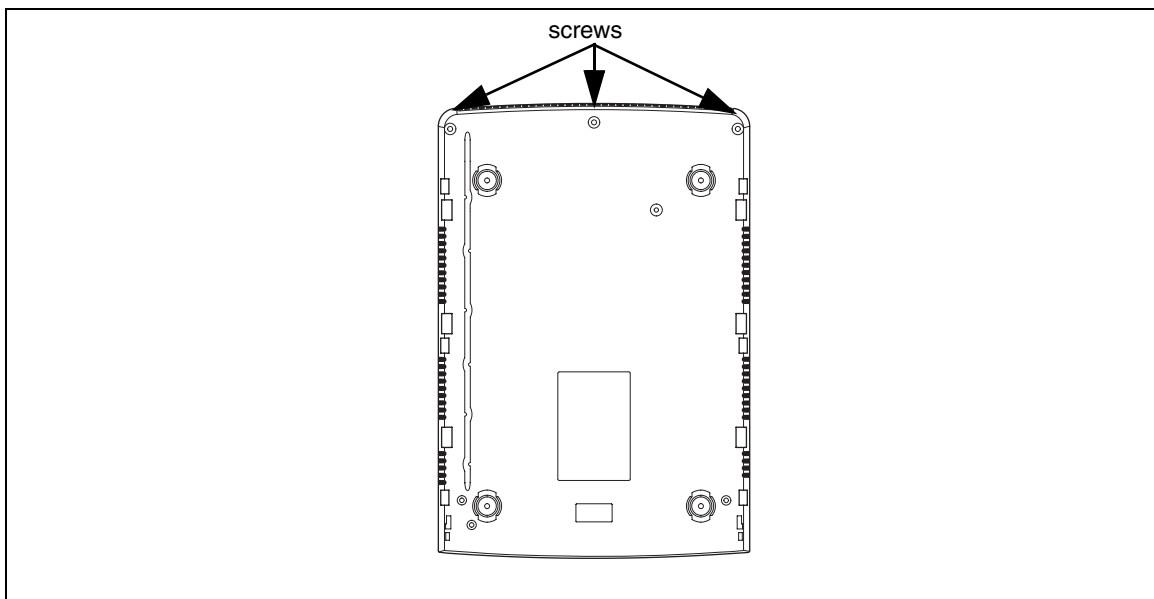
4 Turn the BCM50 unit over so that the top of the unit is facing up.

5 While holding the bottom of the BCM50 case, slide the top of the case back to disengage the locking clips. See the figure Remove the top of the case on page 192.

Figure 79 Remove the top of the case
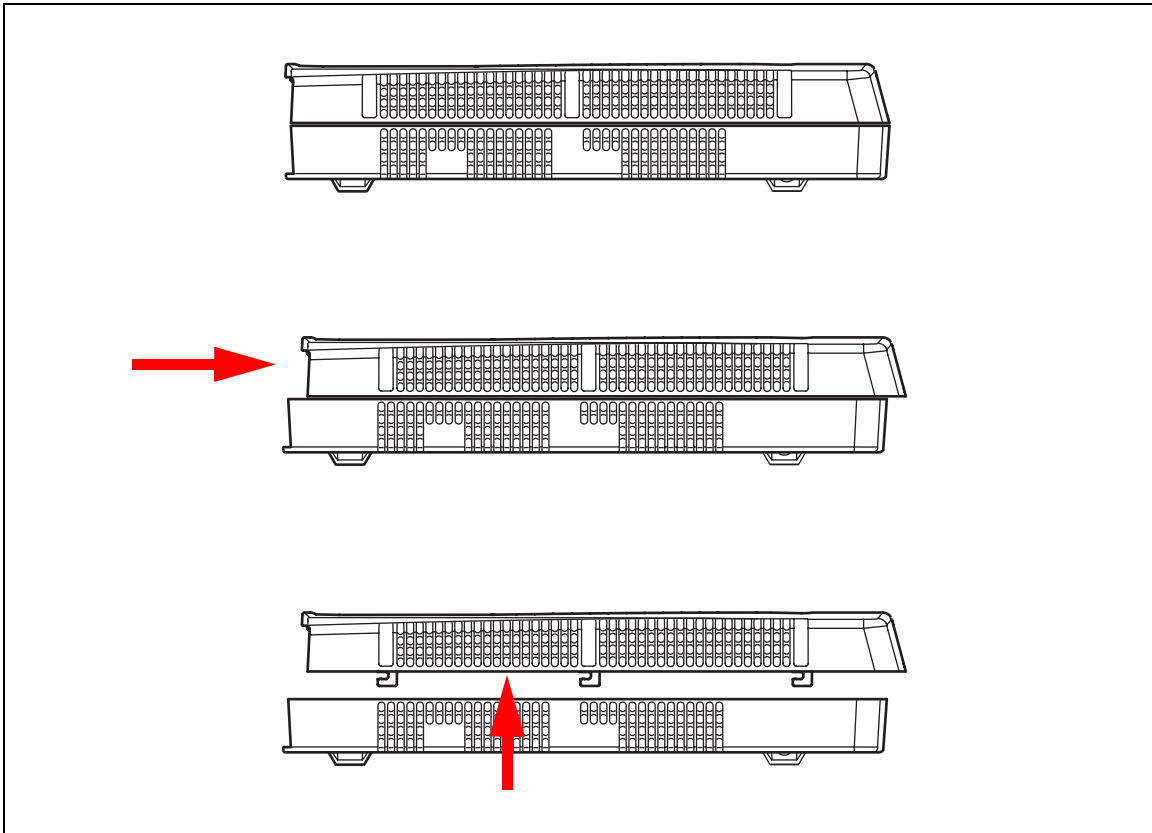
6   Lift the top of the case off the BCM50 unit.

7   Proceed to Removing an internal component on page 192.

Removing an internal component

Use one of the following procedures to remove the component:

*   To remove the hard disk on page 193
*   To remove the fan on page 194
*   To remove the router card on page 195

⚠️   **Warning:** Protect the hardware components against damage from electrostatic discharge. Always wear a ground wriststrap before you handle components. Always place the components in static-free container.

To remove the hard disk

> ⬭ **Caution:** Do not use an electric or magnetized screwdriver near the hard disk. You can lose the information stored on the disk. Shock can damage the hard disk. Do not drop or hit the hard disk.

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Remove the two screws that attach the hard disk assembly to the main unit. See the figure Hard disk and bracket installation on page 193.

Figure 80 Hard disk and bracket installation
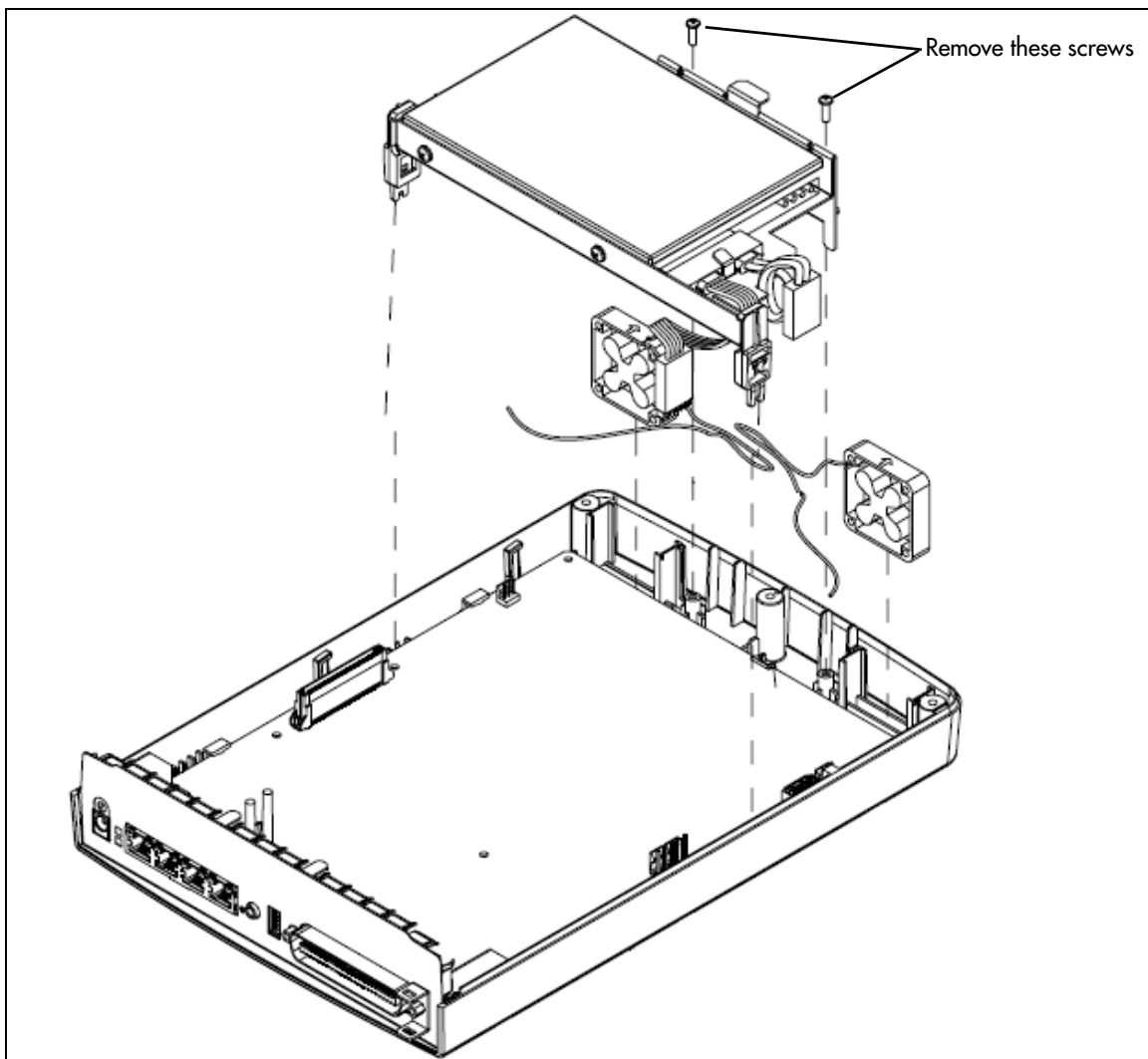
3 Lift the hard disk and hard disk bracket from the main unit and place them on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

4 Remove the four screws that secure the hard disk to the hard disk bracket. See the figure Hard disk and bracket assembly on page 194.

Figure 81 Hard disk and bracket assembly
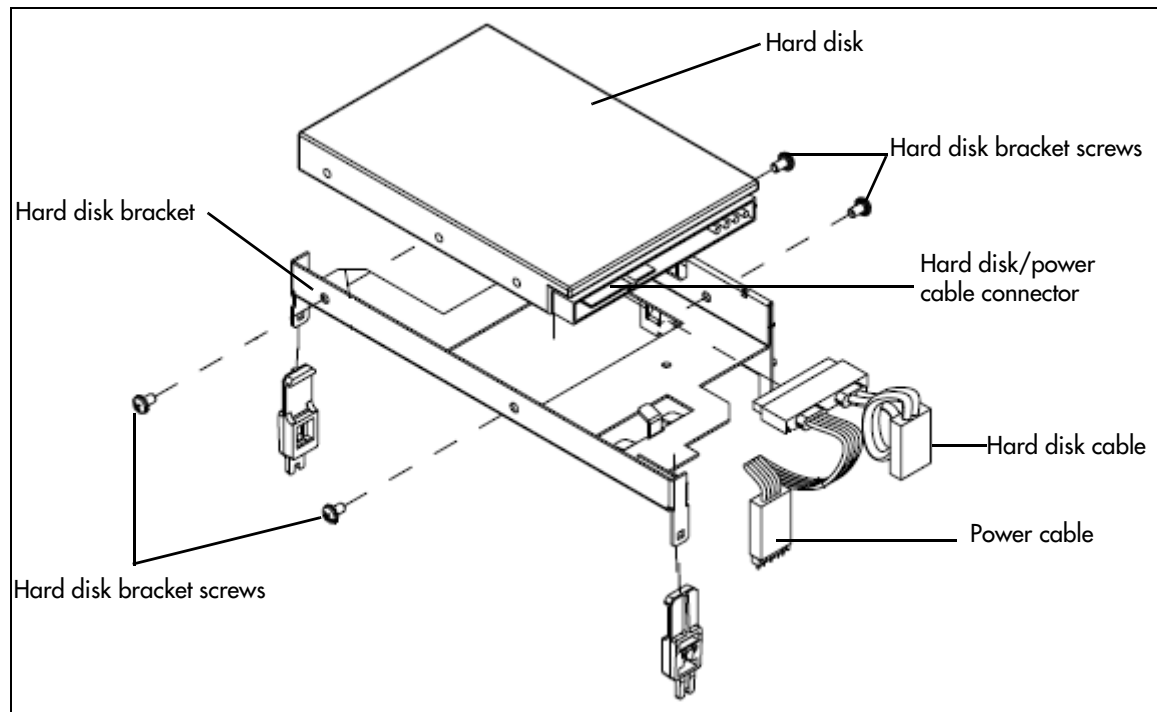
5 Remove the hard disk and power cable from the connector.

6 Lift the hard disk from the hard disk bracket and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

7 Proceed to Inserting the new component on page 195.

To remove the fan

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Ensure the main unit case is open. If necessary, see Opening the main unit case on page 190.

3 Remove the hard disk to access the fan cable. See the procedure To remove the hard disk on page 193.

4 Remove the fan cable from the header. See the figure Location of fan on page 195.

Figure 82 Location of fan

Fan
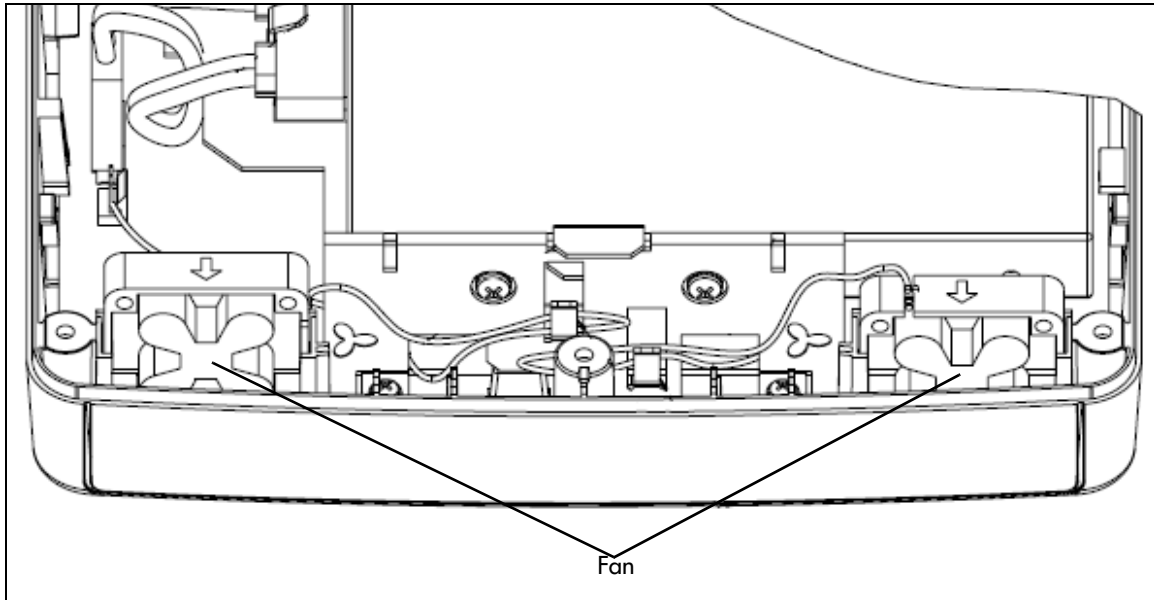
5 Lift the fan from the main unit and set it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

6 Proceed to Inserting the new component on page 195.

To remove the router card

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Ensure the main unit case is open. If necessary, see Opening the main unit case on page 190.

3 Remove the three router card retaining screws.

4 Gently lift the back of the router card to disengage it from the card connector.

5 Slide the router card back so the modular connectors clear the bezel.

6 Lift the router card over the top of the LED pipes and place it on a flat, clean, static-free surface.

7 Proceed to Inserting the new component on page 195.

Inserting the new component

Use one of the following procedures to insert the new component:

- To insert the new hard disk on page 196
- To insert the new fan on page 198
- To insert the new router card on page 199

> **Caution:** Use only a Nortel-approved replacement part. Contact your account representative for the current list of approved replacement parts.

> **Warning:** Protect the hardware components against damage from electrostatic discharge. Always wear a ground wriststrap before you handle components. Always place the components in static-free container.

To insert the new hard disk

> **Caution:** Do not use an electric or magnetized screwdriver near the hard disk. You can lose the information stored on the disk. Shock can damage the hard disk. Do not drop or hit the hard disk.

1   Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2   Connect the hard disk cable and power cable to the hard disk connector. See the figure Hard disk and bracket assembly on page 196.

> **Note:** If the cables do not insert properly, check that the notch on the hard disk connector is aligned with the corresponding notch on the cable.

Figure 83   Hard disk and bracket assembly
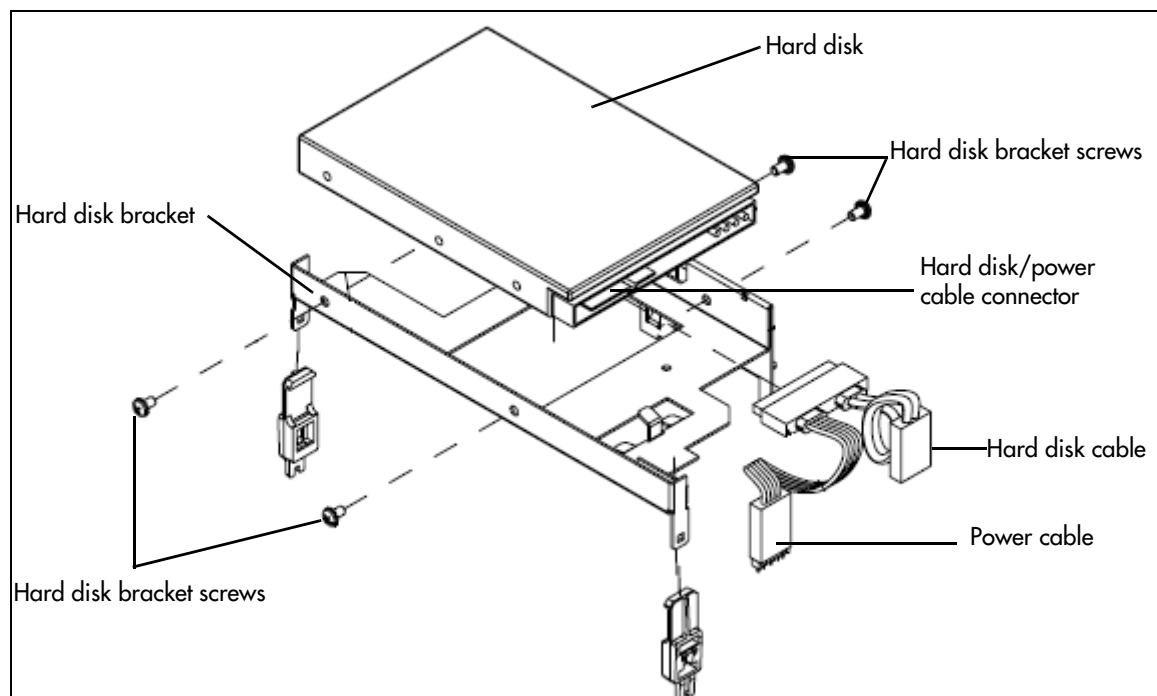
3   Place the new hard disk in the hard disk bracket.

4   Use the four hard disk bracket screws to secure the hard disk to the bracket.

> 🛑 **Caution:** Use only the screws that you removed from the hard disk in the
> procedure To remove the hard disk on page 193. Using other screws can damage
> the hard disk.

5   Set the hard disk and bracket in the main unit. See the figure Hard disk and bracket installation
on page 197.

Make sure that the hard disk cable and power cable are routed properly. Route the power cable
under the bracket and loop the hard disk cable as shown.

Figure 84   Hard disk and bracket installation
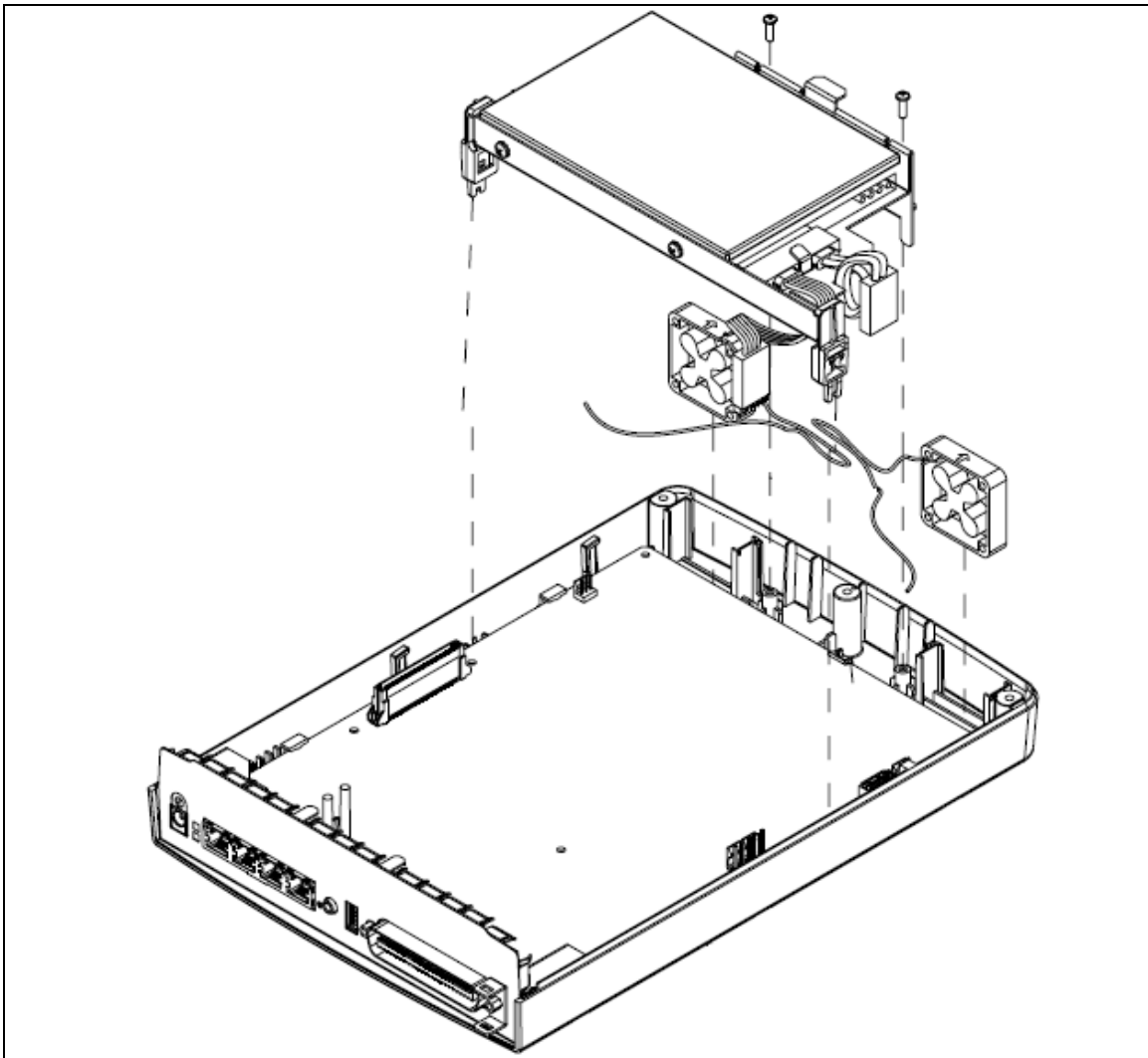
6   Press down lightly on the top of the hard disk to ensure that the hard disk bracket is seated
properly.

7 Ensure you route the fan cable through the cutouts under the hard disk and bracket. Also, make sure you secure any slack in the fan cable in the clips on the hard disk bracket. See the figure Hard disk and bracket installation on page 193).

Figure 85 Cable routing
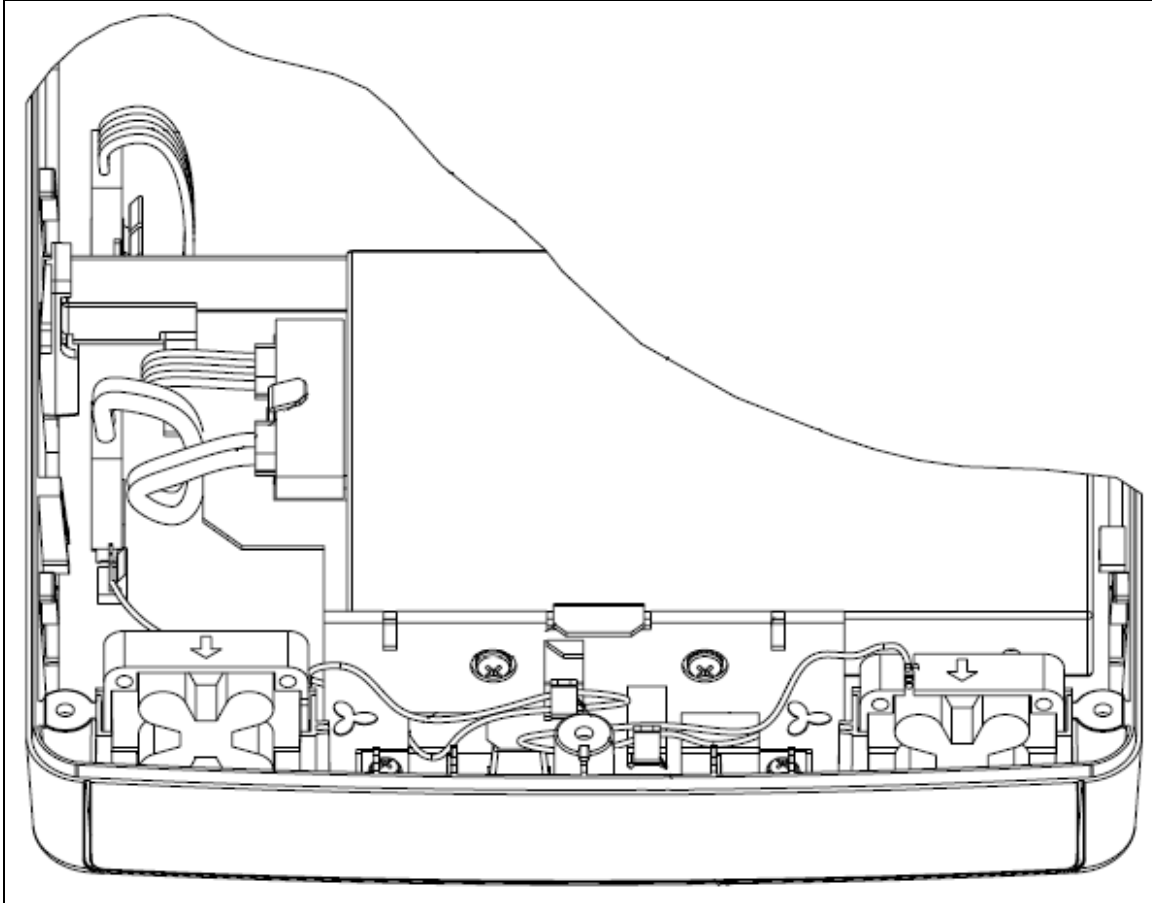
> 🛑 **Caution:** Ensure that you follow the same routing for the cables as before you removed the component.

8 Fasten the hard disk assembly to the main unit with two screws. Use only the supplied screws, since other screws can damage the unit.

9 Perform a restore or manually reprogram the system.

10 Continue with the procedure To close the main unit case on page 200.

To insert the new fan

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Insert the new fan into the fan slot in the bottom of the BCM50 case.

Ensure the fans are oriented so air flows out of the unit.

> **Note:** Ensure the label of the new fan faces the back of the BCM50 unit. Air must flow out of the unit as indicated by the arrows imprinted on the fan.

3 Connect the fan cable to the header.

4 Ensure your route the fan cable through the cutouts under the hard disk and bracket. Also, make sure that you secure any slack in the fan cable with the clips on the hard disk bracket. See the figure Hard disk and bracket installation on page 193.

> **Note:** Do not force the cable.
> The connectors on the fan cable prevents you from inserting the cable backwards. If you cannot insert the cable properly, check that the raised edge on the fan cable connector faces the plastic tab on the header.

5 Insert the hard disk. See the procedure To insert the new hard disk on page 196.

6 Continue with the procedure To close the main unit case on page 200.

To insert the new router card

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 With the back of the router card raised enough to clear the LED pipes, align the modular connectors on the router card with the corresponding holes in the bezel.

3 Move the router card forward until the front edge of the card touches the bezel.

4 Align the card connector on the router card with the connector on the Compact Services Card (CSC).

5 Gently press down on the back of the router card to seat the router card in the connector on the CSC.

6 Use the three screws you removed in the procedure To remove the router card on page 195 to secure the Router card to the CSC.

> **Caution:** Use only the original screws to secure the Router card. Using other screws can interfere with proper installation.

7 Continue with the procedure To close the main unit case on page 200.

Closing the main unit case

To close the main unit case

1 Attach one end of a grounding strap to your wrist and the other end to a grounded metal surface.

2 Place the top of the case on top of the main unit case. Make sure the side edges of the case are aligned and the front of the top is back about 1 cm (3/8 in.).

3 Slide the top of the case forward until it clicks in place. See the figure Replacing the top of the case on page 200.

Figure 86 Replacing the top of the case
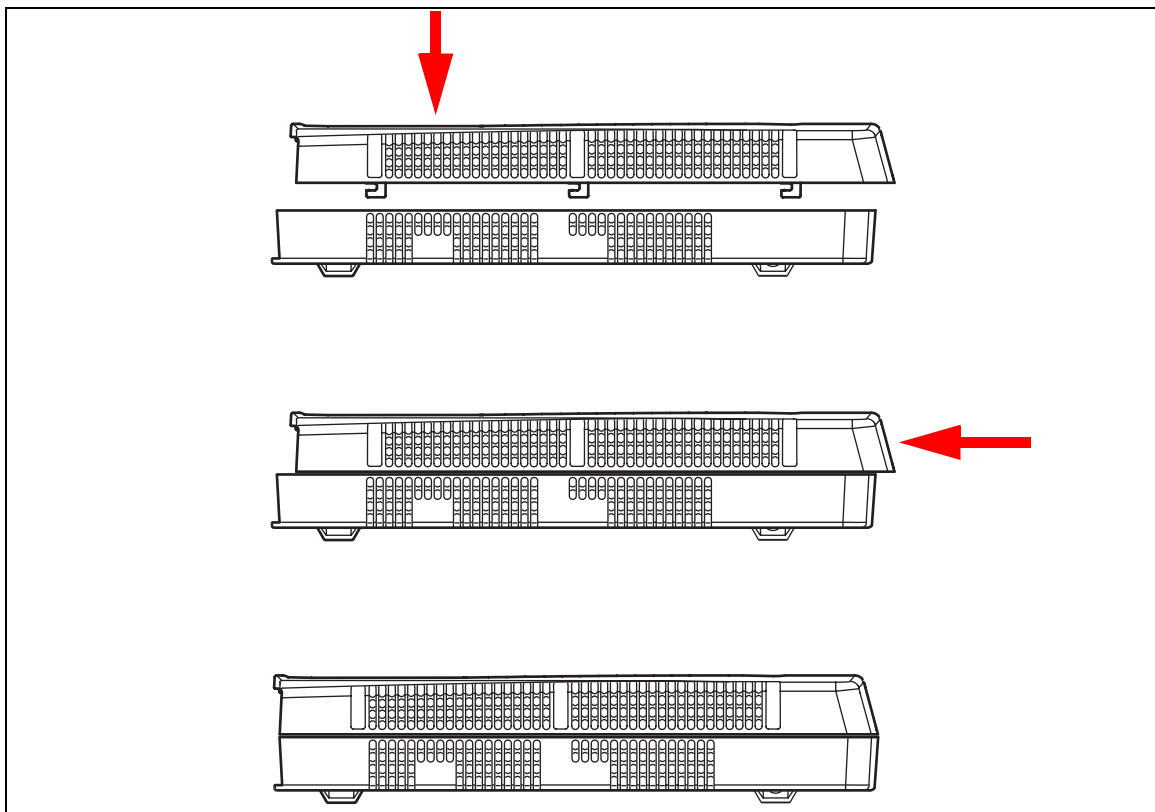
4 Turn the main unit over so you can access the screws holes on the bottom of the unit.

5 Insert the three case screws in the back of the unit and tighten them. For the location of the screws, see the figure BCM50 case screws on page 191.

> **Caution:** Use only the screws that you removed from the unit in the procedure Opening the main unit case on page 190. Do not use any other screws.

6 Turn the main unit over so that the top of the unit faces up.

7 Proceed to Installing the main unit on page 201.

Installing the main unit

Use one of the following procedures to install the BCM50 main unit:

- Installing the BCM50 unit on the rack-mount shelf on page 83
- To install the BCM50 unit on the wall-mount bracket on page 88
- To install the BCM50 unit on a desktop or shelf on page 91

Connecting the cables

Use the procedure To connect the cables on page 178 to reconnect the cables to the main unit.

Appendix A
RJ-21 telephony connector wiring chart

You can connect 4 analog telephone lines (standard main units only), 4 analog telephony devices, and 12 digital telephones to the RJ-21 telephony connector.

> **Note:** The four analog lines on the RJ-21 telephony connector are available only on the standard main units. The four analog lines are not available on the BRI series (b-series) main units, which have two BRI ports instead.

The figure RJ-21 telephony connector on a BCM50 on page 203 shows the RJ-21 telephony connector on a BCM50.

Figure 87   RJ-21 telephony connector on a BCM50
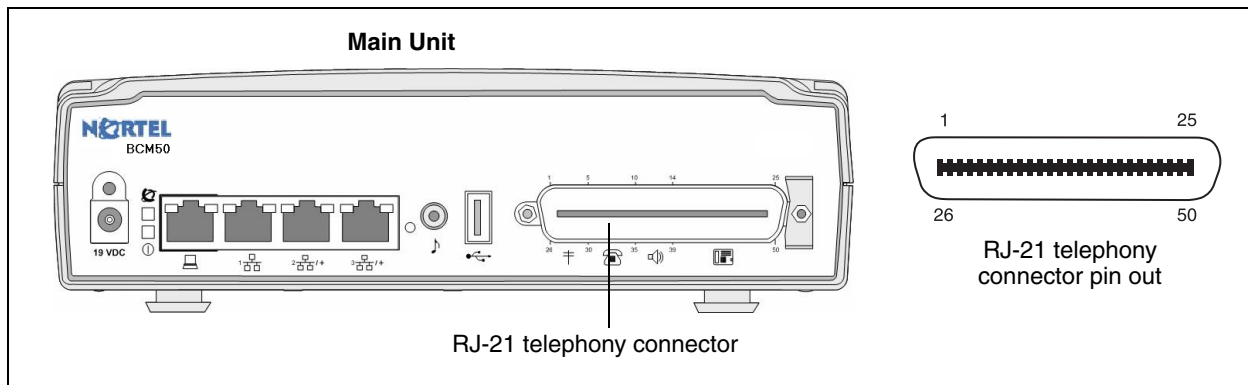
The table RJ-21 telephony connector wiring on page 203 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 telephony connector.

Table 34   RJ-21 telephony connector wiring (Sheet 1 of 3)

Device	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Type of device	Port	Default DN	Default line number
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	Analog line	—	—	061
1	1	Ring	Blue-White	Analog line	—	—	061
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	Analog line	—	—	062
2	2	Ring	Orange-White	Analog line	—	—	062
3	28	Tip	White-Green	Analog line	—	—	063
3	3	Ring	Green-White	Analog line	—	—	063
4	29	Tip	White-Brown	Analog line	—	—	064
4	4	Ring	Brown-White	Analog line	—	—	064

Note: The four analog lines are available only on the standard main units; the analog lines are not available on the BRI series (b-series) main units, which have two BRI ports instead.

Table 34 RJ-21 telephony connector wiring (Sheet 2 of 3)

Device	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Type of device	Port	Default DN	Default line number
5	30	Tip	White-Slate	Analog telephone	413	233	—
	5	Ring	Slate-White				
6	31	Tip	Red-Blue	Analog telephone	414	234	—
	6	Ring	Blue-Red				
7	32	Tip	Red-Orange	Analog telephone	415	235	—
	7	Ring	Orange-Red				
8	33	Tip	Red-Green	Analog telephone	416	236	—
	8	Ring	Green-Red				
9	34	No connection	Red-Brown	No connection	—	—	—
	9	No connection	Brown-Red				
10	35	Tip	Red-Slate	Auxiliary Ringer	—	—	—
	10	Ring	Slate-Red				
11	36	Tip	Black-Blue	Page Relay	—	—	—
	11	Ring	Blue-Black				
12	37	Tip	Black-Orange	Page Output	—	—	—
	12	Ring	Orange-Black				
13	38	Tip	Black-Green	Music Source	—	—	—
	13	Ring	Green-Black				
14	39	Tip	Black-Brown	Digital telephone	412	232	—
	14	Ring	Brown-Black				
15	40	Tip	Black-Slate	Digital telephone	411	231	—
	15	Ring	Slate-Black				
16	41	Tip	Yellow-Blue	Digital telephone	410	230	—
	16	Ring	Blue-Yellow				
17	42	Tip	Yellow-Orange	Digital telephone	409	229	—
	17	Ring	Orange-Yellow				
18	43	Tip	Yellow-Green	Digital telephone	408	228	—
	18	Ring	Green-Yellow				
19	44	Tip	Yellow-Brown	Digital telephone	407	227	—
	19	Ring	Brown-Yellow				
20	45	Tip	Yellow-Slate	Digital telephone	406	226	—
	20	Ring	Slate-Yellow				
21	46	Tip	Violet-Blue	Digital telephone	405	225	—
	21	Ring	Blue-Violet				
22	47	Tip	Violet-Orange	Digital telephone	404	224	—
	22	Ring	Orange-Violet				

Table 34 RJ-21 telephony connector wiring (Sheet 3 of 3)

Device	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Type of device	Port	Default DN	Default line number
23	48	Tip	Violet-Green	**Digital telephone**	**403**	**223**	—
	23	Ring	Green-Violet				
24	49	Tip	Violet-Brown	**Digital telephone**	**402**	**222**	—
	24	Ring	Brown-Violet				
25	50	Tip	Violet-Slate	**Digital telephone**	**401**	**221**	—
	25	Ring	Slate-Violet				

Appendix B
BRI wiring chart

The digital BRI ISDN lines connects to the BCM50b, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units through the BRI ports (RJ-45) on the front of the main units. See the figure BRI ports and pin out (BCM50b shown) on page 207.

The figure BRI ports and pin out (BCM50b shown) on page 207, the table BRI port wiring on page 207, and the table BRI line numbering on page 208 apply to S-Loop and T-Loop connections. S-Loop are used to connect S-Loop devices such as video phones, terminal adapters, and Grp 3 Fax machines. The T-Loops are used to connect to the CO/PSTN.

> ⚠️ **Warning:** For a U-loop connection, the BRI port must be connected only to an NT1 provided by the service provider. The NT1 must provide a Telecommunication Network Voltage (TNV) to Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) barrier.

Figure 88   BRI ports and pin out (BCM50b shown)
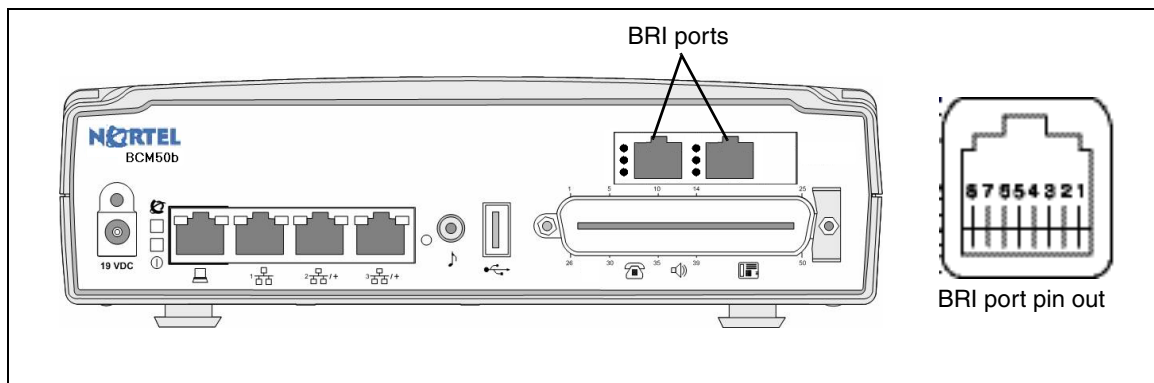
The table BRI port wiring on page 207 and the table BRI line numbering on page 208 list the wiring details for the RJ-45 ports.

Table 35   BRI port wiring

Pin	Signal	Signal on system side
1	No connection	No connection
2	No connection	No connection
3	+ Receive (+Rx)	+Tx
4	+ Transmit (+Tx)	+Rx
5	- Transmit (-Tx)	-Rx
6	- Receive (-Rx)	-Tx
7	No connection	No connection
8	No connection	No connection

Table 36 BRI line numbering

Port number	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
1	065 – 066	095 – 096
2	067 – 068	097 – 098
3	069 – 070	099 – 100
4	071 – 072	101 – 102

Appendix C
LAN ports wiring chart

All BCM50 units have LAN ports as follows:

- The BCM50 and BCM50b have three LAN ports.
- The BCM50a and BCM50ba have seven LAN ports.
- The BCM50e and BCM50be have seven LAN ports.
- The expansion unit has one LAN port.

The figure LAN ports on the BCM50 units on page 209 shows the LAN ports on the BCM50 units.

Figure 89   LAN ports on the BCM50 units
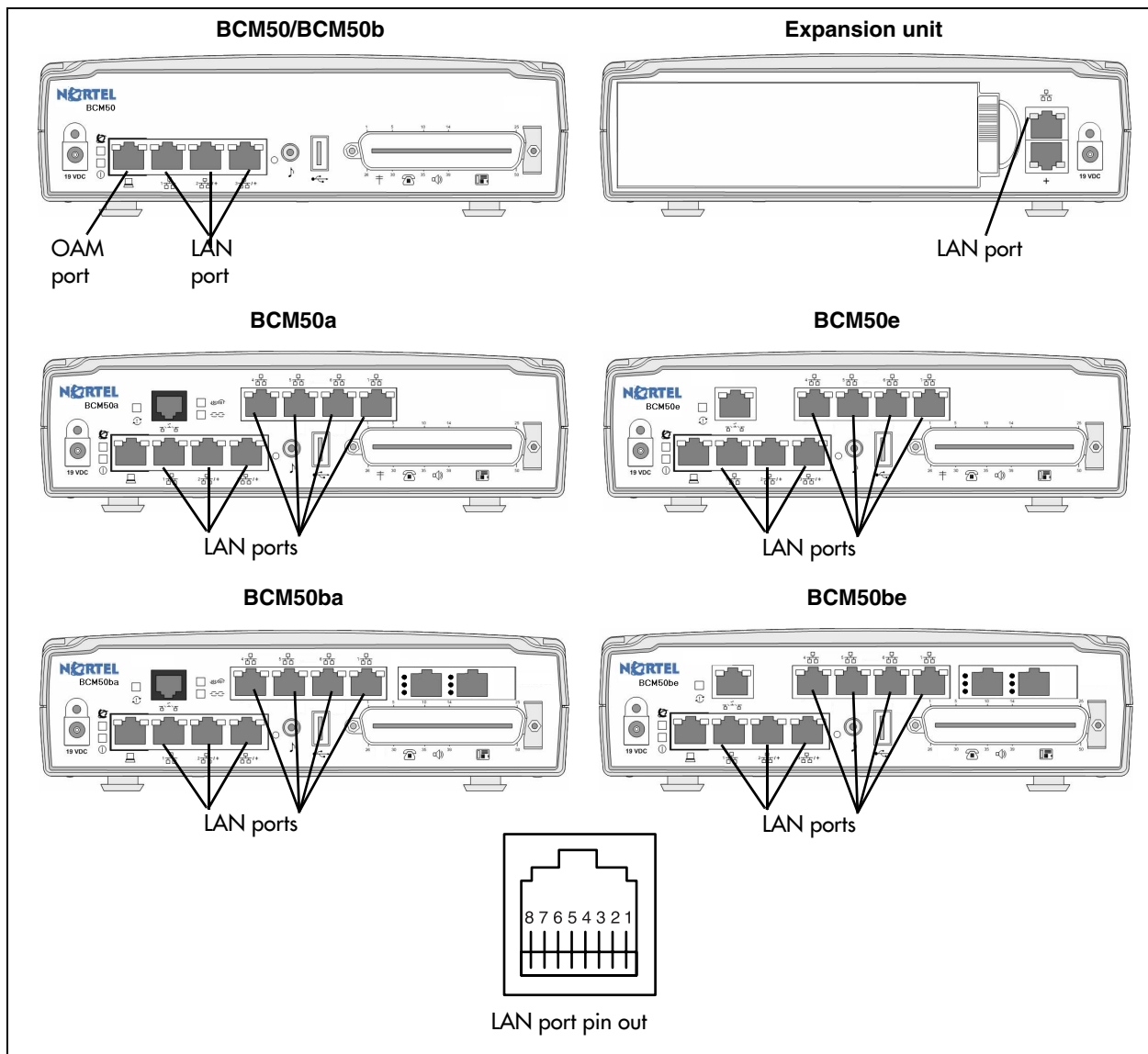
The table LAN port wiring on page 210 lists the wiring details for the LAN ports.

Table 37 LAN port wiring

Pin	Signal
1	+ Receive Data (Rx+)
2	– Receive Data (Rx–)
3	+ Transmit Data (Tx+)
4	No connection
5	No connection
6	– Transmit Data (Tx–)
7	No connection
8	No connection

Appendix D
WAN ports wiring chart

Four BCM50 main units, the BCM50a, BCM50ba, BCM50e, and BCM50be, have a Router card.

On a BCM50a and BCM50ba main units, the WAN port is an RJ-11 port. On a BCM50e and BCM50be main units, the WAN port is an RJ-45 port.

The figure BCM50a,BCM50ba, BCM50e, BCM50be main unit WAN ports on page 211 shows the WAN ports for the BCM50a, BCM50ba, BCM50e, and BCM50be.

Figure 90   BCM50a,BCM50ba, BCM50e, BCM50be main unit WAN ports
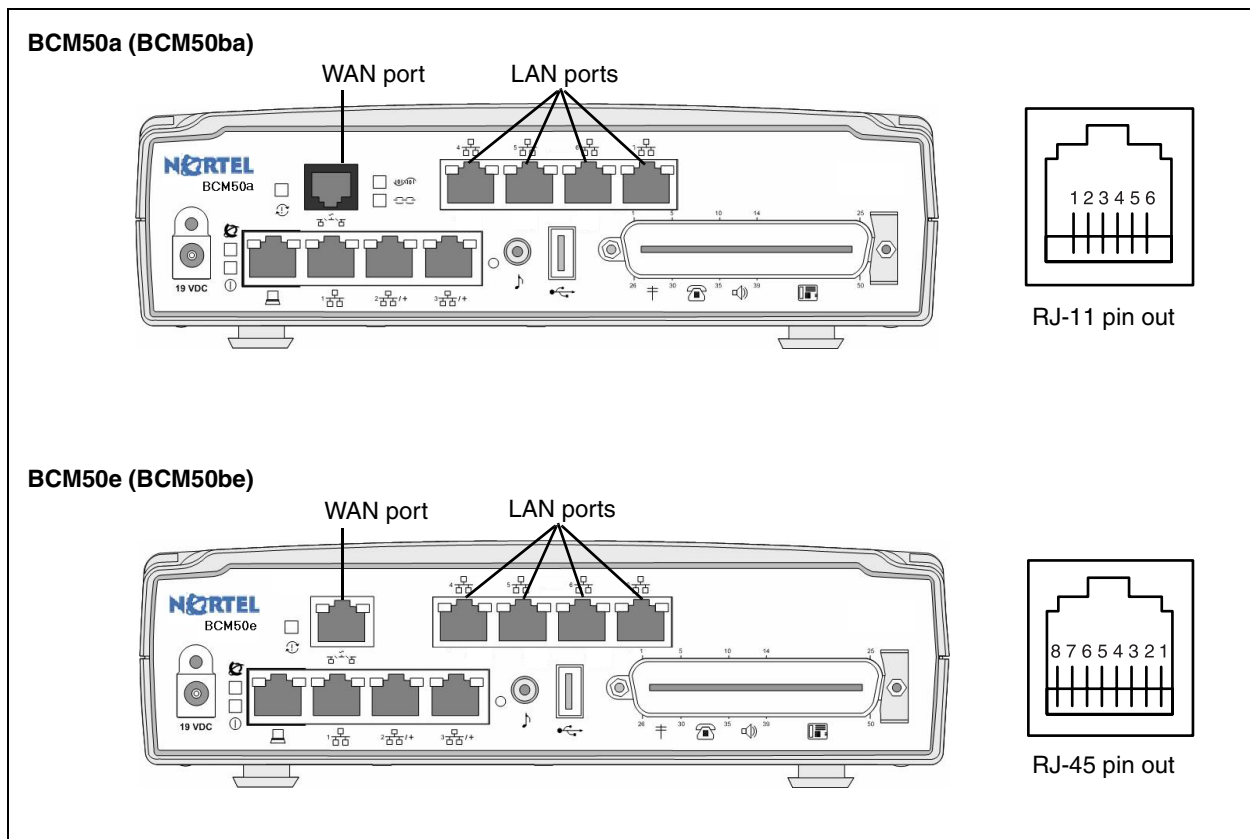
The table RJ-11 WAN port wiring on page 211 and the table RJ-45 WAN port wiring on page 212 list the wiring details for the WAN ports.

Table 38   RJ-11 WAN port wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Pin	Signal
1	No connection
2	No connection
3	Ring

Table 38 RJ-11 WAN port wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Pin	Signal
4	Tip
5	No connection
6	No connection

Table 39 RJ-45 WAN port wiring

Pin	Signal
1	+ Receive Data (Rx+)
2	– Receive Data (Rx–)
3	+ Transmit Data (Tx+)
4	No connection
5	No connection
6	– Transmit Data (Tx–)
7	No connection
8	No connection

Appendix E
Expansion ports wiring chart

Two of the four RJ-45 connectors on the BCM50, BCM50a, BCM50e, BCM50b, BCM50ba, and BCM50be main units are designated as expansion ports. See the figure Expansion ports on a BCM50 and an expansion unit on page 213. These ports connect to an expansion unit or connect network devices to the LAN.

Figure 91   Expansion ports on a BCM50 and an expansion unit
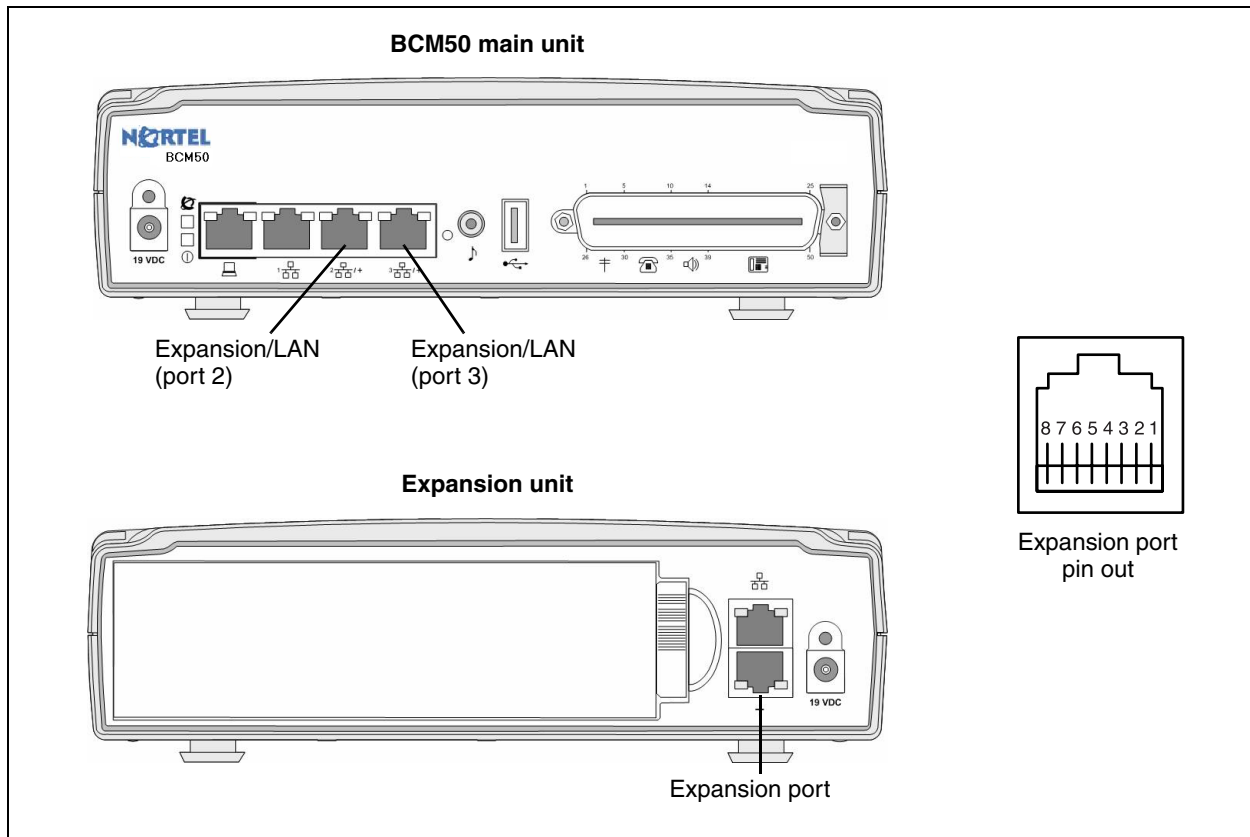
The table Expansion port wiring on page 213 lists the wiring details for the expansion ports.

Table 40   Expansion port wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Pin	Signal
1	+ Ethernet Receive Data
2	– Ethernet Receive Data
3	+ Ethernet Transmit Data
4	– FS256 Transmit Data
5	+ FS256 Transmit Data
6	– Ethernet Transmit Data

Table 40 Expansion port wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Pin	Signal
7	– FS256 Receive Data
8	+ FS256 Receive Data

Appendix F
DTM wiring chart

The digital telephone line connects to the Digital Trunk Module (DTM) through the RJ-48c jack on the front of the media bay module (MBM). See the figure DTM RJ-48C port on page 215.

Figure 92   DTM RJ-48C port
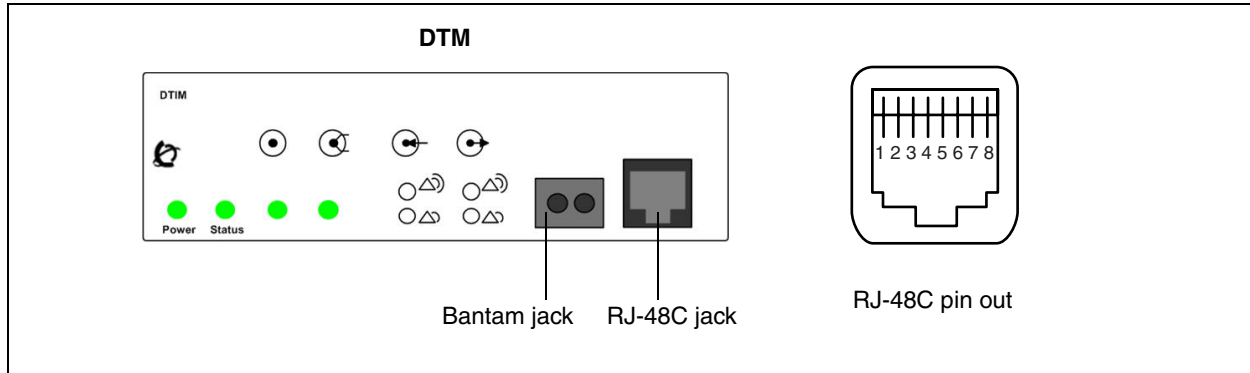
The table DTM RJ-48c port wiring on page 215 and the table DTM line numbering on page 215 list the wiring details for the RJ-48C port.

Table 41   DTM RJ-48c port wiring

Pin	Signal
1	Receive Ring
2	Receive Tip
3	Receive Shield
4	Transmit Ring
5	Transmit Tip
6	Transmit Shield
7	No connection
8	No connection

Table 42   DTM line numbering

Line type	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
T1	065 – 088	095 – 118
PRI	065 – 087	095 – 117
E1	065 – 094	095 – 124

Appendix G
BRIM wiring chart

The digital BRI ISDN lines connects to the BRIM through the RJ-45 jacks on the front of the media bay module (MBM). See the figure BRIM RJ-45 ports on page 217. You can connect up to four BRI ISDN lines to the BRIM.

The figure BRIM RJ-45 ports on page 217, the table BRIM RJ-45 port wiring on page 217, and the table BRIM line numbering on page 218 apply to S-Loop and T-Loop connections. S-Loops connect S-Loop devices such as video phones, terminal adapters, and Grp 3 Fax machines. The T-Loops connect to the CO/PSTN.

> ⚠ **Warning:** For a U-loop connection, you must connect the BRIM only to an NT1 supplied by the service provider. The NT1 must provide a Telecommunication Network Voltage (TNV) to Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) barrier.

Figure 93   BRIM RJ-45 ports
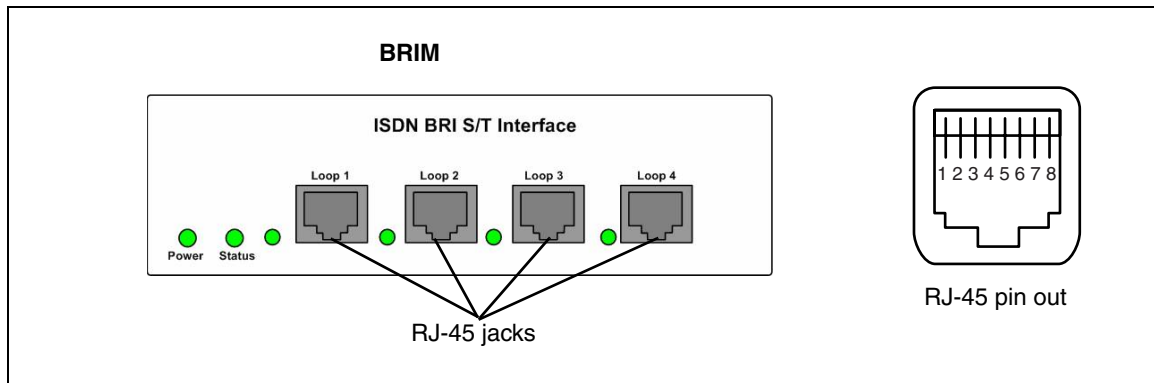
The table BRIM RJ-45 port wiring on page 217 and the table BRIM line numbering on page 218 list the wiring details for the RJ-45 ports.

Table 43   BRIM RJ-45 port wiring

Pin	Signal	Signal on system side
1	No connection	No connection
2	No connection	No connection
3	+ Receive (+Rx)	+Tx
4	+ Transmit (+Tx)	+Rx
5	– Transmit (-Tx)	– Rx
6	– Receive (-Rx)	– Tx
7	No connection	No connection
8	No connection	No connection

Table 44 BRIM line numbering

Port number	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
1	065–066	095–096
2	067–068	097–098
3	069–070	099–100
4	071–072	101– 02

Appendix H
ADID wiring chart

Analog telephone lines connect to the ADID4 or ADID8 through the RJ-21 connector on the front of the media bay module (MBM). See the figure ADID RJ-21 connector on page 219.

Figure 94   ADID RJ-21 connector
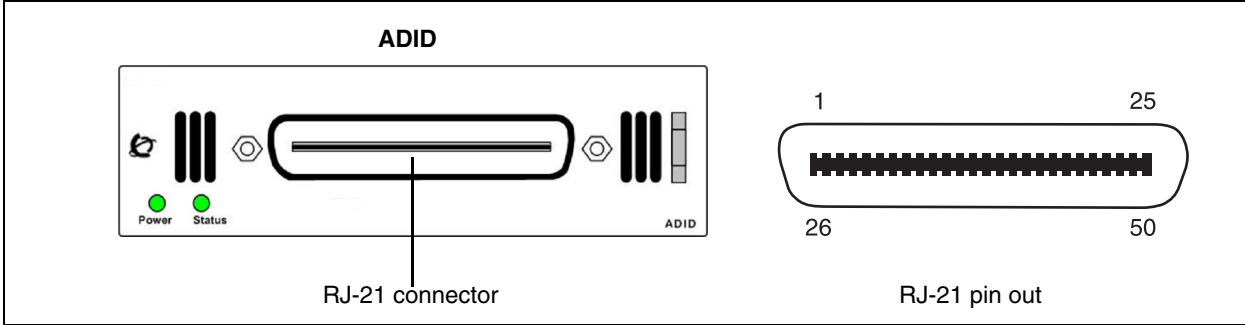
The table ADID4 and ADID8 RJ-21 connector wiring on page 219 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 connector on the ADID4 and ADID8. Use the first four lines for the ADID4 and use all eight lines for the ADID8.

Table 45   ADID4 and ADID8 RJ-21 connector wiring

Line	Pin	Connection	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	065	095
1	1	Ring	065	095
2	27	Tip	066	096
2	2	Ring	066	096
3	28	Tip	067	097
3	3	Ring	067	097
4	29	Tip	068	098
4	4	Ring	068	098
5	30	Tip	073	103
5	5	Ring	073	103
6	31	Tip	074	104
6	6	Ring	074	104
7	32	Tip	075	105
7	7	Ring	075	105
8	33	Tip	076	106
8	8	Ring	076	106

Appendix I
GATM wiring chart

Analog telephone lines connect to the GATM4 or GATM8 through the RJ-21 connector on the front of the media bay module (MBM). See the figure GATM RJ-21 connector on page 221.

Figure 95   GATM RJ-21 connector
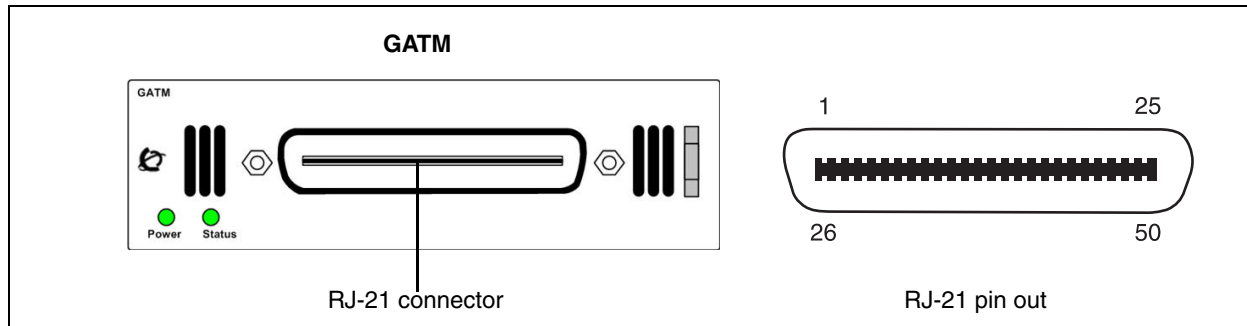
The table GATM4 RJ-21 connector wiring on page 221 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 connector on the GATM4.

Table 46   GATM4 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Line	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	065	095
	1	Ring	Blue-White		
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	066	096
	2	Ring	Orange-White		
—	28	No connection	White-Green	—	—
	3	No connection	Green-White		
—	29	No connection	White-Brown	—	—
	4	No connection	Brown-White		
3	30	Tip	White-Slate	067	097
	5	Ring	Slate-White		
4	31	Tip	Red-Blue	068	098
	6	Ring	Blue-Red		
—	32	No connection	Red-Orange	—	—
	7	No connection	Orange-Red		
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .

Table 46 GATM4 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Line	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
—	49	No connection	Violet-Brown	—	—
	24	No connection	Brown-Violet		
Aux	50	Tip	Violet-Slate	—	—
	25	Ring	Slate-Violet		
Note: The AUX port supports full data speeds. When the line is in use by an analog device, the icon is lit on the phone to indicate it is in use. If you try to seize the line using the phone, the display shows "in use". Also, if a power failure occurs, an analog set on line 1 activates (powered by the CO).					

The table GATM8 RJ-21 connector wiring on page 222 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 connector on the GATM8.

Table 47 GATM8 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Line	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	065	095
	1	Ring	Blue-White		
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	066	096
	2	Ring	Orange-White		
—	28	No connection	White-Green	—	—
	3	No connection	Green-White		
—	29	No connection	White-Brown	—	—
	4	No connection	Brown-White		
3	30	Tip	White-Slate	067	097
	5	Ring	Slate-White		
4	31	Tip	Red-Blue	068	098
	6	Ring	Blue-Red		
—	32	No connection	Red-Orange	—	—
	7	No connection	Orange-Red		
—	33	No connection	Red-Green	—	—
	8	No connection	Green-Red		
5	34	Tip	Red-Brown	073	103
	9	Ring	Brown-Red		
6	35	Tip	Red-Slate	074	104
	10	Ring	Slate-Red		
—	36	No connection	Black-Blue	—	—
	11	No connection	Blue-Black		
—	37	No connection	Black-Orange	—	—
	12	No connection	Orange-Black		

Table 47   GATM8 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Line	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
7	38	Tip	Black-Green	075	105
	13	Ring	Green-Black		
8	39	Tip	Black-Brown	076	106
	14	Ring	Brown-Black		
—	40	No connection	Black-Slate	—	—
	15	No connection	Slate-Black		
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
—	49	No connection	Violet-Brown	—	—
	24	No connection	Brown-Violet		
Aux (see Note)	50	Tip	Violet-Slate	—	—
	25	Ring	Slate-Violet		

Note: The AUX port supports full data speeds. When the line is in use by an analog device, the icon is lit on the phone to indicate it is in use. If you try to seize the line using the phone, the display shows "in use". Also, if a power failure occurs, an analog set on line 1 activates (powered by the CO).

Appendix J
4x16 wiring charts

You can connect up to 4 analog telephone lines and up to 16 digital telephones to the 4x16 media bay module (MBM).

The analog telephones lines connect to the 4x16 through the RJ-11 jacks (labeled 1 to 4) on the front of the MBM. Do not connect analog telephone lines to the auxiliary jack on the front of the media bay module. These jacks are intended for analog telephones designated as emergency telephones. See the figure 4x16 connectors on page 225.

The digital telephones, such as the Business Series Telephones, connect to the RJ-21 connector on the front of the 4x16.

Figure 96   4x16 connectors
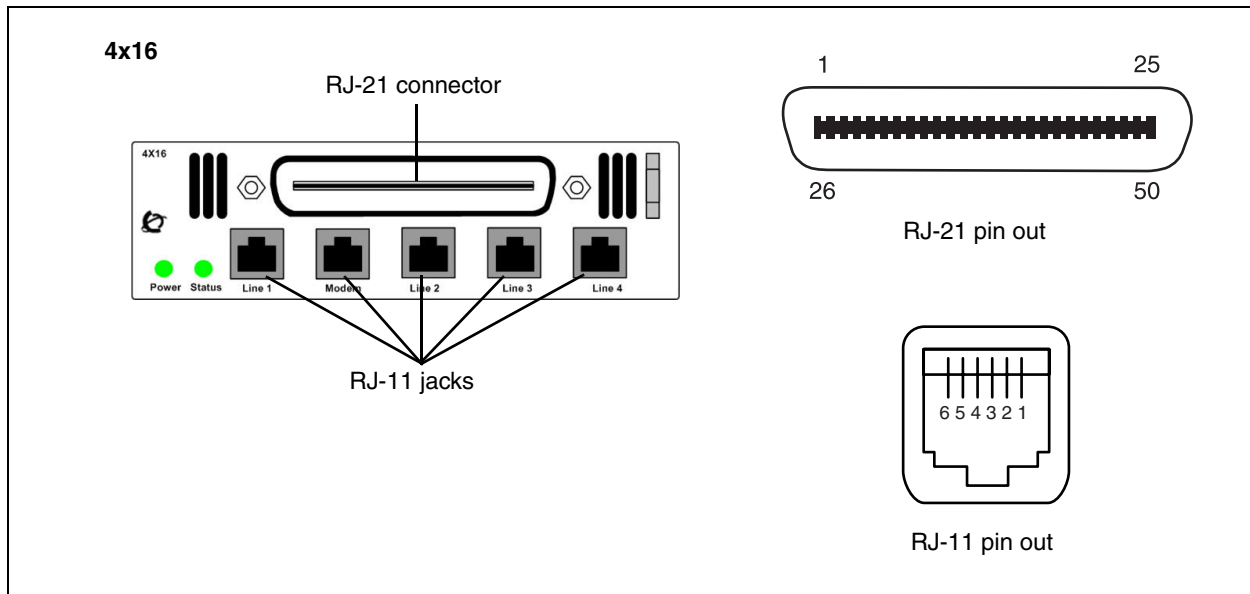
The table 4x16 RJ-11 port wiring on page 225 and the table 4x16 default line numbering on page 226 list the wiring details for the RJ-11 jacks on the 4x16. This wiring applies to the numbered ports and the Aux ports.

Table 48   4x16 RJ-11 port wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Pin	Signal
1	No connection
2	No connection
3	Ring
4	Tip

Table 48 4x16 RJ-11 port wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Pin	Signal
5	No connection
6	No connection

Table 49 4x16 default line numbering

Port number	Default line number on Expansion port 1	Default line number on Expansion port 2
1	065	095
2	066	096
3	067	097
4	068	098

The table 4x16 RJ-21 connector wiring on page 226 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 connector on the 4x16.

Table 50 4x16 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1	Default DN on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	253	285
	1	Ring	Blue-White		
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	254	286
	2	Ring	Orange-White		
3	28	Tip	White-Green	255	287
	3	Ring	Green-White		
4	29	Tip	White-Brown	256	288
	4	Ring	Brown-White		
5	30	Tip	White-Slate	257	289
	5	Ring	Slate-White		
6	31	Tip	Red-Blue	258	290
	6	Ring	Blue-Red		
7	32	Tip	Red-Orange	259	291
	7	Ring	Orange-Red		
8	33	Tip	Red-Green	260	292
	8	Ring	Green-Red		
9	34	Tip	Red-Brown	261	293
	9	Ring	Brown-Red		

Table 50   4x16 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1	Default DN on Expansion port 2
10	35	Tip	Red-Slate	**262**	**294**
	10	Ring	Slate-Red		
11	36	Tip	Black-Blue	**263**	**295**
	11	Ring	Blue-Black		
12	37	Tip	Black-Orange	**264**	**296**
	12	Ring	Orange-Black		
13	38	Tip	Black-Green	**265**	**297**
	13	Ring	Green-Black		
14	39	Tip	Black-Brown	**266**	**298**
	14	Ring	Brown-Black		
15	40	Tip	Black-Slate	**267**	**299**
	15	Ring	Slate-Black		
16	41	Tip	Yellow-Blue	**268**	**300**
	16	Ring	Blue-Yellow		
—	42	No connection	Yellow-Orange	—	—
	17	No connection	Orange-Yellow		
.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.	.	.
—	50	No connection	Violet-Slate	—	—
	25	No connection	Slate-Violet		

Appendix K
G4x16 and G8x16 wiring charts

You can connect 4 or 8 analog telephone lines and up to 16 digital telephones to the G4x16 or G8x16 media bay module (MBM).

The analog telephones lines connect to the G4x16 or G8x16 through the lower RJ-21 (amphenol) connector on the front of the MBM. See the figure G4x16/G8x16 connectors on page 229.

The digital telephones, such as the Business Series Telephones, connect to the upper RJ-21 (amphenol) connector on the front of the G4x16 or G8x16 MBM.

Figure 97   G4x16/G8x16 connectors
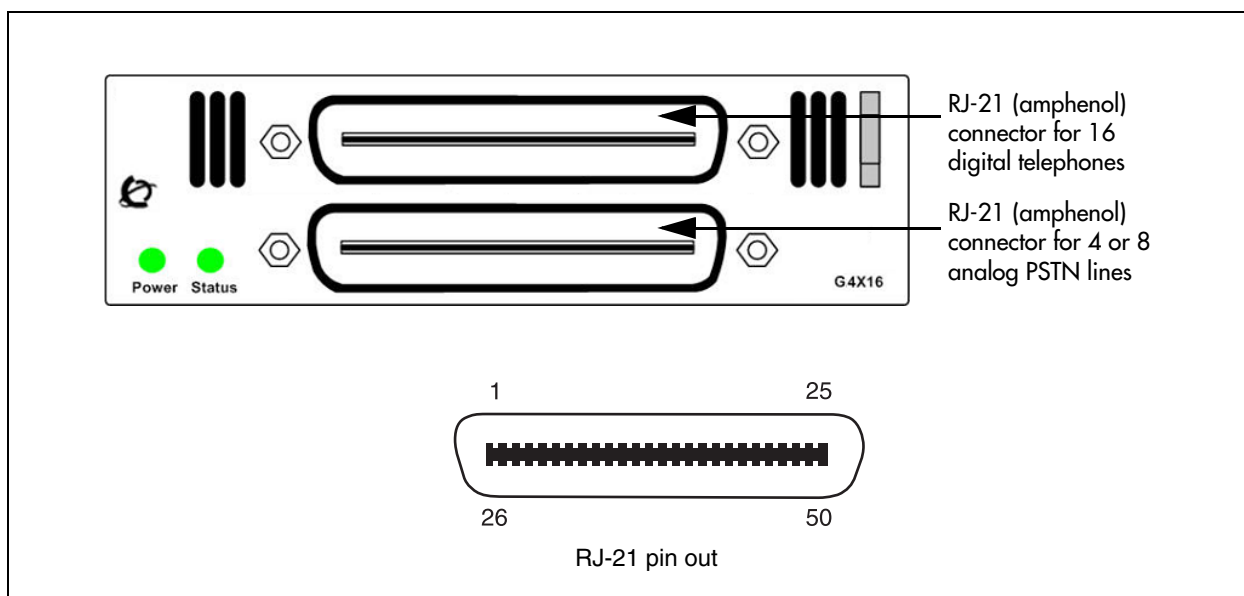
The table G4x16/G8x16 MBM upper RJ-21 (amphenol) connector wiring for digital telephones on page 229 lists the wiring details for the upper RJ-21 (amphenol) connector, and the table G4x16 and G8x16 lower RJ-21 (amphenol) connector wiring for analog PSTN lines on page 231 lists the wiring details for the lower RJ-21 (amphenol) connector on the G4x16 and G8x16 MBMs.

Table 51   G4x16/G8x16 MBM upper RJ-21 (amphenol) connector wiring for digital telephones (Sheet 1 of 2)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1	Default DN on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	253	285
	1	Ring	Blue-White		
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	254	286
	2	Ring	Orange-White		

Table 51 G4x16/G8x16 MBM upper RJ-21 (amphenol) connector wiring for digital telephones
(Sheet 2 of 2)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1	Default DN on Expansion port 2
3	28	Tip	White-Green	255	287
	3	Ring	Green-White		
4	29	Tip	White-Brown	256	288
	4	Ring	Brown-White		
5	30	Tip	White-Slate	257	289
	5	Ring	Slate-White		
6	31	Tip	Red-Blue	258	290
	6	Ring	Blue-Red		
7	32	Tip	Red-Orange	259	291
	7	Ring	Orange-Red		
8	33	Tip	Red-Green	260	292
	8	Ring	Green-Red		
9	34	Tip	Red-Brown	261	293
	9	Ring	Brown-Red		
10	35	Tip	Red-Slate	262	294
	10	Ring	Slate-Red		
11	36	Tip	Black-Blue	263	295
	11	Ring	Blue-Black		
12	37	Tip	Black-Orange	264	296
	12	Ring	Orange-Black		
13	38	Tip	Black-Green	265	297
	13	Ring	Green-Black		
14	39	Tip	Black-Brown	266	298
	14	Ring	Brown-Black		
15	40	Tip	Black-Slate	267	299
	15	Ring	Slate-Black		
16	41	Tip	Yellow-Blue	268	300
	16	Ring	Blue-Yellow		
—	42	No connection	Yellow-Orange	—	—
	17	No connection	Orange-Yellow		
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
—	50	No connection	Violet-Slate	—	—
	25	No connection	Slate-Violet		

Table 52 G4x16 and G8x16 lower RJ-21 (amphenol) connector wiring for analog PSTN lines
(Sheet 1 of 2)

Line	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	**065**	**095**
	1	Ring	Blue-White		
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	**066**	**096**
	2	Ring	Orange-White		
—	28	No connection	White-Green	—	—
	3	No connection	Green-White		
—	29	No connection	White-Brown	—	—
	4	No connection	Brown-White		
3	30	Tip	White-Slate	**067**	**097**
	5	Ring	Slate-White		
4	31	Tip	Red-Blue	**068**	**098**
	6	Ring	Blue-Red		
—	32	No connection	Red-Orange	—	—
	7	No connection	Orange-Red		
The following part of the wiring chart applies only to the G8x16 MBM.					
—	33	No connection	Red-Green	—	—
	8	No connection	Green-Red		
5	34	Tip	Red-Brown	**073**	**103**
	9	Ring	Brown-Red		
6	35	Tip	Red-Slate	**074**	**104**
	10	Ring	Slate-Red		
—	36	No connection	Black-Blue	—	—
	11	No connection	Blue-Black		
—	37	No connection	Black-Orange	—	—
	12	No connection	Orange-Black		
7	38	Tip	Black-Green	**075**	**105**
	13	Ring	Green-Black		
8	39	Tip	Black-Brown	**076**	**106**
	14	Ring	Brown-Black		
—	40	No connection	Black-Slate	—	—
	15	No connection	Slate-Black		
The following part of the wiring chart applies to both the G4x16 and G8x16 MBMs.					
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
—	49	No connection	Violet-Brown	—	—
	24	No connection	Brown-Violet		

Table 52 G4x16 and G8x16 lower RJ-21 (amphenol) connector wiring for analog PSTN lines
(Sheet 2 of 2)

Line	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default line numbers on Expansion port 1	Default line numbers on Expansion port 2
Aux (see Note)	50	Tip	Violet-Slate	—	—
	25	Ring	Slate-Violet		
Note: The Aux port supports full data speeds. When the line is in use by an analog device, the icon is lit on the phone. If you try to seize the line using the phone, the display shows "in use." Also, if a power failure occurs, an analog set on line 1 activates (powered by the CO).					

Appendix L
DSM16 and DSM32 wiring charts

Digital telephones, such as the Business Series Telephones, connect to the Digital Station Module (DSM16 or DSM32) through the RJ-21 connectors on the front of the media bay module. The DSM16 has a single RJ-21 connector and the DSM32 has two RJ-21 connectors. See the figure DSM16 and DSM32 RJ-21 connectors on page 233.

Figure 98   DSM16 and DSM32 RJ-21 connectors
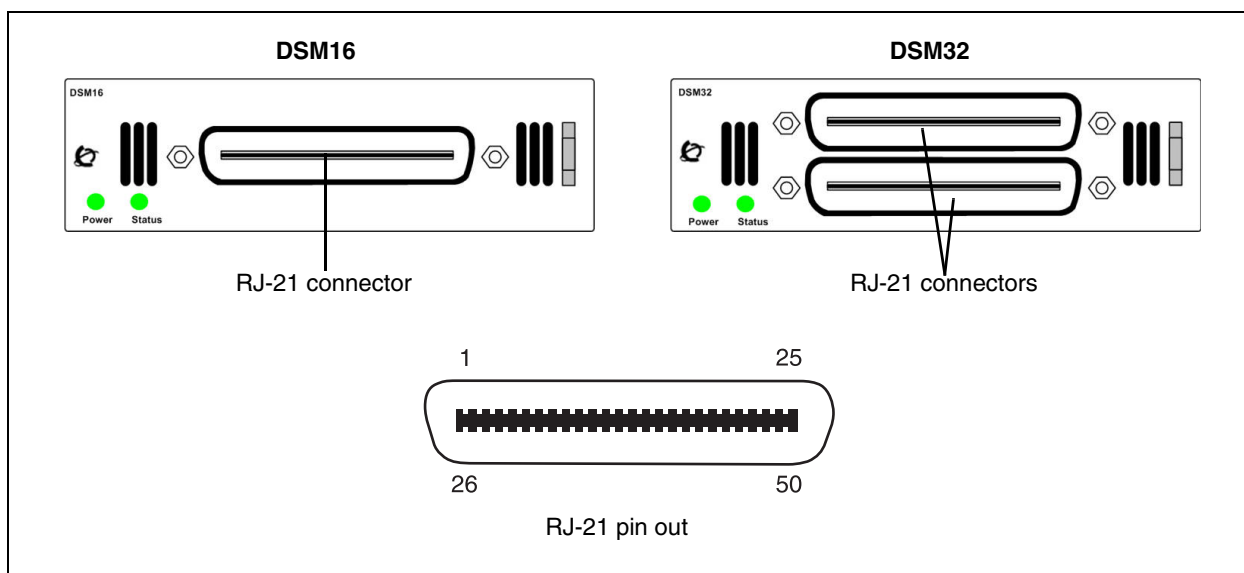
The table DSM16 and DSM32 RJ-21 connector wiring on page 233 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 connectors on the DSM16 and DSM32.

Table 53   DSM16 and DSM32 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 1 of 3)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1				Default DN on Expansion port 2			
				DSM16 or Lower DSM32 RJ-21	Port	Upper DSM32 RJ-21	Port	DSM16 or Lower DSM32 RJ-21	Port	Upper DSM32 RJ-21	Port
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	237	501	253	601	269	701	285	801
	1	Ring	Blue-White								
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	238	502	254	602	270	702	286	802
	2	Ring	Orange-White								
3	28	Tip	White-Green	239	503	255	603	271	703	287	803
	3	Ring	Green-White								

Table 53 DSM16 and DSM32 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 2 of 3)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1				Default DN on Expansion port 2			
				DSM16 or Lower DSM32 RJ-21	Port	Upper DSM32 RJ-21	Port	DSM16 or Lower DSM32 RJ-21	Port	Upper DSM32 RJ-21	Port
4	29	Tip	White-Brown	240	504	256	604	272	704	288	804
	4	Ring	Brown-White								
5	30	Tip	White-Slate	241	505	257	605	273	705	289	805
	5	Ring	Slate-White								
6	31	Tip	Red-Blue	242	506	258	606	274	706	290	806
	6	Ring	Blue-Red								
7	32	Tip	Red-Orange	243	507	259	607	275	707	291	807
	7	Ring	Orange-Red								
8	33	Tip	Red-Green	244	508	260	608	276	708	292	808
	8	Ring	Green-Red								
9	34	Tip	Red-Brown	245	509	261	609	277	709	293	809
	9	Ring	Brown-Red								
10	35	Tip	Red-Slate	246	510	262	610	278	710	294	810
	10	Ring	Slate-Red								
11	36	Tip	Black-Blue	247	511	263	611	279	711	295	811
	11	Ring	Blue-Black								
12	37	Tip	Black-Orange	248	512	264	612	280	712	296	812
	12	Ring	Orange-Black								
13	38	Tip	Black-Green	249	513	265	613	281	713	297	813
	13	Ring	Green-Black								
14	39	Tip	Black-Brown	250	514	266	614	282	714	298	814
	14	Ring	Brown-Black								
15	40	Tip	Black-Slate	251	515	267	615	283	715	299	815
	15	Ring	Slate-Black								
16	41	Tip	Yellow-Blue	252	516	268	616	284	716	300	816
	16	Ring	Blue-Yellow								
—	42	No connection	Yellow-Orange	—		—		—		—	
	17	No connection	Orange-Yellow								
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .		. . .		. . .		. . .	

Table 53   DSM16 and DSM32 RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 3 of 3)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1				Default DN on Expansion port 2			
				DSM16 or Lower DSM32 RJ-21	Port	Upper DSM32 RJ-21	Port	DSM16 or Lower DSM32 RJ-21	Port	Upper DSM32 RJ-21	Port
—	50	No connection	Violet-Slate	—		—		—		—	
	25	No connection	Slate-Violet								

Appendix M
ASM8, ASM8+, and GASM wiring chart

Analog telephony devices, such as single line telephones, modems and Fax machines, connect to the Analog Station Module (ASM) through the RJ-21 connector on the front of the media bay module. See the figure ASM RJ-21 connector on page 237.

Figure 99   ASM RJ-21 connector
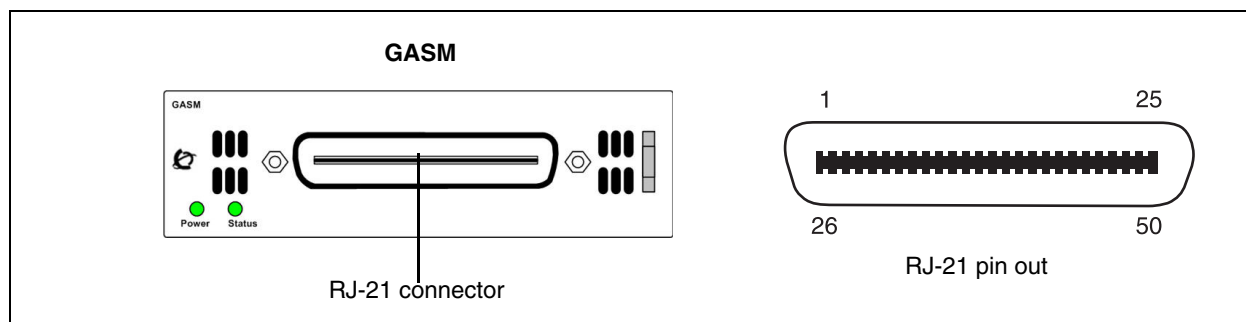
The table ASM RJ-21 connector wiring on page 237 lists the wiring details for the RJ-21 connector on the ASM.

Table 54   ASM RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 1 of 2)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1	Default DN on Expansion port 2
1	26	Tip	White-Blue	237	269
1	1	Ring	Blue-White	237	269
2	27	Tip	White-Orange	238	270
2	2	Ring	Orange-White	238	270
3	28	Tip	White-Green	239	271
3	3	Ring	Green-White	239	271
4	29	Tip	White-Brown	240	272
4	4	Ring	Brown-White	240	272
5	30	Tip	White-Slate	241	273
5	5	Ring	Slate-White	241	273
6	31	Tip	Red-Blue	242	274
6	6	Ring	Blue-Red	242	274
7	32	Tip	Red-Orange	243	275
7	7	Ring	Orange-Red	243	275
8	33	Tip	Red-Green	244	276
8	8	Ring	Green-Red	244	276

Table 54 ASM RJ-21 connector wiring (Sheet 2 of 2)

Set	Pin	Connection	Wire color	Default DN on Expansion port 1	Default DN on Expansion port 2
—	34	No connection	Red-Brown	—	—
	9	No connection	Brown-Red		
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
—	50	No connection	Violet-Slate	—	—
	25	No connection	Slate-Violet		

Appendix N
Market profile attributes

This section describes some of the differences in the market profile attributes. These attributes are derived from the market profile selected when you configure the system. Each market profile uses a set of system attributes that provide specific functionality for the geographical area in which you deploy the system.

This section covers the following main topics:

- Interface availability on page 239
- Tones and cadences on page 241
- Core parameters for market profiles on page 248
- Analog Trunk parameters on page 260
- GASM8 parameters on page 264
- GASI parameters on page 266
- ATA2 parameters on page 268
- ISDN line services on page 271
- Analog and digital trunk types on page 272

Interface availability

Some of the BCM50 interfaces are customized for a specific region and are not available to all market profiles. Refer to the following tables for a list of interfaces available within each market profile:

- Analog interface availability by market profile on page 240
- Digital interface availability by market profile on page 240

Analog interfaces

Analog interfaces are not supported in the following market profiles: Denmark, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Norway, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland.

The symbols in Table 55 are defined as follows:

✓ indicates full support. The interface is available and is localized in the market profile.

✸ indicates that functionality and support is limited. The interface is available in the market profile, but is not localized.

Table 55 Analog interface availability by market profile

Market profile	ASM/ ASM8	ASM8+	GASM8	GASI	CTM4/ CTM8	GATM4/ GATM8	GATM4/ GATM8 (new)	4X16	G4x16 G8x16 (new)	GATI	ADID
Australia		✸	✔			✔	✔		✔	✔	
Bahrain		✸					✔		✔	✔	
Brazil						✔	✔		✔	✔	
CALA					✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	
Canada	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
Caribbean			✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
Global	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	
Hong Kong	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✸	✔		✔	✔	✔
Ireland							✔		✔	✔	
Mexico			✸			✔	✔		✔	✔	
New Zealand		✸	✸			✸	✸		✸	✸	
North America	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
Poland	✸	✸	✔			✔	✔		✔	✔	
PRC					✸	✸	✔		✔	✔	
Taiwan					✸	✔	✔		✔	✔	✔
United Kingdom	✸	✸	✔			✔	✔		✔	✔	

Digital interfaces

Table 56 lists the digital interfaces supported in each market profile. Note that the Digital Station Interface and the BRI cNIC are onboard interfaces.

Table 56 Digital interface availability by market profile (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	DSM16+/ DSM32+	Digital station interface	BRI	BRI cNIC	DTM	R2MFC
Australia	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Bahrain	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Brazil	✔	✔	✔		✔	

Table 56   Digital interface availability by market profile (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	DSM16+/ DSM32+	Digital station interface	BRI	BRI cNIC	DTM	R2MFC
CALA	✔	✔	✔		✔	✔
Canada	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Caribbean	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Denmark	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
France	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Germany	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Global	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔
Holland	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Hong Kong	✔	✔	✔		✔	
Ireland	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Italy	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Mexico	✔	✔	✔		✔	✔
New Zealand	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
North America	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Norway	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Poland	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
PRC	✔	✔	✔		✔	
Spain	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Sweden	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Switzerland	✔	✔	✔	✔	✔	
Taiwan	✔	✔	✔		✔	
United Kingdom	✔		✔		✔	

Tones and cadences

The following tables provide region-specific settings for tones and cadences.

→ **Note:** The sum of two tones is indicated by "A+B". The sequence of two tones is indicated by "A:B".

Table 57   Localized, Dial, and Quiet Dial

| Market profile | Localized | Dial | | | Quiet Dial | | |
		Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Australia	Yes	400	-13	Continuous	400	-21	Continuous
Bahrain	Yes	330+440	-16	Continuous	330+440	-20	Continuous
Brazil	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-18	Continuous
CALA	No (North America)	440+350	-17	Continuous	440+350	-25	Continuous
Canada	Yes	440+350	-17	Continuous	440+350	-25	Continuous
Caribbean	No (North America)	440+350	-17	Continuous	440+350	-25	Continuous
Denmark	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-19.5	Continuous
France	Yes	440	-11.5	Continuous	400	-17.5	Continuous
Germany	Yes	425	-11.5	200 ms on 275 ms off 200 ms on 275 ms off 200 ms on 875 ms off	425	-17.5	200 ms on 275 ms off 200 ms on 275 ms off 200 ms on 875 ms off
Global	No (North America)	440+350	-17	Continuous	440+350	-25	Continuous
Holland	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-19.5	Continuous
Hong Kong	Yes	440+350	-11.5	Continuous	440+350	-17.6	Continuous
Ireland	Yes	425	-14.5	Continuous	425	-17.5	Continuous
Italy	Yes	350+425	-8.5	Continuous	350+425	-17.5	Continuous
Mexico	No (North America)	440+350	-17	Continuous	440+350	-25	Continuous
New Zealand	Yes	400	-13	Continuous	400	-21	Continuous
North America	Yes	440+350	-17	Continuous	440+350	-25	Continuous
Norway	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-17.5	Continuous
Poland	Yes	425	-17.5	Continuous	425	-19.5	Continuous
PRC	Yes	450	-11.5	Continuous	450	-17.5	Continuous
Spain	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-17.5	Continuous
Sweden	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-17.5	Continuous
Switzerland	Yes	425	-11.5	Continuous	425	-17.5	Continuous
Taiwan	Yes	400	-12	Continuous	400	-20	Continuous
United Kingdom	Yes	440+350	-17.5	Continuous	440+350	-14.5	Continuous

Table 58 Special Dial, Overflow, and Busy (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	Special Dial Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Overflow Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Busy Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Australia	400	-13	100 ms on 900 ms off	800	-13	100 ms on 100 ms off	425	-13	375 ms on 375 ms off
Bahrain	330+400	-16	100 ms on 900 ms off	800	-16	400 ms 350 ms off 225 ms on 525 ms off	425	-15	375 ms on 375 ms off
Brazil	425	-11.5	500 ms on 500 ms off	950: 1400: 1800: silence	-18	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1s off	425	-11.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
CALA	Silence			480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
Canada	Silence			480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
Caribbean	Silence			480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
Denmark	Silence			950:1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1s off	425	-11.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
France	Silence			950:1400: 1800: silence	-25: -11.5: -25: silence	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1 s off	440	-11.5	500 ms on 500 ms off
Germany	Silence			425	-11.5	240 ms on 240 ms off	425	-11.5	150 ms on 475 ms off
Global	Silence			480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
Holland	425	-11.5	500 ms on 50 ms off	950: 1400: 1800: silence	-18	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1 s off	425	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
Hong Kong	Silence			480+620	-14.5	500 ms on 500 ms off	425	-11.5	500 ms on 500 ms off
Ireland	400:432	-14.5	0.4 s:0.4 s	425	-17.5	450 ms on 450 ms off	425	-17.5	450 ms on 450 ms off
Italy	Silence			425	-8	200 ms on 200 ms off	425	-8	500 ms on 500 ms off
Mexico	Silence			480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
New Zealand	400: silence	-13	0.1 s:0.1 s	400	-11.5	75 ms on 100 ms off 75 ms on 100 ms off 75 ms on 100 ms off 75 ms on 400 ms off	400	-11.5	500 ms on 500 ms off
North America	Silence			480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off

Table 58   Special Dial, Overflow, and Busy (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	Special Dial			Overflow			Busy		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Norway	Silence			950:1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1.0 s	425	-11.5	500 ms on 500 ms off
Poland	Silence			950:1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1.0 s	425	-17.5	500 ms on 500 ms off
PRC	Silence			450	-11.5	400 ms on, 400 ms off	450	-11.5	350 ms 350 ms off
Spain	Silence			950:1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1.0 s	425	-11.5	200 ms on 200 ms off
Sweden	425	-11.5	320 ms on 25 ms off	950: 1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1.0 s	425	-11.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
Switzerland	Silence			950: 1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1.0 s	425	-11.5	500 ms on 500 ms off
Taiwan	Silence			950: 1400: 1800: silence	-25	333 ms: 333 ms: 333 ms: 1.0 s	480+620	-21	500 ms on 500 ms off
United Kingdom	440+350: 440	-17.5	0.75 s:0.75 s	400	-11.5	Continuous	400	-11.5	375 ms on 375 ms off

Table 59   Ring Back, Aux Ring, Async Ring Back (Sheet 1 of 3)

Market profile	Ring Back			Aux Ring			Async Ring Back		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Australia	400+450	-14.5	400 ms on 200 ms off 400 ms on 2 s off	Silence			400+450	-14.35	Continuous
Bahrain	425	-15	400 ms on 200 ms off 400 ms on 2s off	Silence			Silence	-15	Continuous
Brazil	425	-11.5	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
CALA	440+480	-11.5	2 s on 4 s off	Silence			440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off
Canada	440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off	Silence			440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off

Table 59 Ring Back, Aux Ring, Async Ring Back (Sheet 2 of 3)

Market profile	Ring Back			Aux Ring			Async Ring Back		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Caribbean	440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off	Silence			440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off
Denmark	425	-11.5	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
France	440	-11.5	1.5 s on 3.5 s off	Silence			440+450	-14.5	Continuous
Germany	425	-11.5	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
Global	440+480	-16	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off
Holland	425	-11.5	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
Hong Kong	440+480	-11.5	400 ms on 200 ms off 400 ms on 3 s off	Silence			Silence		
Ireland	400+450	-14.5	400 ms on 200 ms off 400 ms on 3 s off	Silence			400+450	-14.5	Continuous
Italy	425	-8	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
Mexico	440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off	Silence			440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off
New Zealand	400+450	-14.5	400 ms on 200 ms off 400 ms on 2 s off	Silence			440+480	-14.5	Continuous
North America	440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off	Silence			440+480	-16	2 s on 4 s off
Norway	425	-11.5	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
Poland	425	-17.5	1s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
PRC	450	-11.5	1s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
Spain	425	-11.5	1.5 s on 3 s off	Silence			Silence		
Sweden	425	-11.5	1 s on 5 s off	Silence			Silence		
Switzerland	425	-11.5	1 s on 4 s off	Silence			Silence		
Taiwan	440+480	-21	1 s on 2 s off	Silence			440+480	-21	1 s on 2 s off

Table 59 Ring Back, Aux Ring, Async Ring Back (Sheet 3 of 3)

Market profile	Ring Back			Aux Ring			Async Ring Back		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
United Kingdom	400+450	-14.5	400 ms on 200 ms off 400 ms on 2 s off	Silence			400+450	-14.5	Continuous

Table 60 Hold, Warble, Intrusion (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	Hold			Warble			Intrusion		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Australia	400	-13	Continuous	Silence			425	-13	Continuous
Bahrain	400	-16	Continuous	Silence			400	-16	Continuous
Brazil	425	-11.5	0.5 s on 9.5 s off	Silence			Silence		
CALA	440	-14	Cadenced by CoreTel	Silence			Silence		
Canada	440	-14	Cadenced by CoreTel	Silence			Silence		
Caribbean	440	-14	Cadenced by CoreTel	Silence			Silence		
Denmark	Silence			Silence			425	-11.5	50 ms on 500 ms off
France	400	-11.5	Continuous	Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous
Germany	425	-11.5	Continuous	Silence			425	-11.5	Continuous
Global	440	-14	Cadenced by CoreTel	Silence			Silence		
Holland	425	-11.5	0.5 s on 9.5 s off	Silence			Silence		
Hong Kong	Silence			Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous
Ireland	400	-11.5	Continuous	Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous
Italy	Silence			Silence			425	-12	Continuous
Mexico	440	-14	Cadenced by CoreTel	Silence			Silence		
New Zealand	400	-11.5	Continuous	Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous
North America	400	-14	Cadenced by CoreTel	Silence			Silence		
Norway	425	-11.5	200 ms on 600 ms off 200 ms on 10 s off	Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous

Table 60 Hold, Warble, Intrusion (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	Hold			Warble			Intrusion		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Poland	425	-17.5	Continuous	Silence			1400	-25	Continuous
PRC	Silence			Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous
Spain	Silence			Silence			1400	-25	Continuous
Sweden	Silence			Silence			1400	-25	Continuous
Switzerland	Silence			Silence			1400	-25	Continuous
Taiwan	440	-14	Continuous	Silence			Silence		
United Kingdom	400	-11.5	Continuous	Silence			1400	-11.5	Continuous

Table 61 Reorder (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	Reorder		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Australia	425	-13 : off : -23 : off	375 ms on 375 ms off
Bahrain	400	-16	75 ms on 100 ms off 75 ms on 400 ms off
Brazil	425	-11.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
CALA	480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off
Canada	480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off
Caribbean	480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off
Denmark	Silence		
France	Silence		
Germany	425	-11.5	240 ms on 240 ms off
Global	480+620	-11.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
Holland	425	-11.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
Hong Kong	480+620	-14.5	250 ms on 250 ms off
Ireland	200	-11.5: Silence: -17.5: Silence	400 ms on 350 ms off 225 ms on 525 ms off

Table 61 Reorder (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	Reorder		
	Tones (Hz)	Level per Tone (dBm0)	Cadence
Italy	425	-8	200 ms on 200 ms off
Mexico	480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off
New Zealand	400	-11.5: Silence: -17.5: Silence	400 ms on 350 ms off 225 ms on 525 ms off
North America	480+620	-21	250 ms on 250 ms off
Norway	425	-11.5	200 ms on 200 ms off
Poland	425	-17.5	200 ms on 200 ms off
PRC	450	-11.5	700 ms on 700 ms off
Spain	425	-11.5	200 ms on 200 ms off 200 ms on 200 ms off 200 ms on 600 ms off
Sweden	425	-11.5	250 ms on 750 ms off
Switzerland	Continuous	-11.5	200 ms on 200 ms off
Taiwan	480+620	-21	300 ms on 300 ms off
United Kingdom	400	-11.5: Silence: -17.5: Silence	400 ms on 350 ms off 225 ms on 525 ms off

Core parameters for market profiles

The core parameters for the available market profiles are provided in the following tables:

- Australia, Brazil, CALA, Canada, Caribbean, and Denmark parameters on page 249
- France, Germany, Global, Holland, Hong Kong, and Italy parameters on page 251
- Mexico, New Zealand, North America, Norway, Poland, and PRC parameters on page 254
- Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, and United Kingdom parameters on page 257

Table 62   Australia, Brazil, CALA, Canada, Caribbean, and Denmark parameters (Sheet 1 of 3)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile						
		Australia	**Bahrain**	**Brazil**	**CALA**	**Canada**	**Caribbean**	**Denmark**
Access codes	Direct dial digit	9	0	9	0	0	0	0
	Dest code for default route	0	9	0	9	9	9	9
Protocols	Digital trunking protocols	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN	ISDN	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS
	BRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	NI-2	NI-2	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG
	BRI S-loop protocol variant	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	NI-2	NI-2	ETSI-102
	PRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	NI-2 DMS100 DMS250 4ESS MCDN	NI-2 DMS100 DMS250 4ESS MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN
	Global analog trunk versions	GATv1 GATv2	GATv2	GATv1 GATv2	GATv1 GATv2	GATv1 GATv2	GATv1 GATv2	N/A
Telephony feature settings	Conference tone supported	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
	Held line reminder	After 30 seconds	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Delay ring transfer	After 15 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings
	Transfer callback timeout	After 15 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings
	Network callback	30	30	30	30	N/A	30	30
	Host delay (ms)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
	Link time (ms)	N/A	600	300	600	600	600	600
	Target line if busy setting	Busy	Prime	Prime	Prime	Prime	Prime	Prime
	BRI ISDN Answer Mode	Manual	Manual	Manual	Manual	Manual	Manual	Manual
System settings	Companding law	A-law	A-law	A-law	A-law	mu-law	mu-law	A-law
	DTI carrier type	E1	E1	E1	E1	T1	T1	E1
	Number of rings in a cycle	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
	M7000 set supported	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Table 62 Australia, Brazil, CALA, Canada, Caribbean, and Denmark parameters (Sheet 2 of 3)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile						
		Australia	**Bahrain**	**Brazil**	**CALA**	**Canada**	**Caribbean**	**Denmark**
Hunt groups	Mode	Sequential	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast
	Default delay	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles
	Queue timeout (sec)	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
	If busy	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone
Service times	Night	Start 17:00 End 08:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00
	Evening	Start 00:00 End 00:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00
	Lunch	Start 00:00 End 00:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00
Service modes	Ringing service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Ringing service trunk ans	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Restriction service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Restriction global overrides	000 131440	N/A	190	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Restriction filter 01	0(013), 1(13, 1800)	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	N/A
	Restriction filter 05	00, 1(13, 11, 1800)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Restriction filter 06	*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Routing service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Routing service overflow	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Public DN	Public DN lengths	Default(7)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(8), 00(17), 1(3), 16(5), 17(4), 18(4)

Table 62   Australia, Brazil, CALA, Canada, Caribbean, and Denmark parameters (Sheet 3 of 3)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile						
		Australia	**Bahrain**	**Brazil**	**CALA**	**Canada**	**Caribbean**	**Denmark**
Public OLI	Unknown number length	N/A	Variable	Variable	Variable	N/A	N/A	Variable
	Local number length	8	Variable	Variable	Variable	7	7	Variable
	National number length	9	Variable	Variable	Variable	10	10	Variable
Set capabilities	Handsfree	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto
	Pickup group	1	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Allow redirect	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
	Call forward delay	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)
Note: The field for number of rings is hidden in default mode (disabled). When you enter a value for call forward delay, the field for number of rings becomes visible with the given default value.								
Dial tone detection		Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
Set preferences	Language (first is default)	UK English VICAP	English French Spanish Turquish	Portuguese English Spanish	Spanish English French	English French Spanish	English French Spanish	Danish English Norwegian Swedish
ONN blocking	Analog VSC (tone)	1831	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Analog VSC (pulse)	1831	None	None	None	None	None	None
	BRI VSC	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
	BRI per loop	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit
Release reason	Release text	Simple	Simple	Simple	None	None	None	Simple
	Release code	On	On	On	Off	Off	Off	On
DTMF parameters	Tone duration (ms)	80	120	120	120	120	120	120
	Pause time (ms)	3.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
	Interdigit time (ms)	100	80	80	80	80	80	80

Table 63   France, Germany, Global, Holland, Hong Kong, and Italy parameters (Sheet 1 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		France	**Germany**	**Global**	**Holland**	**Hong Kong**	**Ireland**
Access codes	Direct dial digit	9	9	0	0	0	9
	Dest code for default route	0	0	9	9	9	0

Table 63   France, Germany, Global, Holland, Hong Kong, and Italy parameters (Sheet 2 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		France	Germany	Global	Holland	Hong Kong	Ireland
Protocols	Digital trunking protocols	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS
	BRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	HKTA2015	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG
	BRI S-loop protocol variant	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102 + BTNR191
	PRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	HkTA2015 MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN
	Global analog trunk versions	N/A	N/A	GATv1 GATv2	N/A	GATv1 GATv2	GATv1 GATv2
Telephony feature settings	Conference tone supported	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
	Held line reminder	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Immediate
	Delay ring transfer	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings
	Transfer callback timeout	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings
	Network callback	30	30	30	30	N/A	30
	Host delay (ms)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
	Link time (ms)	N/A	N/A	600	600	600	N/A
	Target line if busy setting	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	Prime	Prime	Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime
	BRI ISDN Answer Mode	Manual	Manual	Manual	Manual	Manual	Auto
System settings	Companding law	A-law	A-law	A-law	A-law	mu-law	A-law
	DTI carrier type	E1	E1	E1	E1	T1	E1
	Number of rings in a cycle	2	2	1	1	1	2
	M7000 set supported	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Hunt groups	Mode	Sequential	Sequential	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast	Sequential
	Default delay	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles
	Queue timeout (sec)	60	60	60	60	60	60
	If busy	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone
Service times	Night	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00
	Evening	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00
	Lunch	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00

Table 63   France, Germany, Global, Holland, Hong Kong, and Italy parameters (Sheet 3 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		France	Germany	Global	Holland	Hong Kong	Ireland
Service modes	Ringing service mode	Manual	Manual	Off	Off	Off	Manual
	Ringing service trunk ans	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Restriction service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Restriction global overrides	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Restriction filter 01	N/A	N/A	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	N/A	00***, 170, 172, 173, 1747, 1760, 1761, 1766, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1775, 1778, 1783, 1788, 900	0(0800), 1
	Restriction filter 05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	010, 1, 00
	Restriction filter 06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	*
	Routing service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Routing service overflow	No	No	No	No	No	No
Public DN	Public DN lengths	Default(25)	Default(25)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(7)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(8), 0(11) 00(17), 1(3), 9(3)
Public OLI	Unknown number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
	Local number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
	National number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Set capabilities	Handsfree	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	None
	Pickup group	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Allow redirect	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
	Call forward delay	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)
Note: The field for number of rings is hidden in default mode (disabled). When you enter a value for call forward delay, the field for number of rings becomes visible with the given default value.							
Dial tone detection		Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
Set preferences	Language (first is default)	EuroFrench English	German English	English French Spanish Turkish	Dutch English EuroFrench	English French Spanish	UK English/ VICAP

Table 63 France, Germany, Global, Holland, Hong Kong, and Italy parameters (Sheet 4 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		France	Germany	Global	Holland	Hong Kong	Ireland
ONN blocking	Analog VSC (tone)	None	None	None	None	None	141
	Analog VSC (pulse)	None	None	None	None	None	141
	BRI VSC	None	None	None	None	None	141
	BRI per loop	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SrvcCode
Release reason	Release text	Simple	Detailed	Simple	Simple	None	Detailed
	Release code	On	Off	On	On	Off	Off
DTMF parameters	Tone duration (ms)	120	120	120	120	120	120
	Pause time (ms)	3.5	3.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.5
	Interdigit time (ms)	100	100	80	80	80	100

Table 64 Mexico, New Zealand, North America, Norway, Poland, and PRC parameters (Sheet 1 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		Italy	Mexico	New Zealand	North America	Norway	Poland
Access codes	Direct dial digit	9	0	0	0	9	0
	Dest code for default route	0	9	0	9	0	9
Protocols	Digital trunking protocols	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS
	BRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-102 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	NI-2	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG
	BRI S-loop protocol variant	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102 + BTNR191	NI-2	ETSI-102	ETSI-102
	PRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-102 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	NI-2 DMS100 DMS250 4ESS MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN
	Global analog trunk versions	N/A	GATv1 GATv2	N/A	GATv1 GATv2	N/A	GATv1 GATv2

Table 64   Mexico, New Zealand, North America, Norway, Poland, and PRC parameters (Sheet 2 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		Italy	Mexico	New Zealand	North America	Norway	Poland
Telephony feature settings	Conference tone supported	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
	Held line reminder	Off	Off	Immediate	Off	Off	After 30 seconds
	Delay ring transfer	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 15 rings
	Transfer callback timeout	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 15 rings
	Network callback	30	30	30	N/A	30	30
	Host delay (ms)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
	Link time (ms)	N/A	600	N/A	600	N/A	N/A
	Target line if busy setting	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	Busy
	BRI ISDN Answer Mode	Manual	Manual	Auto	Manual	Auto	Manual
System settings	Companding law	A-law	A-law	A-law	mu-law	A-law	A-law
	DTI carrier type	E1	E1	E1	T1	E1	E1
	Number of rings in a cycle	2	1	2	1	2	2
	M7000 set supported	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Hunt groups	Mode	Sequential	Broadcast	Sequential	Broadcast	Sequential	Sequential
	Default delay	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles
	Queue timeout (sec)	60	60	60	60	60	60
	If busy	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone
Service times	Night	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 08:00
	Evening	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 00:00 End 00:00
	Lunch	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 00:00 End 00:00

Table 64 Mexico, New Zealand, North America, Norway, Poland, and PRC parameters (Sheet 3 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		Italy	Mexico	New Zealand	North America	Norway	Poland
Service modes	Ringing service mode	Manual	Off	Manual	Off	Manual	Off
	Ringing service trunk ans	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Restriction service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Restriction global overrides	N/A	N/A	999 112	N/A	N/A	112 990
	Restriction filter 01	N/A	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	0(0800), 1	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	N/A	N/A
	Restriction filter 05	N/A	N/A	010, 1, 00	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Restriction filter 06	N/A	N/A	*	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Routing service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Routing service overflow	No	No	No	No	No	No
Public DN	Public DN lengths	Default(25)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(8), 0(11) 00(17), 1(3), 9(3)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(25)	Default(7)
Public OLI	Unknown number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	N/A	Variable	Variable
	Local number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	7	Variable	Variable
	National number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	10	Variable	Variable
Set capabilities	Handsfree	Auto	Auto	None	Auto	Auto	Auto
	Pickup group	None	None	None	None	None	0
	Allow redirect	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
	Call forward delay	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)
Note: The field for number of rings is hidden in default mode (disabled). When you enter a value for call forward delay, the field for number of rings becomes visible with the given default value.							
Dial tone detection		Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
Set preferences	Language (first is default)	Italian English	English French Spanish Turkish	UKEnglish VICAP	English French Spanish	Norwegian English Swedish Danish	Polish EuroFrench English Czech

Table 64 Mexico, New Zealand, North America, Norway, Poland, and PRC parameters (Sheet 4 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		Italy	Mexico	New Zealand	North America	Norway	Poland
ONN blocking	Analog VSC (tone)	None	None	141	None	None	1831
	Analog VSC (pulse)	None	None	141	None	None	1831
	BRI VSC	None	None	141	None	None	None
	BRI per loop	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SrvcCode	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit
Release reason	Release text	Simple	Simple	Detailed	None	Simple	Simple
	Release code	On	On	Off	Off	On	On
DTMF parameters	Tone duration (ms)	120	120	120	120	120	110
	Pause time (ms)	3.5	1.5	3.5	1.5	3.5	1.5
	Interdigit time (ms)	100	80	100	80	100	80

Table 65 Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, and United Kingdom parameters (Sheet 1 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		PRC	Spain	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	United Kingdom
Access codes	Direct dial digit	0	9	0	9	0	0
	Dest code for default route	9	0	0	0	9	0
Protocols	Digital trunking protocols	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS	ISDN DASS2 DPNSS
	BRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG	ITU-T	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG
	BRI S-loop protocol variant	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102	ETSI-102 + BTNR191
	PRI trunk protocol variants	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN	ITU-T MCDN	ETSI-403 ETSI-QSIG MCDN
	Global analog trunk versions	GATv1 GATv2	N/A	N/A	N/A	GATv1 GATv2	GATv1 GATv2

Table 65 Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, and United Kingdom parameters (Sheet 2 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		PRC	Spain	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	United Kingdom
Telephony feature settings	Conference tone supported	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
	Held line reminder	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Immediate
	Delay ring transfer	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings
	Transfer callback timeout	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings	After 4 rings
	Network callback	30	30	30	30	N/A	30
	Host delay (ms)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
	Link time (ms)	600	N/A	600	N/A	600	N/A
	Target line if busy setting	Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime	Prime	PBX > Busy DID > Prime
System settings	BRI ISDN Answer Mode	Manual	Auto	Manual	Auto	Manual	Auto
	Companding law	A-law	A-law	A-law	A-law	mu-law	A-law
	DTI carrier type	E1	E1	E1	E1	T1	E1
	Number of rings in a cycle	1	2	1	2	1	2
	M7000 set supported	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hunt groups	Mode	Broadcast	Sequential	Broadcast	Sequential	Broadcast	Sequential
	Default delay	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles	4 ring cycles
	Queue timeout	60 sec	60 sec	60 sec	60 sec	60 sec	60 sec
	If busy	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone	Busy tone
Service times	Night	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00	Start 23:00 End 07:00
	Evening	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00	Start 17:00 End 23:00
	Lunch	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00	Start 12:00 End 13:00

Table 65 Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, and United Kingdom parameters (Sheet 3 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		PRC	Spain	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	United Kingdom
Service modes	Ringing service mode	Off	Manual	Off	Manual	Off	Manual
	Ringing service trunk ans	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Restriction service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Restriction global overrides	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	999 112
	Restriction filter 01	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	N/A	N/A	N/A	0, 1(1800, 1877, 1888), 911(911), 9411, 976, 1976, 1***976, 1900, 1***900, 5551212	0(0800), 1
	Restriction filter 05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	010, 1, 00
	Restriction filter 06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	*
	Routing service mode	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
	Routing service overflow	No	No	No	No	No	No
Public DN	Public DN lengths	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(25)	Default(11), 00(17), 01(10), 02(10), 020(9), 0200(10), 02000(7), 020000(10), 0201(10), 02010(9), 07(10), 071(11), 0718(10), 072(11), 077(11), 09(11), 1(3)	Default(25)	Default(7), 0(11), 00(12), 01(17), 011(18), 1(11), 411(3), 911(3)	Default(8), 0(11) 00(17), 1(3), 9(3)
Public OLI	Unknown number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
	Local number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
	National number length	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable	Variable
Set capabilities	Handsfree	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	Auto	None
	Pickup group	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Allow redirect	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
	Call forward delay	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)	Disabled (4)

Note: The field for number of rings is hidden in default mode (disabled). When you enter a value for call forward delay, the field for number of rings becomes visible with the given default value.

Table 65   Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, and United Kingdom parameters (Sheet 4 of 4)

Functionality	Attribute	Market profile					
		PRC	Spain	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	United Kingdom
Dial tone detection		Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled	Enabled
Set preferences	Language (first is default)	English French Spanish Turkish	EuroSpanish English Portuguese	Swedish English Norwegian Danish	German English EuroFrench Italian	English French Spanish	UKEnglish VICAP
ONN blocking	Analog VSC (tone)	None	None	None	None	None	141
	Analog VSC (pulse)	None	None	None	None	None	141
	BRI VSC	None	None	None	None	None	141
	BRI per loop	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SuprsBit	SrvcCode
Release reason	Release text	Simple	Simple	Simple	Simple	Simple	Detailed
	Release code	On	On	On	On	On	Off
DTMF parameters	Tone duration (ms)	120	120	120	120	120	120
	Pause time (ms)	1.5	3.5	1.5	3.5	1.5	3.5
	Interdigit time (ms)	80	100	80	100	80	100

Analog Trunk parameters

Table 66 contains information for the onboard GATI interface, the G4x16/G8x16 MBM (NT5B42AAABE5/NT5B42AAACE5), the new GATM4/8 MBM (NT5B44BAABE5/ NT5B44AAABE5), and the legacy GATM4/8 MBM (NT5B44BAAA/NT5B44AAAA) in a BCM50R2 system. Differences between the interfaces are noted in this table. The 4x16 (NT5B42AAAA) and CTM4/8 MBM's are not covered in this table.

Global analog trunks are not supported in the following market profiles: Denmark, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Norway, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland.

The analog trunk parameters are provided in the following tables:

- Localization, PSTN standards, and pulse dialing parameters on page 260
- Transmission parameters on page 261
- Call supervision parameters on page 262
- On-hook caller ID, disconnect supervision, and message waiting parameters on page 263

Table 66   Localization, PSTN standards, and pulse dialing parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	Localized	Differences between GATI, G4x16/G8x16, New GATM4/8, and Legacy GATM4/8	Pulse Dialing (ms)		
			Break time	Make time	Interdigit time
Australia	Yes	None	66	34	860

Table 66 Localization, PSTN standards, and pulse dialing parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	Localized	Differences between GATI, G4x16/G8x16, New GATM4/8, and Legacy GATM4/8	Pulse Dialing (ms)		
			Break time	Make time	Interdigit time
Bahrain	Yes	Legacy GATM4/8 NOT supported (will not function)	25	17	700
Brazil	Yes	DTMF CLID NOT supported on GATI or Legacy GATM4/8	66	34	800
CALA	No (North American based A-law)	None	60	40	700
Canada	Yes	None	60	40	700
Caribbean	Yes	None	60	40	700
Global	No (North American based A-Law)	None	60	40	700
Hong Kong	Yes	Line Reversal NOT supported on Legacy GATM4/8	66	33	600
Ireland	Yes	Legacy GATM4/8 NOT supported (will not function)	66	34	1000
Mexico	Yes	None	60	40	700
New Zealand	No (UK-based telephony with Australian tones)	None	66	34	740
North America	Yes	None	60	40	700
Poland	Yes	None	66	33	700
PRC	Yes	DTMF CLID NOT supported on GATI or Legacy GATM4/8	34	66	700
Taiwan	Yes	None	66	33	800
United Kingdom	Yes	None	66	34	740

Table 67 Transmission parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	Transmission				
	PCM coding scheme	AC impedance	Loop length adjustment capability	Tx CO gain (short, medium, long)	Rx CO gain (short, medium, long)
Australia	A-law	220 Ω + (820 Ω || 120 nF)	No	(N/A, 0, N/A)	(N/A, 6 dB, N/A)
Bahrain	A-law	900 Ω + 2.16 uF	Yes	(0, 3 dB, 3 dB)	(3, 3 dB, 6 dB)
Brazil	A-law	600 Ω/900 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)
CALA	A-law	600 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)
Canada	mu-law	600 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)
Caribbean	mu-law	600 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)

Table 67 Transmission parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Market profile | Transmission | | | | |
	PCM coding scheme	AC impedance	Loop length adjustment capability	Tx CO gain (short, medium, long)	Rx CO gain (short, medium, long)
Global	A-law	600 Ω	Yes	(0, 3 dB, 3 dB)	(3 dB, 3 dB, 6 dB)
Hong Kong	mu-law	600 Ω	No	(N/A, 0, N/A)	(N/A, 6 dB, N/A)
Ireland	A-law	270 Ω + (750 Ω|150 nF)	Yes	(0, 3 dB, 3 dB)	(3 dB, 3 dB, 6 dB)
Mexico	A-law	600 Ω	Yes	(0, 3 dB, 3 dB)	(3 dB, 3 dB, 6 dB)
New Zealand	A-law	320 Ω+ (1050 Ω || 230 nF)	No	(N/A, 3 dB, N/A)	(N/A, 3 dB, N/A)
North America	mu-law	600 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)
Poland	A-law	600 Ω	No	(N/A, 3 dB, N/A)	(N/A, 3 dB, N/A)
PRC	A-law	600 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)
Taiwan	u-law	600 Ω	Yes	(-3 dB, 0, 0)	(0, 0, 3 dB)
United Kingdom	A-law	320 Ω+ (1050 Ω || 230 nF)	No	(N/A, 3 dB, N/A)	(N/A, 3 dB, N/A)

Table 68 Call supervision parameters

| Market profile | Call supervision | | | | |
	Link/flash time (ms)	OSI time (ms)	Force on-hook time (ms)	Wetting time (ms)	Ring confirmation count (ms)
Australia	100	100	1600	0	150
Bahrain	600	100	1600	N/A	256
Brazil	300	100	2000	N/A	256
CALA	600	100	1500	N/A	256
Canada	600	100	1600	N/A	256
Caribbean	600	100	1600	N/A	256
Global	600	100	1500	N/A	256
Hong Kong	500	100	1000	N/A	256
Ireland	150	100	2000	N/A	200
Mexico	600	100	1600	N/A	256
New Zealand	90	100	1600	15	200
North America	600	100	1600	N/A	256
Poland	500	500	1800	N/A	256
PRC	600	100	1600	N/A	256
Taiwan	600	100	1600	0	256
United Kingdom	90	100	1600	15	200

Table 69 On-hook caller ID, disconnect supervision, and message waiting parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	On-hook caller ID		Disconnect supervision			Message waiting		
	FSK	DTMF (Start Digit, Stop Digit)	OSI	Busy tone	Line reversal	FSK	Voltage reversal	Stutter dial tone
Australia	Bellcore	Not supported	No	No	ROI and ROA	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Bahrain	ETSI	Not supported	No	Supported (425 ±10% Hz, 380 ±10% on/ 380 ±10%off)	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Brazil	Not supported	Supported (A,C). NOTE: Not Supported on GATI or Legacy GATM4/8	No	Supported (425 ± 25 Hz, 250 ms On / 250 ms Off ± 10%)	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
CALA	Bellcore	Not supported	Yes	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Canada	Bellcore	Not supported	Yes	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Caribbean	Bellcore	Not supported	Yes	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Global	Bellcore	Not supported	Yes	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Hong Kong	Bellcore	Not supported	No	Supported (480 ± 10 Hz and 620 ± 10 Hz, 500 ± 100 ms On / 500 ± 80 ms Off)	Yes (NOT supported on Legacy GATM4/8)	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Ireland	ETSI	Not supported	No	Supported (425 Hz ± 25%, 450 ms On/ 450 ms Off ± 23%)	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Mexico	ETSI	Not supported	No	Supported (425 Hz, 250 ms On/ 250 ms Off)	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
New Zealand	ETSI	Not supported	Yes (500 ms UK Guarded Clear)	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
North America	Bellcore	Not supported	Yes	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Poland	ETSI	Not supported	No	Supported in unsupervised mode (425 Hz, 500 ms On/ 500 ms Off)	Supported in supervised mode	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
PRC	Bellcore	Supported (A/C) NOTE: Not Supported on GATI or Legacy GATM4/8	No	Supported (450 ± 25 Hz, 350 ms On/350 ms Off ± 10%)	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported

Table 69 On-hook caller ID, disconnect supervision, and message waiting parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	On-hook caller ID		Disconnect supervision			Message waiting		
	FSK	DTMF (Start Digit, Stop Digit)	OSI	Busy tone	Line reversal	FSK	Voltage reversal	Stutter dial tone
Taiwan	ETSI	Supported (D, C)	No	Supported (480 + 620 Hz, 500 ms On/ 500 ms Off)	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
United Kingdom	ETSI	Not supported	Yes (500 ms UK Guarded Clear)	No	No	Supported	Not supported	Not supported

GASM8 parameters

This section contains information for the GASM8 MBM.

Global analog stations are not supported in the following market profiles: Brazil, CALA, Denmark, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Norway, PRC, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and Taiwan.

The GASM8 parameters are provided in the following tables:

Table 70 Localization, DIP switch settings, specifications, and transmission parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

Market profile	Localized	DIP switch setting	Transmission		
			Terminal Input impedance	Nominal Network Input Impedance	PCM coding scheme
Australia	Yes	Australia	$220\,\Omega +$ $(820\,\Omega ||$ $120\,$ nF)	$220\,\Omega +$ $(820\,\Omega ||$ $120\,$ nF)	A-law
Bahrain	No (North American Based A-Law)	North America	$600\,\Omega$	$600\,\Omega$	A-law
Canada	Yes	North America	$600\,\Omega$	$600\,\Omega$	mu-law
Caribbean	Yes	North America	$600\,\Omega$	$600\,\Omega$	mu-law
Global	No (North American based A-law)	North America	$600\,\Omega$	$600\,\Omega$	A-law
Hong Kong	No (North American based mu-law)	North America	$600\,\Omega$	$600\,\Omega$	mu-law
Ireland	No (UK-Based)	UK	$370\,\Omega + (620$ $\Omega || 310$ nF)	$300\,\Omega +$ $(1000\,\Omega ||$ 220 nF)	A-Law

Table 70 Localization, DIP switch settings, specifications, and transmission parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

Market profile	Localized	DIP switch setting	Transmission		
			Terminal Input impedance	Nominal Network Input Impedance	PCM coding scheme
Mexico	No (North American based A-law)	North America	600 Ω	600 Ω	A-law
New Zealand	No (UK-based telephony with Australian tones)	UK	370 Ω+ (620 Ω|| 310 nF)	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω|| 220 nF)	A-law
North America	Yes	North America	600 Ω	600 Ω	mu-law
Poland	Yes	Poland	600 Ω	600 Ω	A-law
United Kingdom	Yes	UK	370 Ω+ (620 Ω|| 310 nF)	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω|| 220 nF)	A-law

Table 71 Loop interface and call supervision parameters

Market profile	Loop interface				Call supervision			
	Ringing frequency (Hz)	Ringing amplitude (Vrms)	Loop Current Detect Threshold (mA)	Loop current limit (mA)	Min. seize duration (ms)	Min answer duration (ms)	Min/max recall duration (ms)	Min clear duration (ms)
Australia	25	65	18	32	200	50	30/150	1500
Bahrain	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
Canada	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
Caribbean	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
Global	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
Hong Kong	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
Ireland	25	65	18	32	200	50	15/150	1500
Mexico	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
New Zealand	25	65	18	32	200	50	15/150	1500
North America	20	65	18	32	150	25	250/1100	1400
Poland	25	65	18	32	180	80	75/520	680
United Kingdom	25	65	18	32	200	50	15/150	1500

Table 72 Dial pulse and DTMF parameters

Market profile	Dial pulse				DTMF	
	Dial pulse coding scheme	Min/max break duration (ms)	Min/max make duration (ms)	Min interdigit pause duration (ms)	DTMF coding scheme (digits)	Min DTMF detect level (dB)
Australia	N	40/90	20/60	300	16	-36
Bahrain	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
Canada	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
Caribbean	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
Global	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
Hong Kong	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
Ireland	N	15/200	15/200	200	16	-36
Mexico	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
New Zealand	N	15/200	15/200	200	16	-36
North America	N	25/120	10/90	250	12	-36
Poland	N	44/88	25/48	400	12	-36
United Kingdom	N	15/200	15/200	200	16	-36

GASI parameters

This section contains information for the onboard GASI interface.

GASI interfaces are not supported in the following market profiles: Australia, Bahrain, Brazil, CALA, Denmark, France, Germany, Holland, Ireland, Italy, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, PRC, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, UK.

Note that the GASI currently has not been localized for markets except North America. The GASI will function in some profiles outside of North America; however, the interface will respond with North American characteristics.

The GASI parameters are provided in the following tables:

Table 73 GASI parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

Aspect	Parameter	Market Profile				
		Canada	Caribbean	Global	Hong Kong	North America
Market Support	Localized?	Yes	Yes	No (North American Based A-Law)	No (North American Based A-Law)	Yes
Transmission	Terminal Input Impedance	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω
	Nominal Network Input Impedance	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω	600 Ω
	PCM Coding Scheme	mu-Law	mu-Law	A-Law	mu-Law	mu-Law

Table 73   GASI parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

Aspect	Parameter	Market Profile				
		Canada	**Caribbean**	**Global**	**Hong Kong**	**North America**
Loop Interface	Ringing Frequency (Hz)	20	20	20	20	20
	Ringing Amplitude (Vrms)	63	63	63	63	63
	Loop Current Detect Threshold (mA)	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.16	10.16
	Loop Current Limit (mA)	26	26	26	26	26
Call Supervision	Minimum Seize Duration (ms)	200	200	200	200	200
	Minimum Answer Duration (ms)	10	10	10	10	10
	Minimum/Maximum Recall Duration (ms)	250/1100	250/1100	250/1100	250/1100	250/1100
	Minimum Clear Duration (ms)	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
	Disconnect Supervision OSI Time (ms)	800	800	800	800	800
Dial Pulse	Dial Pulse Coding Scheme	N	N	N	N	N
	Minimum/Maximum Break Duration (ms)	25/120	25/120	25/120	25/120	25/120
	Minimum/Maximum Make Duration (ms)	10/90	10/90	10/90	10/90	10/90
	Minimum Interdigit Pause Duration (ms)	250	250	250	250	250
DTMF	DTMF Coding Scheme (digits)	16	16	16	16	16
	Min DTMF Detect Level (A) (dBm)	-27	-27	-27	-27	-27
MWI	HIgh Voltage (HV)	Supported - 95V	Supported - 95V	Supported - 95V	Supported - 95V	Supported - 95V
	Line Reversal (LR)	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported
	Tone	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	Class MWI	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported
On-hook Caller ID	FSK Support	Yes - Bellcore	Yes - Bellcore	Yes - Bellcore	Yes - Bellcore	Yes - Bellcore
DIsconnect Supervision	OSI	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported	Supported
	Busy Tone	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported
	Line Reversal	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported

ATA2 parameters

This section contains information for the ATA2 device. The ATA2 is either DR6 or DR7 mode. The mode is determined by the region in which you are located, and is not a modifiable user preference. Refer to the following tables for a list of parameters in each mode.

ATA2 DR6

Table 74 ATA2 DR6 Market Support, Transmission, Loop Interface, Call Supervision, and Dial Pulse parameters (Sheet 1 of 2)

	Market Support	Transmission	Loop Interface	Call Supervision Duration (ms)		Dial Pulse	Dial Pulse Duration (ms)	
Market profile	**Localized?**	**Terminal Input Impedance**	**Ringing Frequency (Hz)**	**Min/ Max Recall**	**Min Clear**	**Dial Pulse Coding Scheme**	**Min/ Max Break**	**Min/ Max Make**
Australia	Yes	220 Ω+ (820 Ω‖ 120 nF)	25	10/150	310	N	20/125	10/230
Bahrain	No (North American Based A-Law)	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
Canada	Yes	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
Caribbean	Yes	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
Global	No (North American Based A-Law)	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
Hong Kong	No (North American Based mu-Law)	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
Ireland	No (UK based)	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω‖ 220 nF)	25	10/150	310	N	20/125	10/230
Mexico	No (North American Based A-Law)	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
New Zealand	No (UK Based)	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω‖ 220 nF)	25	10/150	310	N	20/125	10/230
North America	Yes	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
PRC	No (North American Based A-Law)	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130

Table 74 ATA2 DR6 Market Support, Transmission, Loop Interface, Call Supervision, and
Dial Pulse parameters (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Market profile | Market Support | Transmission | Loop Interface | Call Supervision Duration (ms) | | Dial Pulse | Dial Pulse Duration (ms) | |
	Localized?	Terminal Input Impedance	Ringing Frequency (Hz)	Min/ Max Recall	Min Clear	Dial Pulse Coding Scheme	Min/ Max Break	Min/ Max Make
Taiwan	No (North American Based mu-Law)	600 Ω	20	290/1010	1500	N	20/130	15/130
United Kingdom	Yes	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω|| 220 nF)	25	10/150	310	N	20/125	10/230

ATA2 DR7

Table 75   ATA2 DR7 Market Support, Transmission and Loop Interface parameters

Market profile	Market Support	Transmission		Loop Interface			
	Localized?	Terminal Input Impedance	PCM Coding Scheme	Ringing Frequency (Hz)	Ringing Amplitude (Vrms)	Loop Current Detect Threshold (mA)	Loop Current Limit (mA)
Brazil	Yes	900 Ω	A-Law	25	75	18	85
CALA	Yes	900 W	A-Law	25	75	18	85
Denmark	Yes	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω || 220 nF)	A-Law	25	75	12	85
France	Yes	210 Ω+ (1020 Ω || 140 nF)	A-Law	25	75	6	65
Germany	Yes	220 Ω+ (820 Ω || 110 nF)	A-Law	25	75	6	55
Holland	Yes	300 Ω+ (1000 Ω || 220 nF)	A-Law	25	75	12	55
Italy	Yes	180Ω+ (620 Ω || 62 nF)	A-Law	25	75	6	23
Norway	Yes	120 Ω+ (840 Ω || 110 nF)	A-Law	25	75	12	85
Poland	Yes	220 Ω+ (820 Ω || 120 nF)	A-Law	50	80	18	40
Spain	Yes	220 Ω+ (820 Ω || 120 nF)	A-Law	25	75	6	55
Sweden	Yes	200 Ω+ (1000 Ω || 200 nF)	A-Law	25	75	12	30
Switzerland	Yes	220 Ω+ (820 Ω || 120 nF)	A-Law	25	75	6	55

Table 76 ATA2 DR7 Call Supervision, Dial Pulse, and DTMF parameters

Market profile	Call Supervision Duration (ms) Min Seize	Min Answer	Min/Max Recall	Min Clear	Dial Pulse Coding Scheme	Dial Pulse Duration (ms) Min/Max Break	Min/Max Make	Min Interdigit Pause	DTMF Coding Scheme (digits)	DTMF Min DTMF Detect Level (A) (dBm0)
Brazil	200	50	250/1100	750	N	40/90	15/55	250	16	-25
CALA	200	50	250/1100	750	N	40/90	15/55	250	16	-25
Denmark	200	50	80/140	750	N	15/200	15/200	200	16	-25
France	140	50	220/320	225	N	60/75	25/40	800	16	-25
Germany	150	50	80/120	225	N	50/70	30/50	650	16	-25
Holland	200	50	90/130	750	N	30/70	25/80	400	16	-25
Italy	150	50	80/140	225	N	50/70	30/50	700	16	-25
Norway	200	50	80/150	750	N	30/70	25/80	400	16	-40
Poland	200	50	25/150	750	N	40/90	20/60	300	16	-25
Spain	150	50	80/140	225	N	60/75	25/40	450	16	-25
Sweden	200	50	30/150	125	N+1	30/70	25/80	450	16	-28
Switzerland	150	50	80/140	225	N	50/70	30/50	350	16	-25

ISDN line services

The table ISDN line services on page 271 shows the ISDN private network services that are supported by BCM50. The table ISDN services by Protocol on page 272 shows the network-based ISDN supplementary services and the features available for each.

Table 77 ISDN line services

MCDN over PRI (SL-1)	DPNSS	DASS2	ETSI QSIG
• Basic Call • DDI • Name display • Number display • Centralized voice mail • Camp-on • ISDN Call Connection Limit • Network Call Transfer • Break-in • Trunk Route Optimization (TRO) • Trunk Anti-Tromboning	• Basic Call • DDI • Diversion • Redirection • Centralized voice mail • Call Offer • Loop avoidance • Executive Intrusion • Three Party • Route Optimization	• Basic Call • DDI • Originating line identity (OLI) • Terminating Line Identity (TLI) • Call Charge Indication (CCI) • Call Charge Rate Indication (CCRD)	• Basic Call • DDI • Name display • Number display

Table 78 ISDN services by Protocol

Protocol	Market profile		Available ISDN services	
• NI	• Caribbean	• North America	• Basic Call • DID • Name display	• Number display • ONN blocking
• ETSI Euro	• Australia • CALA • Denmark • Germany • Global • Holland • Hong Kong	• Italy • Norway • PRC • Spain • Sweden • Switzerland • United Kingdom	• Basic Call • DDI • sub addressing (on S-loop) • ETSI Call Diversion (partial rerouting)	• AOC-E (specific changes for Holland and Italy) • MCID • CLIP • COLP • CLIR

Analog and digital trunk types

The table Analog and digital trunk types and descriptions on page 272 describes the types of analog and digital trunks.

Some of these trunk types are available only when you select specific market profiles.

Table 79 Analog and digital trunk types and descriptions (Sheet 1 of 2)

Trunk types	Description
Digital trunk types	
T1/E1	Digital line that carries data on 24 channels at 1.544 Mbps (North American); 30 channels at 2048 Mbps (Europe) Loop, E&M, DID and ground start lines are also versions of T1 lines. You can program autoanswer T1 loop start, T1 E&M trunks, T1 DID, T1 ground start trunks, PRI and IP trunks to map to target lines to provide for attendant bypass (calling directly to a department or individual) and line concentration (one trunk can map onto several target lines).
DID	This is a type of T1 trunk line used by an outside caller to dial directly into a line on the BCM50.
Loop	This is a type of T1 line. Use this type of line on systems where the service provider supports disconnect supervision for the digital loop start trunks. These trunks provide remote access to the Business Communications Manager from the public network. This trunk must have disconnect supervision so you can set the trunk to autoanswer, which provides the remote access portal.
Ground	T1-groundstart trunk These lines offer the same features as loop start trunks, but use these lines when the local service provider does not support disconnect supervision for digital loop start trunks. Ground start trunks work with T1 only. By configuring lines as ground start, the system recognizes when a call is released at the far end.
E&M	T1 and E&M. Use this type of trunk line to create simple network connections to other phone systems. This trunk always operates in a disconnected supervised mode.
PRI	ISDN interface with 23 B channels and 1 D channel at 1.544 Mbps (in Europe: 30 B-channels and 1 D-channels at 2.048 Mbps). These lines give you incoming and outgoing access to an ISDN network and are autoanswer trunks.

Table 79   Analog and digital trunk types and descriptions (Sheet 2 of 2)

Trunk types	Description
Digital trunk types	
BRI	ISDN loop that provides both T and S reference point loops.
	These loops can support both network (T and S loops) and terminal equipment (S loop) connections.
	This type of line provides incoming and outgoing access to an ISDN network. ETSI ISDN BRI is the European Telecommunications Standards Institute specification for BRI ISDN service. BRI provides two bearer B-channels operating at 64 kbits/s and a data D-channel that operates at 16 kbits/s. Use the D-channel to carry call information. Like loop start trunks, you can configure BRI lines as manual answer or autoanswer.
DASS2	(British) Trunk provides multiline IDA interconnection to the British Telecom network.
DPNSS	You can use a digital private network signaling system to tie together phone systems from various manufacturers over E1 lines, offering significant enhancements to BCM50 networking capabilities.
	DPNSS makes it easy to support centralized network functionality within private networks for operators and attendants dealing with large numbers of calls. The routing capabilities provide more larger-network capabilities without the expense of installing a new system, reconfiguring all the nodes or incurring extensive downtime. Most functionality over DPNSS lines is transparent after you program the DPNSS into the system.
	DPNSS uses a local node, acting as a terminating node, to communicate with other PBXs over the network using E1 lines. For example, you can link corporate offices separated geographically over DPNSS lines to other BCM50 systems, bypassing the restrictions of the PSTNs to which they are connected. BCM50 systems can function like a private network using DPNSS.
R2MFC	Provides MFC-R2 (Multi-Frequency Compelled R2) signaling over an E1 trunk.
Analog trunk types:	
Loop start	Standard PSTN telephone line.
ADID	An analog trunk that allows an outside caller to dial directly into a line on the BCM system. This type of trunk provides one way (incoming only) call service.

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